

CBSE Sample papers-04 (unsolved) SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT -I MATHEMATICS Class - IX

Time allowed: 3 hours Maximum Marks: 90

General Instructions:

- a) All questions are compulsory.
- b) The question paper comprises of 31 questions divided into four sections A, B, C and D. You are to attempt all the four sections.
- c) Questions 1 to 4 in section A are one mark questions. These are MCQs. Choose the correct option.
- d) Questions 5 to 10 in section B are two marks questions.
- e) Questions 11 to 20 in section C are three marks questions.
- f) Questions 21 to 31 in section D are four marks questions.
- g) There is no overall choice in the question paper. Use of calculators is not permitted.

Section A

Q1. The value of 2.45 + 0.36 is

- a) 27 100
- 10 4
- b) 11
- 26
- 45 67
- d) 110

Q2. If p(x) = x + 3, then p(x) + p(-x) is equal to

- a) 2 2
- b) 4 2
- c) 1
- d) 0

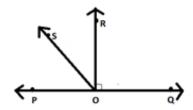
Q3. The number of propositions deduced by Euclid are

- a) Infinite
- b) 876
- c) 43
- d) 465



- Q4. The point where the two coordinate axes meet is called
 - a) Quadrant
 - b) Abscissa
 - c) Origin
 - d) Ordinate
- Q5. Identify $\sqrt{1.44}$ as rational or irrational numbers. Give its decimal representation also.
- Q6. Find the zero of the polynomials p(x) = 3x 2 and p(x) = 2x + 5.
- Q7. In an isosceles triangle, prove that the altitude from the vertex bisects the base.
- Q8. How many quadrants are of a coordinate plane? Write the quadrants in which
 - a) x>0
- b) y > 0
- c) *x* and *y* both are less than zero.
- Q9. In the given figure, $\Box POR$ and $\Box QOR$ form a linear pair. If $a-b=80^\circ$,find the values of a and b.

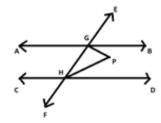
- Q10. Is the following statement true? Justify your answer.
 - "A line contains exactly two points."
- Q11. Prove that $\sqrt{7}$ + 3 is not a rational number.
- Q12. Visualize the representation of 2.3 on the number line upto $4\,$ decimal places.
- Q13. Find the value of a if the polynomial $2x^3 + ax^2 + 11x + a + 3$ is exactly divisible by 2x 1.
- Q14. Use the factor theorem to determine whether g(x) is a factor of p(x) if $p(x) = x^3 + 3x^2 + 3x + 1$ and g(x) = x + 2.
- Q15. Is the statement true? Justify your answer.
 - "Two parallel lines cannot have a common end point."
- Q16. In the given figure, POQ is a line. Ray OR is perpendicular to line PQ. OS is another ray lying between rays OP and OR. Prove that $\Box ROS = \frac{1}{2}(\Box QOS \Box POS)$





- Q17. If a transversal intersects two parallel lines, then each pair of interior angles on the same side of the transversal is supplementary.
- Q18. Prove that the sum of three sides of a triangle is greater than the sum of the three medians of the triangle.
- Q19. If A(3,0), B(0,4) and C(0,0) are the vertices of a triangle, find out the length of AC (without plotting).
- Q20. Sides of a triangle are in the ratio 12:17:25 and its perimeter is 540 cm. Find its area.
- Q21. If $a = \begin{cases} 3-2 & 3+2 \\ 3+2 & \text{and } b = \\ 3-2 \end{cases}$, find the value of $a^2 + b^2 5ab$.
- Q23. If a + 2b is a factor of $a^{-5} + 4b \overset{2}{a}^{-3} + 2a + 2b + 3$, find the value of b.
- O24. Factorise: $3x^{3} 4x^{2} 7x + 2$
- 025. If a + b + c = 6, find the value of $(2-a)^3 + (2-b)^3 + (2-c)^3 3(2-a)(2-b)(2-c)$
- Q26. Which of the number 1, -1, 3 and -3 are zeroes of the polynomial $2x + 9x^3 + 11x^2 + 4x 6$.
- Q27. If the sides of a triangle are produced in order, prove that the sum of the exterior angles so formed is equal to four right angles.
- Q28. If one angle of a triangle is equal to the sum of the other two angles, show that the triangle is a right angled triangle.
- Q29. In the following figure, OP bisects $\Box AOC$, OQ bisects $\Box COB$ and $OP \perp OQ$. Show that A.O.B are collinear.

Q30. In the given figure, AB and CD are parallel lines. The bisectors of interior angles on the same side of the transversal EF intersect at P. Show that $\Box GPH = 90^{\circ}$.



Q31. Find the area of a triangle having perimeter 30cm, one side 12cm and difference of other two sides as 2cm.