Max. Time :  $3\frac{1}{2}$  hrs.

### GENERAL KNOWLEDGE

- Euthanasia (mercy killing) was first legalized in :
  - (1) Switzerland

(2) Netherland

(3) France (4) Italy

2. Positron emission tomography (PET) is one of the best methods for functional imaging because :

- Isotopes of basic body elements are used for imaging
- (2) Isotopes with long half-lives are used
- (3) Isotopes with short half-lives are used
- (4) Positrons are directly involved used in imaging

 Magnetic Resonance (MR) images are derived from the proton-bearing species present principally from water and :

- Long alkane chain protons of the fatty acid moieties
- (2) Short alkane chain protons of the fatty acid moieties
- (3) Long alkene chain protons of the fatty acid moieties
- (4) Short alkene chain protons of the fatty acid moieties
- 4. The following separation technique depends on the molecular size of the protein :
  - Chromatography on a carboxymethyl (CM) cellulose column
  - (2) Iso-electric focusing
  - (3) Gel filtration chromatography
  - (4) Chromatography on a diethylaminoethyl (DEAE) cellulose column
- 5. The approximate number of genes contained in the genome of Kalpana Chawla was :

- (1) 40,000 (2) 30,000
- (3) 80,000 (4) 1,00,000
- 6. In internet what does 'http' mean ?
  - (1) High Transfer Text Protocol
  - (2) Highest Transfer Text Protocol
  - (3) Hyper Text Transfer Protocol
  - (4) Hyper Transfer Text Protocol
- The India-born US physicist who was awarded the Noble prize in Physics for his work on astrophysics is :
  - (1) H.G. Khorana
  - (2) Subrahmanyam Chandrasekhar
  - (3) Sivaramakrishna Chandrasekhar

(4) C.V. Raman

- 8. Which German physicist invented the electron microscope which won him the 1986 Noble Prize in Physics ?
  - (1) Ernst Ruska (2) Van't Hoff
  - (3) J.H.D. Jensen (4) Eugene P Wigner
- 9. Who was the first Indian to be awarded the World Food Prize in 1987?
  - (1) M.S. Swaminathan
  - (2) Sunderlal Bahuguna
  - (3) Anna Hazare
  - (4) B.R. Barwale
- 10. Thanatology is the science that deals with :
  - (1) Dealt in all its aspects
  - (2) Solving paternity of child
  - (3) Identification of living
  - (4) Detection of lie
- 11. What is the disease, Tetanus also known as?
  - (1) Gangrene (2) Shingles
  - (3) Lockjaw (4) Whooping Cough

Max. Marks : 200

12. when seen m	om earth, which of the	(2) E
following plane	t eclipsed (crossed a	(3) N
cross) of the sun	on May 7 .2003 ?	(4) S
(1) Mercury	(2) Uranus	22. Wh
(3) Saturn	(4) Jupiter	ing p
13. Israel's Prime	Minister Yitzhak Rabin	value
won the Noble Pi	rize for	(1) (
(1) Peace	(2) Literature	(2) B
(3) Chemistry	(4) Economics	(3)To
14. Who was the u	vorid's first space tour-	(4) E
		m n
(1) Desmond Ricke		23. W
(2) Dennis Tito	(3) Igor Kajelnikov	term
(4) Li Wang		ining
15. Which city was	gifted to Charles II by	(1)0
the Portuguese w	Doctural in 1662.2	(2) 0
(1) Mumbai	(2) Darie	(4) D
(1) Mumbai	(2) Pans	24. Wh
(3) Lisoon	(4) Castile	Ing p
Sites" are there in	India 2	
(1) 10 (2) 17		(2) D
17 Who is the m	(3) 14 (4) 13	at
epic Ramayana ?	other of Dilarat in the	(3) P
(1) Kaushaiya	(2) Sumitra	Ы
(3) Urmila	(4) Kaikayee	(4) In
18. Which of the	' Nawab of Bengal' is	25. Mr.
supposed to be	responsible for 'Black	boot
Hole ' of Calcutta	(Kolkatta) ?	(1) E
(1) Mir Jafer	(2) Sirjuddaula	(1) FI
(3) Alivardi Khan	(4) Sarfaraj Khan	(2) 50
19. In which country	y the 'DOGS' were once	(3) 11
worshiped as 'GO	DS'?	(4) FC
(1) Egypt	(2) Greece	26. July
(3) Italy	(4) Mangolia	(1) W
20. From which of t	he following places the	(2) No
international date	line crosses :	(3) W
(1) Atlantic ocean	(2) Pacific ocean	(4) W
(3) Greenwich	(4) Cape of Good Hope	27. Bio
BIO	LOGY	measu
BIO	Loui	(1) In
21. The crystal of I	ead zirconate is a key	(2) E
component of :	and the second se	ga

(1) Electroencephalography

- (2) Electrocardiography
- (3) Magnetoencephalography
- (4) Sonography
- 22. Which one of the following is a matching pair of a certain body feature and its value count in a normal human adult ?
  - (1) Urea-5-10 mg /100 ml of blood
  - (2) Blood sugar (fasting) -70-100-mg/100ml
  - (3)Total blood volume -3-4-litres
  - (4) ESR in Wintrobe method -9-15 mm in males and 20-34 mm in females
- 23. Which one of the following pairs of term/ names mean one and the same thing?
  - (1) Gene pool -genome
  - (2) Codon-gene (3) Cistron-triplet
  - (4) DNA fingerprinting -DNA profiling
- 24. Which one of the following is a matching pair ?
  - Lubb-Sharp closure of AV valves at the beginning of ventricular systole
  - (2) Dup-Sudden opening of semilunar valves at the beginning of ventricular diastole
  - (3) Pulsation of the radial artery-Valves in the blood vessels
  - (4) Initiation of the heart beat -Purkinje fibres
- 25. Mr.X is eating curd/yoghurt .For this food intake in a food chain he should be considered as occupying :
  - (1) First trophic level
  - (2) Second trophic level
  - (3) Third trophic level
  - (4) Fourth trophic level
- 26. July 11 is observed as :
  - (1) World Population Day
  - (2) No Tobacco Day
  - (3) World Environment Day
  - (4) World Health Day
- Biological Oxygen Demand(BOD) is a measure of :
  - (1) Industrial wastes poured into water bodies
  - (2) Extent to which water is polluted with organic compounds

- (3) Amount of carbon monoxide inseparably combined with haemoglobin
- (4) Amount of oxygen needed by green plants during night
- 28. Which one of the following is a sesamoid bone ?
  - (1) Pelvis
- (2) Patella
- (3) Pterygoid (4) Pectoral girdle

#### 29. Both corpus luteum and macula lutea are :

- (1) Found in human ovaries
- (2) A source of hormones
- (3) Characterized by a yellow colour
- (4) Contributory in maintaining pregnancy
- 30. Photorespiration in C<sub>3</sub> plants starts from :
  - (1) Phosphoglycerate
  - (2) Phosphoglycolate
  - (3) Glycerate (4) Glycine
- 31. Just as Xenopsylla is to Yersenia pestis so is :
  - (1) Glossian palpalis to Wuchereria bancrofti
  - (2) Culex to Plasmodium falcipacrum
  - (3) Homo sapiens to Taenia solium
  - (4) Phlebotomus to Leishmania donovani
- 32. Continued consumption of a diet rich in butter, red meat and eggs for a long period may lead to :
  - (1) Vitamin A toxicity
  - (2) Kidney stones
  - (3) Hypercholesterolemia
  - (4) Urine laden with ketone bodes
- 33. Drinking of mineral water with very low levels of pesticides (about 0.02 ppm) for long periods may :
  - (1) Produce immunity against mosquito
  - (2) Cause leukernia (blood cancer) in most people
  - (3) Cause cancer of the intestine
  - (4) Lead to accumulation of pesticide residues in body fat
- 34. A person passes much urine and drinks much water but blood glucose

#### level is normal . This condition may be the result of :

- A reduction in insulin secretin from pancreas
- (2) A reduction in vasopression secretion from posterior pituitary
- (3) A fall in the glucose concentration in urine
- (4) An increase in secretion of glucagon

### 35. What is true about tRNA ?

- (1) It binds with an amino acid at 3 end
- (2) It has five double stranded regions
- (3) It has a codon at one end which recognizes the anticodon on messenger RNA
- (4) It looks like clover leaf in the three dimensional structure
- 36. An example of competitive inhibitions of an enzyme is the inhibition of :
  - (1) Succinic dehydrogenase by malonic acid
  - (2) Cytochrome oxidase by cyanide
  - (3) Hexokinase by glucose -6 phosphate
  - (4) Carbonic anhydrase by carbon dioxide
- 37. Which one of the following is a matching pair of certain organism (s) and the kind of association ?
  - (1) Shark and sucker fish -commensalism
  - (2) Algae and fungi in lichens -mutualism
  - (3) Orchids growing on trees -parasitism
  - (4) Cuscuta (dodder) growing on other flowering plants -epiphytism
- Photochemical smog formed in congested metropolitan cities mainly consists of
  - (1) Ozone peroxyacetyl nitrate and NO<sub>x</sub>
  - (2) Smoke, peroxyacetyl nitrate and SO2
  - (3) Hydrocarbons SO2 and CO2
  - (4) Hydrocarbons ozone and SO<sub>x</sub>
- 39. In almost all Indian metropolitan cities like Delhi. the major atmospheric pollutant (s) is/are :
  - (1) Suspended particulate matter(SPM)
  - (2) Oxides of sulphur
  - (3) Carbon dioxide and carbon monoxide
  - (4) Oxides of nitrogen



### toR Excessive attimulation of vague nerve

### in humans may lead to :

- Hoarse voice
- (2) Peptic ulcers
- (3) Efficient digestion of proteins
- (4) Irregular contractions of diaphragm

### 41 Restriction enzymes:

- Are endonucleases which cleave DNA at specific sites
- (2) Make DNA complementary to an existing DNA or RNA
- (3) Cut or join DNA fragments
- (4) Are required in vectorless direct gene transfer
- 42. Which one of the following correctly represents the manner of replication of DNA ?



- 43. Which one of the following codons codes for the same information as UGC?
  - (1) UGU (2) UGA (3)UAG (4) UGG
- 44. The map given below indicates the former and the present distribution of an animal: Which animal could it be ?

(1) Wild ass (2	) [	Nilgai
-----------------	-----	--------

(3) Black buck (4) Lion



- 45. A person is wearing spectacles with concave lens for correcting vision. While not using the glasses, the image of a distant object in his case will be formed
  - (1) On the blind spot
  - (2) Behind the retina
  - (3) In front of the retina
  - (4) On the yellow spot
- 46. The early stage human embryo distinctly possesses :
  - (1) Gills (2) gill slits
  - (3) External ear (pinna)
  - (4) Eye brows
- 47. The phase of menstrual cycle in humans that lasts for 7-8 days, is:
  - (1) Follicular phase (2) Ovulatory phase
  - (3) Luteal phase (4) Menstruation
- 48. The source of somatostatin is same as that of :
  - (1) Thyroxine and calcitonin
  - (2) Insulin and glucagon
  - (3) Somatotropin and prolactin
  - (4) Vasopresin and oxytocin
- 49. People recovering from long illness are often advised to include the alga Spirulina in their diet because it.
  - (1) Makes the food easy to digest
  - (2) Is rich in proteins
  - (3) Has antibiotic properties
  - (4) Restores the intestinal microflora
- 50. Viroids have :
  - Single stranded RNA not enclosed by protein coat



- FRESHIGHTER HER DNA not enclosed by protein coat
  - (3)Double stranded DNA enclosed by protein i coat
  - (4) Double stranded RNA enclosed by protein coat
- 51. In a dicotyledonous stem, the sequence of tissues from the outside to the inside is :
  - (1) Phellem-Pericycle-Endodermis-Phloem
  - (2) Phellem-Phloem-Endodermis-Pericycle
  - (3) Phellem-Endodermis-Perkycle-Phloem
  - (4) Pericycle --Phellem-Endodermis-Phloem

### 52. Hill reaction occurs in :

- (1) High altitude plants
- (2) Total darkness (3) Absence of water
- (4) Presence of ferricyanide
- 53. Which one of the following pairs is correctly matched
  - 1. Rhizobium Parasite in the roots of leguminous plants.
  - 2. Mycorrhizae- Mineral uptake from soll
  - 3. Yeast -Production of biogas
  - 4. Myxomycetes The disease ring worm
- 54. Polien grains are able to withstand extremes of temperature and desiccation because their exine is composed of :
  - (1) Cutin (2) Suberin
  - (3) Sporopollenin (4) Callose
- 55. One of the genes present exclusively on the X-chromosome in humans is concerned with :
  - (1) Baldness
  - (2) Red-green colour blindness
  - (3) Facial hair, mustaches in males
  - (4) Night blindness
- 56. Which one of the following statements with regard to embryonic development in humans is correct?
  - (1) Cleavage divisions bring about considerable increase in the mass of protoplasm
  - (b.) In the second cleavage division, one of the two blastomers usually divides a little sooner than the second

- (3). With more cleavage divisions, the resultant blastomeres become larger and larger
- (4) . Cleavage division results in a hollow ball of cells called morula

### 57. Plasmodesmata connections help in :

- (1) Cytoplasmic streaming
- (2) Synchronous mitotic divisions
- (3) Locomotion of unicellular organisms
- (4) Movement of substances between cells

### 58. The quiescent centre in root meristem serves as a

- (1) Site for storage of food which is utilized during maturation
- (2) Reservoir of growth hormones
- (3) Reserve for replenishment of damaged cells of the meristem
- (4) Region for absorption of water

### 59. Azolla is used as a biofertilizer because it

- (1) Multiplies very fast to produce massive biomass
- (2) Has association of nitrogen -fixing Rhizobium
- (3) Has association of nitrogen -fixing Cyanobacteria
- (4) Has association of mycorrhiza

### 60. The plant part which consists of two generations one within the other is :

- (1) Germinated pollen grain
- (2) Embryo (3) Unfertilized ovule
- (4) Seed

### CHEMISTRY

61. The paramagnetic species is :

(1) KO <sub>2</sub>	(2) SiO <sub>2</sub>
(3) TiO <sub>2</sub>	(4) BaO <sub>2</sub>

- 62. The reagent commonly used to determine hardness of water titrimetrically is:
  - (1) Oxalic acid
  - (2) Disodium slat of EDTA
  - (3) Sodium citrate
  - (4) Sodium thiosulphate

### 63. The true statement for the acids of phosphorus.



o v ito y ta tall	
HRP2 Haucasond H3 PO4 is :	perature. Which one of the following
<ol><li>The order of their acidity is</li></ol>	(1) Discolarization de la Marchaelant
$H_3 PO_4 > H_3 PO_3 > H_3 PO_2$	(1) Dive coloured solution is obtained
. (2) All of them are reducing in nature	(2) Na <sup>+</sup> ions are formed in the solution
(3) All of them are tribasic acids	(3) Liquid NH <sub>3</sub> becomes good conductor of
(4) The geometry of phosphorus is tetrahedral	electricity
in all the three	(4) Liquid ammonia remains diamagnetic
64. The ion which is not tetrahedral in	71. The ligand called $\pi$ acid is :
snape is :	(1) CO (2) $NH_3$
(1) BF <sub>4</sub> (2) NH <sub>4</sub>	(3) C <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup> (4) Ethylene diamine
(3) Cu (NH <sub>3</sub> )ậ <sup>+</sup> (4) NiClậ <sup>−</sup>	72. The compound used for gravimetric es-
65. The complex used as an anticancer	timation of copper (II) is :
agent is :	(1) $Cu_2$ (SCN) <sub>2</sub> (2) $Cu_2$ O
(1) mer – $[Co(NH_3)_3 Cl_3]$	(3) Cu <sub>2</sub> I <sub>2</sub> (4) Cu <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub>
(2) cis- [Pt Cl <sub>2</sub> (NH <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub> ]	73. In the extraction of the copper from its
(3) cis -K2 [PtC2 Br2]	sulphide ore the metal is formed by re-
(4) Na2 CoCl4	duction of Cu <sub>2</sub> O with:
66. The colouriess species is :	(1) FeS (2) CO
(1) VCI <sub>2</sub> (2) VOSO <sub>4</sub>	$^{\prime}$ (3) Cu <sub>2</sub> S (4) SO <sub>2</sub>
(3) Na3 VO4	74. Among the following the strongest acid
(4) [V (H <sub>2</sub> O) <sub>6</sub> ] SO <sub>4</sub> H <sub>2</sub> O	(1) $CH_3 COOH$ (2) $C_6 H_5 COOH$
67. $MnO_2^{2-}$ (1 mole) in neutral aqueous	(3) $m \sim CH_2 OC_4 H_4 COOH$
medium is disproportionate to :	$(4) n = CH_0 C_0 H_0 C_0 OH$
(1) 2/3 mole of $MnO_4^-$ and 1/3 mole of $MnO_2$	75. Among the following the weakest base
(2) 1/3 mole of MnO+- and 2/3 mole of MnO+	18
(2) $1/3$ mole of Mine $Q_2$ and $1/3$ mole of	(1) $C_6 H_5 CH_2 NH_2$ (2) $C_6 H_5 CH_2 NHCH_3$
(3) 1/3 mole of Mng O/ and 1/3 mole of MnOo	(3) O <sub>2</sub> N CH <sub>2</sub> NH <sub>2</sub> (4) CH <sub>3</sub> NH CHO
$(4)$ 2/3 mole of Max $O_2$ and $1/3$ mole of	76. IUPAC name of
MnOp	
68 I anthonide for which + II and + III out	СH3
dation states are common is :	<u> </u>
(1) La (2) Nd	<u> и</u>
(3) Ce (4) Eu	
69. The mixture of concentrated HCl and	(1) 3-methyl cyclohexene
HNO <sub>3</sub> made in 3: 1 ratio contains :	(2) 1-methyl cyclohex-2-ene
(1) CIO <sub>2</sub> (2) NOCI	(3) 6-methyl cyclohexene
(3) NCI3 (4) N2 O4	(4) 1-methyl cyclohex-5-ene
70. On dissolving moderate amount of so-	77. Intermolecular hydrogen bonding is
dium metal in liquid NH3 at low tem-	etrongest in :

(1) Methylamine (2) Phenol



- F3 EE Elizabetion (4) Methanol 78. The ortho/para directing group among the following is : (1) COOH (2) CN (3) COCH<sub>1</sub> (4) NHCOCH<sub>3</sub> 79. The treatment of benzene with isobutene in the presence of sulphuric acid gives : (1) Isobutyl benzene (2) Tert-butyl benzene (3) n-Butyl benzene (4) No reaction 80. The most reactive nucleophile among the following is : (1) CH<sub>2</sub> O<sup>-</sup> (2) C<sub>6</sub> H<sub>5</sub> O<sup>−</sup> (3) (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub> CHO<sup>-</sup> (4) (CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>3</sub> CO<sup>-</sup> 81. The absolute configuration of the following compound is : CH3 н--- Cl 2 Cl 🗕 Ċ9H5 (1) 2 S. 3 R (2) 2 S. 3 S (3) 2 R . 3 S(4) 2 R . 3 R 82. Subunits present in haemoglobin are : (1)2· (2) 3 (3)4(4)583. At higher temperature, iodoform reaction is given by : (1) CH<sub>3</sub> CO<sub>2</sub> CH<sub>3</sub> (2) CH<sub>3</sub> CO<sub>2</sub> C<sub>2</sub> H<sub>5</sub> (3) C<sub>6</sub> H<sub>5</sub> CO<sub>2</sub> CH<sub>3</sub> (4) CH<sub>3</sub> CO<sub>2</sub> C<sub>6</sub> H<sub>5</sub> 84. Among the following the achiral amino acid is : (1) 2-Ethylalanine (2) 2-Methylglycine (3) 2-Hydroxymethyl serine (4) Tryptophan 85. Nitrobenzene gives N-phenylhydroxy-
- lamine by :
  - (1) Sn /HCl (2)  $H_2/Pd C$
  - (3) Zn/NaOH

- 86. Propan -1-ol can be prepared from propene by
  - (1) H<sub>2</sub> O/H<sub>2</sub> SO<sub>4</sub>
  - (2) Hg (OAc)2/H2 O followed by NaBH4
  - (3) B<sub>2</sub> H<sub>6</sub> followed by H<sub>2</sub> O<sub>2</sub>
  - (4) CH3 CO2 H/H2 SO4
- 87. Which of the following are arranged in the decreasing order of dipole moment ?
  - (1) CH<sub>3</sub> CI, CH<sub>3</sub> Br, CH<sub>3</sub> F
  - (2) CH3 CI, CH3 F, CH3 Br
  - (3) CH3 Br , CH3 CI , CH3 F
  - (4) CH3Br , CH3 F , CH3 Ci
- 88. What is the coordination number of sodium in Na<sub>2</sub> O ?

(1) 6	(2) 4
(3) 8	(4) 2

- 89. Which of the following compounds possesses the C-H bond with the lowest bond dissociation energy ?
  - (1) Toluene
  - (2) Benzene (3) n-Pentane
  - (4) 2, 2-Dimethyl propane
- 90. One gram sample of NH<sub>4</sub> NO<sub>3</sub> is decomposed in a bomb calorimeter. The temperature of the calorimeter increases by 6.12 K. The heat capacity of the system is 1.23 kJ /g/deg. What is the molar heat of decomposition for NH<sub>4</sub> NO<sub>3</sub> ?
  - (1) -7.53 kJ /mol (2) -398.1 kJ /mol
  - (3) -16.1 kJ /mol (4) -602 kJ/mol
- 91. Which one of the statements given below concerning properties of solutions describes a colligative effect ?
  - (1) Boiling point of pure water decreases by the addition of ethano!
  - (2) Vapour pressure of pure water decreases by the addition of nitric acid
  - (3) Vapour pressure of pure benzene decreases by the additions of naphthalene
  - (4) Boiling point of pure benzene increases by the addition of toluene

(4) Zn/NH<sub>4</sub> Cl Educational Material Downloaded from http://www.evidyarthi.cr/l ?

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- FREESE CUNATORN 3 (5)  $---- CdO(s) + 2 Ni(OH)_{2}(s) + H_{2}O(l)$ (2) Pb (s) + PbO<sub>2</sub> (s) +  $2H_2$  SO<sub>4</sub> (aq)  $\rightarrow$  2 PbSO<sub>4</sub> (s) + 2H<sub>2</sub> O (l)  $(3) 2H_2(g) + O_2(g) \longrightarrow 2H_2O(l)$ (4)  $2Fe(s) + O_2(g) + 4H^+(aq)$  $\longrightarrow 2 Fe^{2+} (aq) + 2H_2 O (II)$ 93. Which one of the following is NOT a buffer solution ? (1) 0.8M H<sub>2</sub> S + 0.8M KHS (2) 2M C<sub>6</sub> H<sub>5</sub> NH<sub>2</sub> + 2M C<sub>6</sub> H<sub>5</sub> NH<sub>3</sub> Br (3) 3 M H<sub>2</sub> CO<sub>3</sub> + 3 M KHCO<sub>3</sub> (4) 0.05M KCIO4 + 0.05 M HCIO4 94. Which one of the following bas  $\Delta S^{\circ}$ greater than zero ? (1) CaO (s) + CO<sub>2</sub> (q)  $\rightarrow$  CaCO<sub>2</sub> (s) (2) NaCl (aq)  $\rightarrow$  NaCl(s) (3) NaNO<sub>3</sub> (s)  $\rightarrow$  Na<sup>+</sup> (ag) + NO<sub>3</sub> (ag) (4) N<sub>2</sub> (a) +  $3H_2$  (a)  $\rightarrow 2NH_3$  (a) 95. The quantum number 'm' of a free gaseous atom is associated with : (1) The effective volume of the orbital (2) the shape of the orbital (3) The spatial orientation of the orbital (4) The energy of the orbital in the absence of a magnetic filed
- 96. Which one of the following is not a surfactant?

- (2)  $CH_3 (CH_2)_{14} CH_2 NH_2$
- (3) CH<sub>3</sub> (CH<sub>2</sub>)<sub>16</sub> CH<sub>2</sub> OSO<sub>2</sub> Na<sup>+</sup>
- (4) OHC  $(CH_2)_{14} CH_2 COO' Na^+$

97. Time required to deposit one millimole of aluminum metal by the passage of

### 9.65 amperes through aqueous solution of aluminum ion is :

- (1) 30 s (2) 10 s (3) 30,000 s (4) 10,000 s
- 98. In which of the following acid -base titration , pH is greater than 8 at equivalence point :
  - (1) Acetic acid versus ammonia
  - (2) Acetic acid versus sodium hydroxide
  - (3) Hydrochloric acid versus ammonia
  - (4) Hydrochloric acid versus sodium hydroxide
  - 99. Which of the following is not a green house gas ?
    - (1) Carbon dioxide (2) Water vapour
    - (3) Methane (4) Oxygen
  - 100. The potential energy diagram for a reaction  $R \longrightarrow P$  is given below



Reaction coordinate

 $\Delta H^{o}$  of the reaction corresponds to the energy

(1) a (2) b (3) c (4) a + b

### PHYSICS

### 101. The velocity with which a projectile must be fired so that it escapes earth's gravitation does not depend on :

- (1) Mass of the earth
- (2) Mass of the projectile
- (3) Radius of the projectile's orbit
- (4) Gravitational constant
- 102. Bernoulli's equation is a consequence of conservation of :
  - (1) Energy (2) Linear momentum

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(3) Angular momentum

(4) Mass

- 103. A laser beam is used for carrying out surgery because it :
  - (1) Is highly monochromatic
  - (2) Is highly coherent
  - (3) Is highly directional
  - (4) Can be sharply focused
- 104. A wire of length L is drawn such that its diameter is reduced to half of its original diameter. If the initial resistance of the wire  $10\Omega$ , its new resistance would be :

(1) 40 Ω (2) 80 Ω (3) 120 Ω (4) 160 Ω

- 105. A proton is about 1840 times heavier than an electron. When it is accelerated by potential difference of 1 kV, its kinetic energy will be :
  - (1) 1840 ke V (2) 1./1840 ke V
  - (3) 1 ke V (4) 920 ke V
- 106. An electric dipole placed in a nonuniform electric field experiences :
  - (1) Both a torque and a net force
  - (2) Only a force but no torque
  - (3) Only a torque but no net force
  - (4) No torque and no net force
- 107. In an ideal parallel LC circuit, the capacitor is charged by connecting it to a dc source which is then disconnected. The current in the circuit :
  - (1) Becomes zero instantaneously
  - (2) Grows monotonically
  - (3) Decays monotonically
  - (4) Oscillates instantaneously
- 108. To a germanium sample, traces of gallium are added as an impurity. The resultant sample would behave like :

(1) A conductor

- (2) A p-type semiconductor
- (3) An n-type semiconductor
- (4) An insulator
- 109. A radioactive substance decays to 1/16<sup>th</sup> of its initial activity in 40 days.

The half-life of the radioactive substance expressed in days is :

- (1) 2.5 (2) 5 (3) 10 (4) 20
- 110. A neutron makes a head on elastic collision with a stationary deuteron. The fractional energy loss of the neutron in the collision is

(1) 16/81 (2) 8/9 (3) 8/27 (4) 2/3

- 111. The motion of planets in the solar system is an example of the conservation of :
  - (1) Mass (2) Linear momentum
  - (3) Angular momentum

(4) Energy

112. Two small drops of mercury each of radius R. coalesce to form a single large drop. The ratio of the total surface energies before and after the change is :

(1) 1 : $2^{1/3}$	$(2) 2^{1/3} : 1$
(3) 2 : 1	(4) 1:2

- 113. A black body, at a temperature of 227°C, radiates heat at a rate of 20 cal  $m^{-2} s^{-1}$ . When its temperature is raised to 727°C, the heat radiated by it in cal  $m^{-2} s^{-1}$  will be closest to :
  - (1) 40 (2) 160 (3) 320 (4) 640
- 114. Two springs of force constants k and 2k are connected to a mass as shown below :



The frequency of oscillation of the mass is:

(1)  $(1/2\pi) \sqrt{(k/m)}$  (2)  $(1/2\pi) \sqrt{(2k/m)}$ 

(3)  $(1/2\pi) \sqrt{(3k/m)}$  (4)  $(1/2\pi) \sqrt{(m/k)}$ 

115. When a beam of light is used to determine the position of an object, the maximum accuracy is achieved if the light is :



- (2) Of longer wavelength
- (3) Of shorter wavelength
- (4) Of high intensity
- 116. A double slit experiment is performed with light of wavelength 500 nm. A thin film of thickness 2 um an refractive index 1.5 is introduced in the path of the upper beam. The location of the central maximum will :
  - (1) Remain unshifted
  - (2) Shift downward by nearly two fringes
  - (3) Shift upwards by nearly two fringes
  - (4) Shift downward by 10 fringes
- 117. If an electron and a photon propagate in the form of waves having the same wavelength , it implies that they have the same :
  - (2) Momentum (1) Energy
  - (4) Angular momentum (3) Velocity
- 118. Characteristic X-rays are produced due to :
  - (1) Transfer of momentum in collision of electrons with target atoms
  - (2) Transition of electrons from higher to lower electronic orbits in an atom
  - (3) Heating of the target
  - (4) Transfer of energy in collision of electrons with atoms in the target
- 119. Three charges are placed at the vertices of an equilateral triangle of side 'a' as shown in the following figure . The force experienced by the charge placed at the vertex A in the direction normal to BC is :



(1) 
$$Q^2/(4\pi \epsilon_0 a^2)$$
 (2)  $-Q^2/(4\pi \epsilon_0 a^2)$ 

(4)  $O^2/(2\pi \epsilon_a a^2)$ 

120. A capacitor of capacitance 2 µF is connected in the tank circuit of an oscillator oscillating with a frequency of 1 kHz. If the current flowing in the circuit is 2 mA, the voltage across the capacitor will be :

(1) 0.16V	(2) 0.32V
(3) 79.5V	(4) 159V

121. The earth's magnetic field at a given point is  $0.5 \times 10^{-5}$  Wb m<sup>-3</sup> . This field is to be annulied by magnetic induction at the centre of a circular conducting loop of radius 5.0 cm . The current required to be flown in the loop is nearly :

(1) 0.2 A	(2) 0.4 A
(3) 4 A	(4) 40 A

- 122. A frog can be levitated in a magnetic field produced by a current in a vertical solenoid placed below the frog. This is possible because the body of the frog behaves as :
  - (2) Diamagnetic (1) Paramagnetic
  - (4) Antiferromagnetic (3) Ferromagnetic
- 123. Shown below are the black body retemperatures curves at. diation  $T_1$  and  $T_2$  ( $T_2 > T_1$ ). Which of the following plots is correct?





FREEStocial Children is a distribution of charges. The flux of electric field due to the these charges through the surface S is:



125. In an experiment to find the focal length of a concave mirror a graph is drawn between the magnitudes of u and v. The graph looks like :



#### 126. Nuclear fusion is possible :

- (1) Only between light nuclei
- (2) Only between heavy nuclei
- (3) Between both light and heavy nuclei
- (4) Only between nuclei which are stable against  $\beta$  decay
- 127. An electron is travelling along the xdirection . It encounters a magnetic field in the y-direction . Its subsequent motion will be:
  - (1) Straight line along the x-direction
  - (2) A circle in the xz-plane
  - (3) A circle in the yz-plane
  - (4) A circle in the xy-plane

- 128. The difference in the lengths of a mean solar day and a sidereal day is about :
  - (1) 1min
  - (3) 15min

(2) 4min (4) 56 min

129. A body starting from rest moves along a straight line with a constant acceleration. The variation of speed (v) with distance (s) represented by the graph:



130. A rectangular loop carrying a current  $i_1$  is situated near a long straight wire carrying a steady current  $i_2$ . The wire is parallel one one of the sides of the loop and is in the plane of the loop as shown in the figure. Then the current loop will:



- (1) Move away from the wire
- (2) Move towards the wire
- (3) Remain stationary
- (4) Rotate about an axis parallel to the wire
- 131. A ball is thrown vertically upwards. Which of the following plots represents the speed-time graph of the ball during its flight if the air resistance is not ignored?



- 132. Radioactive nuclei that are injected into a patient collect at certain sites within its body, undergoing radioactive decay and emitting electromagnetic radiation. These radiations can then the recorded by detector. This procedure provides an important diagnostic tool called:
  - (1) Gamma camera
  - (2) CAT scan
  - (3) Radiotracer technique
  - (4) Gamma ray spectroscopy
- 133. In a material medium, when a positron meets an electron both the particles annihilate leading to the emission of two gamma ray photons. This process forms the basis of an important diagnostic procedure called :

-	
(1) MRI	(2) PET

- (3) CAT (4) SPECT
- 134. An astronaut is looking down on earth's surface from a space shuttle at an altitude of 400 km. Assuming that the astronaut's pupil diameter is 5 mm and the wavelength of visible light is 500 nm, the astronaut will be able to resolve linear objects of the size of about :

(1) 0.5 m	(2) 5 m	
(3) 50 m	(4) 500 m	

135. An earthquake generates both transverse (S) and longitudinal (P) sound waves in the earth. The speed of S waves is about 4.5 km/s and that of P waves is about 8.0 km/s. A seismograph records P and S waves from an earthquake . The first P wave arrives 4.0 min before the first S wave. The epicenter of the earthquake is located at a distance of about

(1) 25 km	(2) 250 km
(3) 2500km	(4) 500km

136. A lead shot of 1 mm diameter falls through a long column of glycerine. The variation of its velocity v with distance covered is represented



- 137. The maximum distance upto which TV transmission from a TV tower of height h can be received is proportional to :
  - (1)  $h^{1/2}$  (2) h (3)  $h^{3/2}$  (4)  $h^2$
- 138. In short wave communication waves of which of the following frequencies will be reflected back by the ionospheric layer having electron density 10<sup>11</sup> per m<sup>-3</sup>?

(1) 2 MHz	(2) 10 MHz
(3) 12 MHz	(4) 18 MHz

139. In the following common emitter configuration an npn transistor with current gain  $\beta = 100$  is used. The output voltage of the amplifier will be :



(2) 0.1 V (1) 10 mV

V out

(3) 1.0 V (4) 10 V

140. Using mass (M) length (K) , time (T) and current (1) as fundamental quantities, the dimension of permeability is ;

(1)  $M^{-1} LT^{-2} A$ (2)  $ML^2 T^2 A^{-1}$ (3)  $MLT^2 A^{-2}$  (4)  $MLT^1 A^{-1}$ 

### ASSERTION AND REASONING

In the following question (141-200), statement of assertion (1) is followed by a state-Ş. ment of reason  $(\mathbf{R})$ 

If both Assertion & Reason are true and the reason is the correct explanation of the assertion then mark 1.

If both Assertion & Reason are true but the reason is not the correct explanation of the assertion, then mark 2

If Assertion is true statement but reason is false, then mark 3

If both Assertion & Reason are false statements, then mark 4

### Assertion

- 141. Mast cells in the human body release excessive amounts of inflammatory chemicals which cause allergic reactions .
- 142. Use of fertilizers greatly enhances crop productivity
- 143. Smaller the organism higher is the rate of metabolism per gram weight
- 144. Bats and whales are classified as mammals
- 145. Severe Acute Respiratory Syndrome (SARS) originated in China
- 146. Organochlorine pesticides are organic compounds that have been chlorinated
- 147. Holoblastic cleavage with almost equalized blastomers is characteristic of placental animals
- 148. Inhabitants close to very busy airports are likely to experience health hazards .
- 149. All birds, except the ones like koel (cuckoo) build nests for retiring and taking rest during night time (day time for nocturnal)
- 150. Old age in not an illness. It is a continuation of life with decreasing capacity for adaptation

### Reason

Allergens in the environment on reaching human body stimulate mast cells in certain individuals

Irrigation is very important in increasing crop productivity

The heart rate of a six month old baby is much higher than that of an old person

Bats and whales have four-chambered heart

China is the most populated country of the world

Fenitrothion is one of the organochlorine pesticides

Eggs of most mammals, including humans, are of centrolecitinal type

Sound level of jet aeroplanes usually exceeds 160 dB

Koel lays eggs in the nests of tailor bird

Cessation of mitosis is a normal genetically programmed event

# • eVidyarthi

FREE Entreations shows fluid behaviour

- 152. In plant tissue culture, somatic embryos can be induced from any plant cell
- 153. Rhoeo leaves contains anthocyanin pigments in epidermal cells
- 154. Water and mineral uptake by root hairs from the soil occurs through apoplast until it reaches endodermis
- 155. Long distance flow of photo assimilates in plants occurs through sleve tubes
- 156. Many visitors to the hills suffer from skin and respiratory allergy problems
- 157. Yeasts such as Saccharomyces cerevisiae are used in baking industry.
- 158. In a food chain members of successive higher levels are fewer in number
- 159. Tropical rain forests are disappearing fast from developing countries such as India
- 160. Leaf butterfly and stick insect show mimicry to dodge their enemies
- Solution of Na<sub>2</sub>CrO<sub>4</sub> in water is intensely coloured
- 162. NF3 is a weaker ligand than N (CH3)3
- 163. Pbl4 is a stable compound .

164.  $\frac{22}{11}$  Na emits a positron giving  $\frac{22}{12}$  Mg

- 165. Barium is not required for normal biological function in human
- 166. Haemoglobin is an oxygen carrier
- Glycosides are hydrolyzed in acidic conditions
- Benzyl bromide when kept in acetone water it produces benzyl alcohol
- 169. Activity of an enzyme is pH -dependent

A membrane is a mosaic or composite of diverse lipids and proteins

Any viable plant cell can differentiate into somatic embryos

Anthocyanins are accessory photosynthetic pigments

Casparian strips in endodermis are suberized

Mature sieve tubes have parietal cytoplasm and perforated sieve plates

Conifer tress produce a large quantity of windborne pollen grains

Carbon dioxide produced during fermentation causes bread dough to rise by thermal expansion

Number of organisms at any trophic level depends upon the availability of organism which sere as food at the lower level

No value is attached to these forests because these are poor in biodiversity

Mimicry is a method to acquire body colour blending with the surroundings

Oxidation state of Cr in Na<sub>2</sub> CrO<sub>4</sub> is +VI

NF3 ionizes to give  $F^{-}$  ions in aqueous solution

lodide stabilizes higher oxidation state .

In  $\boldsymbol{\beta}^{*}$  emission neutron is transformed into proton

Barium does not show variable oxidation state

Oxygen binds as O<sup>2~</sup> to Fe of hemoglobin Glycosides are acetals

The reaction follows 5N2 mechanism

Change in pH affects the solubility of the enzyme in water



- 170. Alkyl benzene is not prepared by Friedel -
- Hydroxyketones are not directly used in Grignard reaction
- 172. Trans-2-butene on reaction with Br<sub>2</sub> gives meso-2, 3-dibromobutane
- 173. Cis-1, 3-dihydroxy cyclohexane exists in boat conformation .
- 174. The increase in internal energy ( $\Delta E$ ) for the vapourization of one mole of water at 1 atm and 373 K is zero
- 175. BaCO<sub>3</sub> is more soluble in HNO<sub>3</sub> than in plain water
- 176.  $\Delta H$  and  $\Delta E$  are almost the same for the reaction, N<sub>2</sub> (g) + O<sub>2</sub> (g)  $\leftarrow \rightarrow 2 \text{ NO}(g)$
- 177. Photo chemical smog is produced by nitrogen oxides
- Increasing pressure on pure water decrease Its freezing point.
- 179. The micelle formed by sodium stearate in water has -COO groups at the surface
- The O -O bond length in H<sub>2</sub> O<sub>2</sub> is shorter than that of O<sub>2</sub> F<sub>2</sub>.
- Temperatures near the sea coast are moderate
- 182. The earth is slowing down and as a result the moon is coming nearer to it.
- 183. A tube light emits white light
- 184. Radioactive nuclei emit  $\beta^-$  particles '
- The resistivity of a semiconductor increase with temperature
- 186. The Coulomb force is the dominating force in the universe
- 187. The length of the day is slowly increasing

Alkyl halides are less reactive than acyl halides

Grignard reagents react with hydroxyl group

The reaction involves syn -addition of bromine

In the chair form, there will not be hydrogen bonding between the two hydroxyl groups

For all isothermal processes  $\Delta E = 0$ .

Carbonate is a weak base and reacts with the  $H^+$  from the strong acid, causing the barlum salt to dissociate

All reactants and products are gases

Vehicular pollution is a major source of nitrogen oxides

Density of water is maximum at 273 K

Surface tension of water is reduced by the addition of stearate

H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> is an ionic compound

Water has a high thermal conductivity .

The angular momentum of the earth moon system is not conserved

Emission of light in a tube takes place at a very high temperature .

Electrons exist inside the nucleus

The atoms of a semiconductor vibrate with larger amplitude at higher temperatures thereby increasing its resistivity.

The Coulomb force is weaker than the gravitational force

The dominant effect causing a slowdown in the rotation of the earth is the gravitational pull of other planets in the solar system



Been had to postulate that the electrons in stationary orbits around the nucleus to not ra-

- 189. The possibility of an electric bulb fusing is higher at the time of switching ON and OFF
- 190. The stars twinkle while the planets do not .
- 191. A beam of charged particles is employed in the treatment of cancer
- 192. When a beetle moves along the sand within a few tens of centimeters of a sand scorpion, the scorpion immediately turns towards the beetle and dashed towards it.
- 193. When a bottle of cold carbonated drink is opened, a slight fog forms around the opening
- 194. The size of a hydrogen balloon increase as it rises in alr
- 195. Owls can move freely during night
- 196. It is hotter over the top of a fire than at the same distance on the sides
- 197. The amplitude of an oscillating pendulum decreases gradually with time
- 198. Microwave communication is preferred over optical communication
- 199. Neutrons penetrate matter more readily as compared to protons
- 200. In high latitudes one sees colourful curtains of light hanging down from high altitudes

According to classical physics all moving electrons radiate .

Inductive effects produce a surge at the time of switch-off and switch-on

The stars are much bigger in size than the planets

Charged particles on passing through a material medium lose their energy by causing lonization of the atoms along their path

When a beetle disturbs the sand, it sends pulses along the sand's surface. One set of pulses is longitudinal while the other set is transverse

Adiabatic expansion of the gas causes lowering of temperature and condensation of water vapours

The material of the balloon can be easily stretched

They have large number of rods on their retina

Air surrounding the fire conducts more heat upwards

The frequency of the pendulum decrease with time

Microwaves provide large umber of channels and band width compared to optical signals

Neutrons are slightly more massive than protons

The high energy charged particles from the sun are deflected to polar regions by the magnetic field of the earth.



ANSWERS

1.(2) 2.(3) 3.(1) 4.(3) 5.(2) 6.(3) 7.(2) 8.(1) 9.(1) 10.(1) 11.(3) 12.(2) 13.(1) 14.(2) 15.(1) 16.(2) 17.(4) 18.(2) 19.(1) 20.(2) 21.(2) 22.(2) 23.(4) 24.(4) 25.(2) 26.(1) 27.(2) 28.(2) 29.(3) 30.(2) 31.(4) 32.(3) 34.(2) 35.(1) 36.(1) 37.(1, 2) 38.(1) 39.(1) 40.(2) 41.(1) 42.(1) 43.(4)44.(1) 45.(3) 46.(2) 47.(2) 48.(4) 49.(2) 50.(1) 51.(3) 52.(4) 53.(2)54.(3) 55.(2) 56.(4) 57.(4) 58.(3) 59.(3) 60.(4) 61.(1) 62.(2) 63.(4) 64.(3) 65.(2) 66.(3) 67.(1) 68.(4) 69.(2) 70.(4) 71.(1) 72.(1) 73.(1) 74.(2) 75.(3) 76.(1) 77.(2) 78.(4) 79.(2) 80.(4) 81.(2) 82.(3) 83.(4) 84.(3) 85.(4) 86.(3) 87.(2) 88.(2) 89.(1) 90.(4) 91.(3) 92.(3) 93.(4) 94.(3) 95.(3) 96.(2) 97.(2) 98.(2) 99.(4) 100.(3) 101.(2) 102.(1) 103.(4) 104.(4) 105.(3) 106.(1) 107.(1) 108.(2) 109.(3)110.(4) 111.(3) 112.(1) 113.(3) 114.(3) 115.(2) 116.(3) 117.(2) 118.(2) 119.(1) 120.(1) 121.(2) 122.(3) 123.(3) 124.(4) 125.(4) 126.(1) 127.(2) 128.(2) 129.(3) 130.(2) 131.(4) 132.(3) 133.(2) 134.(3) 135.(3) 136.(1) 137.(1) 138.(1) 139.(3) 140.(3) 141.(1) 142.(2) 143.(3) 144.(2) 145.(2) 146.(3) 147.(3) 148.(2) 149.(3) 150.(3) 151.(1) 152.(1) 153.(3) 154.(2) 155.(1) 156.(2) 157.(1) 158.(4) 159.(3) 160.(1) 161.(1) 162.(1) 163.(?) 164.(?) 165.(2) 166.(3) 167.(4) 168.(1) 169.(2) 170.(2) 171.(1) 172.(3) 173.(4) 174.(1) 175.(1) 176.(2) 177.(2) 178.(3) 179.(2) 180.(4) 181.(1) 182.(4) 183.(1) 184.(3) 185.(2) 186.(3) 187 (9) 188.(1) 189.(1) 190.(2) 191.(1) 192.(1) 193.(2) 194.(3) 195.(1) 196.(1) 197.(4) 198.(4) 199.(2) 200.(2)



### EXPLANATIONS

- 21. The crystal of lead zirconate is a key compo- + 31. One is a vector and other is pathogen. nent of electrocardiography. It is a piezoelectric material (the material which has a net dipole moment and which can produce electricity when subjected to pressure or stress), ceramic or crystal in nature. Thickness of this material is the critical factor which allow proper vibrational frequency.
- 22. During fasting the sugar is digested from the reserve of thus sugar level goes down.
- 23.DNA fingerprinting is technically called DNA profiling or DNA typing or genetic finger printing. A technique invented by Sir Alec Jeffry of U.K. (1985) is used to identify a person on the basis of DNA specificity.
- 24. Increased contraction of ventricular muscles during systole first causes the closure of atriventricular, bicuspid and tricuspid valve producing low pitch 'LUBB' sound. At the end of ventricular systole, semilunar valves shut producing second short and sharp sound, the 'DUPP'.
- 25. Plants are first trophic level, herbivores (or dairy breeds) are second and Mr X is in third trophic level.
- 26. Word health day April 7

No tabacco day - May 31

World environment day - June 5

- 27. By measuring the level of oxygen pollution in water is measured. When larger amount of sewage is dumped into water, the BOD will increase.
- 28. Sesamoid bones are formed by ossification of tendon at joints
- 29. The empty follicle during obgeneses develops into corpus luteum. The cytoplasm of the corpus luteum is rich in a yellow pigment called lutein and hence known as yellow spot. Macula lutea is the yellowish spot present at the posterior pole of eye. Lutein, zeaxanthin, a-carotene and B-cryptoxanthin are responsible of its yellow colouration.
- 30 During photorespiration O2 is taken by RuBp carboxylase and thus inhibits CO2 fixation + during  $C_3$  pathway. The phosphogylcolate is converted into glucolate

Leishmania donovani is pathogen causing kala-azar and sand fly is a vector of this pathogen. Similarly Rat flea or Xenopsylla is a vector

whereas Yersingi pest is a pathogen causing plague.

- 32. Because these are saturated fat rich substance which accumulate in the arteries and cause hyper cholestrolemia
- 33. Highest amount of DDT can be detected in Indians due to its prolonged use.
- 34. Vasopressin regulates the amount of urine and thus it low secretion will lead to passage of much urine. Vasopressin has not effect on glucose metabolism.
- 35. tRNA has four recognition sites among these one is the amino acid attachment site with 3' terminal-CCA sequence.
- 36. Competitive inhibition is the process by which 2 substrates compete the active site on enzyme and the alternate substrate inhibits the reaction .
- 37. Mutualsim Both organism benefit commensalism - one organism gains other is unharmed
- 38. Photo chemical smog was reported in Los Angeles. These oxidizing type of pollution is characterised by the presence of large concentration of ozone, oxides of nitrogen and various hydrocarbons.

Nitric oxide (NO) is formed by reaction between oxygen and nitrogen.

NO reacts with air forming NO<sub>2</sub>.

NO2 absorbs light and nitric oxide and nascent oxygen [O] are formed.

Nascent oxygen combines with molecular oxygen to form ozone

Ozone reacts with unburnt hydrocarbons to give aldehydes and ketone

Nitrogen oxides, oxygen and ketone gives rise to PAN

39. Major pollutants like SO2, NO2 and particular matter in which the SPM {suspended par-

ticulate matter) in Delhi's air exceed the permitted levels.

- 40. Increased stimulation of vagus leads to increase peristalsis resulting in excess secretion of HCl and pepsin in stomach. This leads to erosion of mucus and muscularis mucosa into the submucosa which leads to peptic ulcer.
- Restriction enzymes or restriction endonucleases cleave DNA to specific sites when nucleotides of the two strands form inverted base sequence and are symmetrical around a given point. They are originally extracted from bacterium E.coli.
- Wild ass is confined to Runn of Kutch (Gujrat). It is an endangered species.
- 43. Proposed by Watson and Crick. Also known as semi-conservative replication because each new double helix retains one strand of original DNA. Both new strands are synthesized in 5'-3' direction. Thus one strand is synthesized forward and other backward.
- 44. UGA and UAG are non-sense codons and UGG codes for tryptophan.
- 45. Concave lens is used for correcting myopia or shortsightedness. In myopia the eye ball is elongated and image is formed in front of retina.
- Early embryos of different vertebrates resembles in possessing similar structures like notochord, tail, gill slits etc.
- 47. During ovulatory phase production of FSH decreases, while that of LH increases which leads to ovulation of about 14<sup>th</sup> day. Leutal?? phase lasts from 15-28 days Menstrual phase lasts for 3 5 days
- 48. Somatostatin is secreted by delta cells of islets of langerhans, hypothalamus and some cells of digestive tract. They are stored and released from posterior pituitary gland.
- 49. Spirulina platensis contain 40 to 50% crude protein and its protein has balance composition containing all essential amino acids. During illness the proteins serve as nutrition and are thus disintegrated therefore protein rich diet is recommend
- Viroids are discovered by T.O Dienea (1971). They consists of a single stranded linear or

circular DNA molecule and are not enclosed by protein coat. its replication requires host's encoded RNA polymerase.

- Ferricyanide acts as electron receptor which is required for Hill reaction. Other requirement is illumination
- 53. Mycorrhiza is an example of mutulism. The higher plants provide the fungi with carbohydrates and in return the fungi helps the plant in absorption of water, dissolution and absorption of inorganic nutrients locked in organic matter (especially nitrogen and phosphorus) which plant cannot absorb from soil.
- 54. Exine the outer layer of pollen grain is a acetolyis resistant layer. It is made up of hghly resistance fatty substance called sproropollenin. Sporopollenin is a protein which is impervious and this maintains the water in the body
- 55. Red-green colour blindness is a recessive sex linked trait. The normal gene and its recessive allele are carried by X-chromosome. In male a single recessive gene (X°Y) will cause the disease whereas in female both the sex chromosomes carrying recessive gene (X°X°) will be affected.
- Morula is a solid mass of 32 cells formed from zygote after successive mitotic division (after third division of cleavage)
- Plasmodesmata are found in between the cells and act as channels by which the substance passes.
- Quiescent centre is zone of no activity and this region has low concentration of DNA, RNA and protein
- 59. Leaves of Azolla (a pteridophyte) are associated with blue green algae (Anabaena azollae) having capacity to fix atmospheric nitrogen and make it available to Azolla.
- 60. Seed is diploid (2n) generation, is capable to r produce new plant and also contains diploid (2n) embryo. The seed is attached with (2n) mother plant, hence attached with parent generation to itself and capable to produce F2 generation for future.
- 61.(1) When a substance is placed in a magnetic field it causes greater concentration of the

lines of magnetic force within it self than in the surrounding magnetic field, it is said to exhibit paramagnetism. It is associated with the presence of unpaired electrons in an ion or molecule . K O<sub>2</sub> is paramagnetic molecule because it contains unpaired electron

i.e.,

[K<sup>\*</sup>(:Ö===Ö:)]

- 62. (2) The multidentate ligand , EDTA forms complexes of high stability with various metal ions. This is used in the estimation of hardness of water by a simple titration method. We know that hardness of water is caused by the presence of Ca<sup>2+</sup> and Mg<sup>2+</sup> ions. The difference in satbility constant values, for example, the K value for Ca<sup>2+</sup> and Mg<sup>2+</sup> in EDTA complexes are 10<sup>10.7</sup> and 10<sup>8.70</sup> respectively which permits the selective estimation of different ions
- 63.(4) In the case of of oxyacids of phosphorus like H<sub>3</sub> PO<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>3</sub> PO<sub>3</sub> and H<sub>3</sub> PO<sub>4</sub> the central atom has sp<sup>3</sup> hybridisation and therefore, surrounded by neighbouring atom tetrahedrally. Phosphorus occupy the central position and oxygen or -OH group occupies edges of tetrahedron in all cases



- 64.(3). Copper in Cu (NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>4</sub><sup>2+</sup> is dsp<sup>2</sup> hybridized and due to this reason it has square planar structure
- 65.(2). An anticancer agent destroys the cancer cells. There are so many anti cancer agent are present but most common is cisplatin. Its chemical formula is Cis [Pt Cl<sub>2</sub> (NH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]. It is a complex compound of Pt.
- 66.(3). Among [V (H<sub>2</sub> O)<sub>6</sub>] SO<sub>4</sub>. H<sub>2</sub> O. Na<sub>3</sub>VO<sub>4</sub>, VOSO<sub>4</sub> and VCl<sub>3</sub> only Na<sub>3</sub> VO<sub>4</sub> is colourless species rest are coloured

67.(1). In aqueous medium  $MnO_4^{2-}$  reacts as

3 Mn  $O_4^{2-}$  + 2H<sub>2</sub> O  $\longrightarrow$  MnO<sub>2</sub> + 2Mn O<sub>4</sub> + 4OH<sup>-</sup> If we take only one molecule of MnO<sub>2</sub><sup>2-</sup>

then , MnO<sub>4</sub><sup>2-</sup> + 
$$\frac{2}{3}$$
 H<sub>2</sub> O  
 $\longrightarrow \frac{1}{3}$  MnO<sub>2</sub> +  $\frac{2}{3}$  MnO<sub>4</sub> +  $\frac{4}{3}$  OH

- 68.(4). The oxidation state + (III) is most common in lanthanides, but some lanthanides contains two or three oxidation states. For example, Eu have + (II) and +(III) oxidation state which is very common.
- 69.(2). The mixture of conc. HCl and HNO<sub>3</sub> in 3 : 1 ratio is commonly known as aqua regia. It is so called because it can dissolve all the noble metals. In this mixture of aqua regia it contains NOCI

 $3HCI + HNO_3 \rightarrow 2H_2 O + NOCI + 2 CI$ 

- 70.(4) Sodium metal dissolves in liquid NH<sub>3</sub> which gives blue solution. Which contain Na<sup>+</sup> ion in solution as solvated state and solvated electrons. It can conduct electricity
- 71.(1). Ligands such as CO, CN<sup>-</sup> and NO<sup>+</sup> have empty  $\pi$  - orbitals with the correct symmetry to overlap with metal t<sub>2g</sub> orbitals, forming  $\pi$  orbitals. This is often described as back bonding. These ligands are known as  $\pi$  - acceptors or  $\pi$  - acids
- 72.(1) For the gravimetric estimation of copper (II), the compound thiocyanide is used and that compounds Cu<sub>2</sub> (SCN<sub>2</sub>)
- 73.(1) The ore of copper is copper pyrite (CuFeS<sub>2</sub>) from which copper metal is mainly extracted. The reaction involves oxidation of Cu<sub>2</sub> S and then reduction of Cu<sub>2</sub> O to copper metal

 $Cu_2 O + FeS \longrightarrow FeO + Cu_2 S$   $3O_2$   $2 Cu_2 S \longrightarrow 2 Cu_2 O + 2 SO_2$   $2 Cu_2 O + Cu_2 S \longrightarrow 6 Cu + SO_2$ 



REF Education (2) The strongest acid among all given acid is benzoic acid, C6 H5 COOH. It is due to the fact that



is resonance stabilised, or in other words, C<sub>6</sub> H<sub>5</sub> – group is electron withdrawing in nature which withdraw the electron from -COOH group H atom moves from this as H<sup>+</sup> ion and gives its electron to ring system along with carboxylate ion . In the case of CH3 - COOH, CH3-- group is electron pumping in nature which increases the electron density over -COOH group and removal of H<sup>+</sup> ion becomes difficult . Again in



-OCHs group is electron pumping in nature which again increases electron density over -COOH group hence, acid strength decreases

75.(3). All the given compound contains one electron withdrawing group.

 $C_6 H_5 - CH_2 NH CH_3$ 

contains one electron withdrawing group  $(C_6 H_5)$  but it has two electron pumping | group also. That is why this amine will behave as strongest base. - NO2 group is electron with drawing group in O<sub>2</sub> N - CH<sub>2</sub> - NH<sub>2</sub> and it does not have electron pumping group . It is primary amine also that is why it will behave as weakest base





The IUPAC name is 3-methyl cvclohexene-1-enol or 3-methyl cyclohexene

77. (2) Hydrogen bonding is strongest when the bonded structure is stabilized by resonance. The compound of aromatic ring posses reso-

nance, like in phenol . That is why hydrogen bonding in phenol is strongest

- 78.(4). The group —COOH, -CN, COCH<sub>3</sub> are meta directing. — NHCOCH3 group is ortho / para directing group
- 79.(2). C<sub>6</sub> H<sub>6</sub> reacts in the presence of H<sub>2</sub> SO<sub>4</sub> with isobutene as follows

$$CH_3$$

$$i$$

$$CH_3 - C = CH_2 + H_2 SO_4$$
isobutene
$$CH_3$$

$$i$$

$$CH_3 - C - CH_3 + HSO_4$$



The tertiary carbonium ion (carbocation) reacts with benzene ( $C_6$  H<sub>6</sub>) and given tert-butvi benzene



80.(4) The most reactive nucleophile among the given compounds is (CH3)3 CO<sup>-</sup> because 3° alkyl group is strongest electron pumping group. It will pump electron cloud over

 $\rightarrow$  CO<sup>-</sup> and it will behave as strongest nucleophile

- 81.(2). According to R-S configuration priority rule position 2 is anticlock wise and position 3 is also anticlockwise. Therefore the absolute configuration of the compound is 2s, 3s.
- 82. (3) One molecule of haemoglobin has four haem groups. Each haem group can co-ordinate with one oxygen molecule  $(O_2)$ . So one haemoglabin can hold four oxygen molecule and becomes oxyhaemoglobin as

$$Hb + 4 O_2 \longrightarrow Hb (O_2)_4$$

haemoglobin

oxyhaemoglobin

83. (4) At higher temperature  $CH_3 CO_2 C_6 H_5$ FRiff give rodoform reaction. It is due to the 0 11 fact that  $CH_3 - C$ —group gives this test.

C<sub>6</sub> H<sub>5</sub> - O - will behave as C<sub>6</sub> H<sub>5</sub> = O . O II It will release - C CH<sub>3</sub> group easily from O II CH<sub>3</sub> - C - O - C<sub>6</sub> H<sub>5</sub>

84.(3), 2-Hydroxymethyl serine is an a chiral aminoacid. For chirality all the group attached to carbon atom should be different. But in this case of 2-hydroxymethyl serine, the second carbon atom contain two - CH<sub>2</sub> - OH group. hence, achiral. For example



85.(4) Nitrobenzene with Zn dust and aqueous NH<sub>4</sub> Cl gives 62 -68% yield of N-phenyl hydroxylamine



86.(3)



- 87.(2). The dipole moment of larger halogen with same alkyl group is minimum and with smaller halogen it is maximum. Only exception is fluorine because its electron affinity is less than that of chlorine. So the order of decreasing strength of dipole moment is  $CH_3 Cl > CH_3 F > CH_3 Br > CH_2 I$
- 88.(2) In Na<sub>2</sub> O compound the crystal structure contain CCP in which all tetrahedral site is occupied by Na<sup>+</sup> ion. Since there are two tetrahedral site per atom, and all the sites are occupied by Na<sup>+</sup> ions for each  $O^{2^-}$  ion. This structure is known as *antifluorite structure*. Now, one Na<sup>+</sup> is surrounded by four  $O^{2^-}$  ion, whereas each  $O^{2^-}$  ions surrounded by 8 Na<sup>+</sup> ion. Hence, co-ordination number of Na<sup>+</sup> is 4
- 89. Due to resonance and electron withdrawing effect of ring, methyl group pumps electron towards ring and hyperconjugation can be seen in toluene. For example



That is why the bond dissociation energy of C-H is lowest in toluene

90.(4).  $\Delta E = m S \Delta T$ 

where , m = 1 g ,  $\Delta T = 6.12$ K heat capacity of system (S) = 1.23 kJ/g/degree Now, Heat of decomposition

= 1 × 6.12 × 1.23= 7.5276 kJ

 $NH_4 NO_3 = 7.5276 \times 80$ 

(since mol.uri of NH4 NO3 = 80) = 602.2 kJ/mol

91. (3). Colligative property is a democratic property meaning it depends upon concentration of solute particles. Depression in vapour pressure due to the presence of no volatile solute is also colligative property .Naphthalene is a non -volatile solid, hence its addition in benzene decreases its vapour pressure

🗣 eVidyarthi

 $2\left[H_2\left(g\right)+2\ OH^-\left(aq\right) \longrightarrow 2H_2\ O\left(l\right)\ 2e^-\right]$ 

At cathode

 $\frac{O_2(g) + 2 H_2 O(l)6+ 4\overline{e} \rightarrow 4 OH^- (aq)}{2H_2(g) + O_2(g) \rightarrow 2 H_2 O(l)}$ 

- 93.(4). The salt solution of weak acid and free acid mixture or solution formed by mixing a weak base with its salt of strong acid are called buffer solution. But HClO<sub>4</sub> is strong acid with its salt KClO<sub>4</sub> it will not behave as buffer solution
- 94.(3). Standard entropy change  $\Delta S^{o}$  is greater than zero in such cases where number of products are more than the number of reactants for example.

Na NO<sub>3</sub> (s)  $\leftarrow$  Na<sup>+</sup> (aq) + NO<sub>3</sub> (aq)

- 95.(3). The magnetic quantum number (m) deals with the orientation of electron in three dimensional space. i.e., spatial orientation of the orbital
- 96.(2). The molecule

So,

 $CH_3 - (CH_2)_{14} - CH_2 - NH_2$  has both polar -  $NH_2$  and non polar -  $CH_3$  end so it is a surfactant.

97.(2) Form Faraday law of electrolysis

$$Q = \frac{96500}{1000} = 96.5 \text{ Coulumb}$$
$$t = \frac{Q}{I} = \frac{96.5}{9.65} = 10 \text{ sec}$$

- 98.(2). If the resulting solution is basic at equivalence point then the pH of solution will be greater than 8. It is only possible when weak acid is titrated with strong base. For example. CH<sub>3</sub> COOH when titrated by NaOH
- 99.(4). Among the given list oxygen is not a green house gas



For forward reaction , activation energy is (2) and for backward reaction the value of activation energy is (1)

Therefore ,  $\Delta H = b - a = c$ 

101.(2). The K.E of the Projectile

$$=\frac{1}{2}mv^2$$

And P.E Of the Projectile in the earth's gravitational field  $= \frac{G M_e m}{R_e}$ 

where m = mass of the projectile  $M_e = mass$  of the earth

V = Velocity of the projectile

For escape velocity

⇒

$$= \frac{1}{2} mv^{2} = \frac{GM_{e}m}{R_{e}}$$
$$v^{2} = \frac{2GM_{e}}{R_{e}}$$
$$= \frac{2GM_{e}}{R_{e}} \times \frac{R_{e}}{R_{e}}$$
$$= 2\left(\frac{GM_{e}}{R_{e}^{2}}\right) \times R_{e}$$



Where  $g = \left(\frac{GM_e}{R_e}\right)$ ⇒

V = √2aR.

Here we see that the velocity of the particle does not depend on the mass of the projectile.

102. (1). The Bernoulli's equation is based on the work-energy theorem of the stream line flow of an ideal fluid. Its statement is as" the total energy per unit volume of a flowing liquid is a constant"

The statement in equation form is as

$$P + \rho gh + \frac{1}{2}\rho V^2 = constant$$

P- Pressure on the fluid Where  $\rho$  = Density of fluid V=Velocity of fluid H=Height of the liquid column

103. (4). Because it can be highly focused

Since in surgery be need some very sharply focused beam . So we use laser beam

104 (4) Since we know that

$$R = \rho \frac{1}{A}$$

Where p = resistivity of the wire I = length of the wire A= Cross section Area of the wire

 $R \Rightarrow \rho \frac{1}{\Lambda}$ 

⇒

...

...

$$\frac{R_1A_1}{l_1} = \frac{R_2A_2}{l_2} - - - (1)$$

 $\rho = \frac{RA}{R} = constant$ 

Since volume of the wire remained constant

 $A_1 x |_1 = A_0 |_0$ 

And

$$A_1 = \pi \left(\frac{d}{2}\right)^2 = \pi \frac{d^2}{4}$$
$$A_2 = \pi \left(\frac{d}{4}\right)^2 = \pi \frac{d^2}{16}$$

$$\pi \frac{\mathrm{d}^2}{4} \times l_1 = \pi \frac{\mathrm{d}^2}{16} l_2$$

given that  $I_1 = L$ 

....

$$\pi \frac{d^2}{4} L =$$

 $b_2 = 4L - - - - (2)$ 

Now putting the values of  $l_1$  and  $l_2$  in (1)

 $\frac{\pi d^2}{16} l_2$ 

$$\frac{R_1 \times \frac{\pi d^2}{4}}{L} = \frac{R_2 \times \frac{\pi d^2}{16}}{4L}$$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad \frac{R_1}{4} = \frac{R_2}{16} \times \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad R_1 = \frac{R_2}{16}$$
And 
$$R_1 = 10\Omega$$

$$\therefore \qquad R_2 = 16 \times R$$

$$= 16 \times 10 = 160 \Omega$$

105 (3) Since the energy of the charged particle is.

= P.D. x charge  
And P.D. = 
$$\frac{l}{4\pi\epsilon_o} \frac{Q}{r}$$
  
And energy =  $\frac{l}{4\pi\epsilon_o} \frac{Qg}{r}$ 

 $\Rightarrow$  The energy (here K.E.) is independent of mass of the charged particle

106 (1) Since the dipole has its torque in an electric field is as

andforceexperiencedbythechargedparticle is.

$$F = q.E$$
  
Where  $q \approx$  charge of the particle  
 $E =$  electric field  
 $d \approx$  separation between the two charge

Here we see that torque and force both will the experienced by the particle

107. (1)For capacitor, impedance is .

$$Zc = \frac{1}{wc}$$

And for D.C., we know that



Hence capacitor blocks the D.C. current. Hence the current in the circuit becomes instantaneously zero.

108. (2) Gallium has 3 valence electrons So it will form the p-type semiconductor

⇒

=

⇒

....

 $N = \frac{1}{16} \text{ No}$  $\frac{1}{16} \text{ No} = \text{ No } e^{-\lambda t}$  $\frac{1}{16} = e^{-\lambda t}$  $= e^{\frac{-\ln 2}{T_{1/2}} t}$ 

taking loge on both sides

109 (3) Since N = No  $e^{-\lambda t}$ 

 $\log_{e} 1 - \log_{e}^{16} = \frac{-\log^{2}}{T_{1/2}} \times t \times \log^{e}$ O-2.77= -  $\frac{0.693 \times 40}{T_{1/2}}$ 

(Because t=40)

 $T_{1/2} = \frac{0.693 \times 40}{2.77} = \frac{27.72}{2.77}$ = 10 days

110 Let the K.E of neutron

$$=\frac{1}{2}m_n \times V^2$$

Deuteron has one proton and one neutron . So this energy will the distributed among all the three particles as one coming neutron and two deuterons constituent particles. So the K.E. of the coming neutron has now

$$\frac{1}{2} m_n V^2 \times \frac{1}{3}$$
$$= \frac{1}{6} m_n V^2$$

Loss of K.E.

$$=\frac{1}{2}m_{\rm n}V^2-\frac{1}{6}m_{\rm n}V^2$$

$$= \frac{3m_{n}V^{2} - m_{n}V^{2}}{6}$$
$$= \frac{2m_{n}V^{2}}{6} = \frac{1}{3}mv^{2}$$

Here let my one

... Fraction loss of K.E. is.,

$$= \frac{\frac{1}{3} \text{ mv}^2}{\frac{1}{2} \text{ mv}^2}$$
$$= \frac{1}{3} \text{ mv}^2 \times \frac{2}{\text{ mv}^2} = \frac{2}{3}$$
So the answer will we  $\frac{2}{3}$ .

111. The motion of planetary motion is based on the Kepler's laws of planetary motion.

And the Keplers laws of planetary motion is based on the conservation of angular momentum

112.(1) Since we know that surface energy due to the surface tension

= Surface tension x surface area

$$E_1 = s_1 \times 1$$

$$E_2 = s_2 \times T$$

{ Because of the surface tension of the same liquid in same}

$$\therefore \qquad \frac{E_1}{E_2} = \frac{s_1 \times T}{s_2 \times T} = \frac{S_1}{S_2}$$
$$\Rightarrow \qquad \frac{E_1}{E_2} = \frac{1}{(2)^{\frac{1}{3}}} = 12^{\frac{1}{3}}$$

113. (3) From the Stefan's formula we know that the heat radiated =  $\sigma \times T_4$ 

$$\Rightarrow \qquad u_1 = \sigma(T_1)^4 \\ u_2 = \sigma(T_2)^4 \\ T_1 = 227 + 273 = 500 \\ T_2 = 273 + 727 = 1000 \\ \frac{u_1}{u_2} = \frac{\sigma \times (500)^4}{\sigma \times (1000)^4} = \frac{1}{16} \\ But \qquad u_1 = 20 \text{ calm}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}$$

$$u_{2} = 16 \times 4$$

$$= 16 \times 20 = 320 \text{ calm}^{-2} \text{ s} - 1$$
114. (3) The effective spring constant
$$K = K + 2K + 3K$$
Since the time period of oscillation
$$T = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{M}{K}}$$
And
$$T = \frac{1}{f}$$
Where f = frequency of oscillation
$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{f} = 2\pi \sqrt{\frac{M}{K}}$$

$$\therefore \qquad f = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{M}{K}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \qquad f = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{3K}{M}}$$

$$\therefore \qquad f = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{3K}{M}}$$

115.(2) Since  $X \times p_x = constant$ 

From the de- Broglie hypothesis

	$P = \frac{h}{\lambda}$ .
⇒	$X \times \frac{h}{\lambda} = constant$
⇒	$\frac{X}{\lambda} = \frac{\text{constant}}{h} = \text{constant}$
⇒	$x = \lambda \times constant$
⇒	χωλ

So for the maximum accuracy the value of  $\lambda$  should we longer

#### 116 (3) The shift is

(μ-1) λ

And the shift of maxima is na

⇒	$(\mu - 1) \times t = n\lambda$
Where	$\mu$ = refractive index of thin film
	t= thickness of thin film
	$\lambda$ = wavelength of the light
here	$\mu = 1.5, t = 2\mu m = 2 \times 10^{-6}$
	$\lambda = 500$ nm = $500 \times 10^{-9}$ m
	$(1.5-1) \times 2 \times 10^{-6}$

$$= n \times 500 \times 10^{-9}$$
  

$$\Rightarrow 0.5 \times 2 \times 10^{-6} = n \times 500 \times 10^{-9}$$
  

$$n = \frac{0.5 \times 2 \times 10^{-6}}{500 \times 10^{-9}}$$
  

$$= \frac{1}{500} \times 10^{-6+9}$$
  

$$= \frac{1}{500} \times 10^{3}$$
  

$$= \frac{1000}{500} = 2$$

So the central maxima will shift upward by two fringes

-

Since 
$$\lambda = \frac{h}{p}$$
  
 $\Rightarrow \qquad \lambda \frac{\omega l}{p}$ 

So the de- Broglie wavelength changes according to the momentum and vice- versa.

118 (2) Since the X-ray is produced due to the transition of electrons from higher electronic orbit to the lower electronic orbit.

119 (1)



Net force along AD

$$=F\sin 60^{\circ}-F\sin 60^{\circ}=0$$

$$120(1)$$
  $\therefore$  C=  $2\mu$ F =  $2 \times 10^{-6}$  F

$$f = 1KHz = 1 \times 10^{\circ}Hz$$

$$l = 2mA = 2 \times 11^{-3}A$$

Impedance

$$Zc = \frac{1}{\omega c} = \frac{1}{2\pi f \times C}$$
$$= \frac{1}{2\pi \times 10^3 \times 2 \times 10^{-6}}$$

Now

...

121. (2) Since we know that the magnetic induction of the centre of a circular conducting loop of radius r is

$$B = \mu \frac{n.i}{2r}$$
  
In this case.  $n = 1, r = 5 \times 10^{-2rn}$   
$$\mu_o = 4\pi \times 10^{-7}$$
$$B = 0.5 \times 10^{-5} \text{ W b/m^2}$$
$$\therefore \qquad i = \frac{B \times 2r}{\mu \times n}$$
$$= \frac{0.5 \times 10^{-5} \times 2 \times 5 \times 10^{-2}}{4\pi \times 10^{-7} \times 1}$$
$$\approx 0.39 \approx 0.4 \text{ A}$$

122. (3) Due to the ferromagnetic material

Actually the dipoles are getting polarised. So it gets some net dipole moment, And due to the net dipole moment the magnetic field induces: And this causes the deflection in the electric field

123(3) From the Weins displacement law we know that  $\lambda_{max}T = constant$ .

So the plot between I and  $\lambda$  should be symmetrical But due to the catastrophe of the black radiation, if temperature increases wavelength having maximum intensity shifts towards left.

124 (4) From Gausses law

Here

....

ds = +q-q = 0♦ E . O =0

¢ {= ∫Ē ds

125. (4) Since we know that

$$\frac{1}{v} + \frac{1}{u} = \frac{1}{f}$$

So as v increases u decreases continuously

126 (1) It happens only between the two light nuclii Actually in heavy nuclii, the nucleus can not come close and contact.

127. (2) From Loretz force law we know that

 $F = e(\vec{v} \times \vec{B})$  $\vec{v} = \hat{i} v_x \times \vec{B} = By \hat{i}$ F= e (v. ix Bu i = e v, B, (K)

So the place is in x-Z plane

And we know that in the magnetic field, the charge particles makes circular motion. 128 (2) 4 min.

129 (3) 
$$v_2 = u^2 + 2as$$
  
= 0 +2 as = 2as  
 $\Rightarrow v \propto \sqrt{s}$   
 $\Rightarrow v is increasing as s is increasing$ 

130 (2) The loop is attracted towards the i2 Actually the direction of currant i, which is near to the wire ig in parallel . And parallel current attracts.

Again the currant i1 is also flowing in opposite direction to i2 but it in far away from i2 . So this force is less in camparison to that force. So that the loop is attached towards the ip

131. (4) In going upwards the velocity decreases because v = u - qt

Again in coming downward, the vel increases because V = u + gt

so the curve should like (3) But due to the air resistance it not the sharp

- 132. (3) The radio active nuclei that are injected into a patient collects a certain sites with in its body and after radioactive decay it emits e.m. radiations. The e.m. radiations are detected by the detector. The process of diagnostic is called rediotracer techniques
- 133. (2) P.E.T.

It is called Pair Emission Technique when the electron and positron combine together to liberate energy as a r-ray, then that form of diagnostic process is called Pair Emission Technique

134.(3) Since R = 1.22 
$$\frac{\lambda \times D}{a}$$



....

Where R = resolution  $\lambda = wavelength$  D = attitude of astronaut a = Pupil diameter  $\lambda = 500 \text{ nm} = 500 \times 10^{-9} \text{ m}$   $a = 5 \text{ mm} = 5 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$   $D = 400 \text{ Km} = 400 \times 10^{3} \text{ m}$   $1.22 \times \frac{500 \times 10^{-9} \times 400 \times 10^{3}}{5 \times 10^{-3}}$  $= 48.8 \text{ m} \approx 50 \text{ m}$ 

135 (3) Since, the time difference

	$= 4 \min = 4 \times 60 = 240 \text{ sec}$
<i>:</i>	$s = v \times t = 4.5 \times t$
Again	S = 8 ×(t-240)
<i>:.</i>	$4.5 \times t = 8(t-240)$
	= 8t–8 × 240
⇒	-3.5t = -8 × 240
<i>.</i>	$t = \frac{8 \times 240}{3.5} = 548 \text{ sec}$

Since the min vel in 4.5 km/s. So the minimum distance it will cover in  $4.5 \times t = 4.5 \times 548$ km

=2466km ≈ 2500km

136. (1)Glycerine is a liquid

and

so when the lead goes inside than it has some velocity. After some time it aquires the terminal velocity and becomes constant

137. (1) Let the height of TV antenna =X

radius of earth = R<sub>E</sub>



A= top point of tower

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Now  $Ac^2 = AB^2 + Bc^2$  $(R_F + h)^2 = AB^2 + R_F^2$  $R_{f}^{2} + h^{2} + 2R_{F} h = AB^{2} + R_{f}^{2}$ ⇒  $AB^2 = h^2 + 2R_E.h$ ⇒ h<sup>2</sup><<R<sub>E</sub> Since  $AB^2 = 2R_{F.h}$ ÷.  $AB = \sqrt{2R_F.h}$ 138. (1) Since reflected frequency = 0 n<sup>1</sup>/2 Where  $n = electron density = 10^{11}$  $= 9 \times (10^{11})^{1/2}$  $= 9 \times (10^{10} \times 10)^{\frac{1}{2}}$  $= 9 \times \sqrt{10} \times 10^5$  $= \times 3.16 \times 10^{5}$  $= 28 \times 10^{5}$  $= 2.8 \times 106 = 2.8$  MHz

B= the point of receiving station

139 (3) Out put voltage

$$= B \times \text{InputVotlage}$$
$$= 100 \times 10^{-2} = 1V$$

140 (3)

...

$$F = \frac{\mu}{u\pi} \times \frac{m_1 m_2}{r^2}$$
$$\mu = \frac{F \times r^2}{m_1 m_2}$$

Where m2 and m2 are the magnetic strength .

$$\Rightarrow \qquad \mu = \frac{MLT^{-2} \times L^{-2}}{(AL) \times (AL)} = MLT^{-2}A^{-2}$$

141. Allergic reaction develop in response to histamine released by mast cells. This allergic reaction is triggered by cross linking of IgE molecule on the surface of mast cells by an allergen. These histamines released by mast cells initiate inflammatory response which trigger the arrival of leukocyte at the site of allergen or infection. 142. Indian soils are found deficient in nutrients like nitrogen, phosphorus and potash. Maximum yield can be achieved by using fertilizer rich in these nutrients.

Water is an essential component of vital activities in plant.

So both fertilizer and irrigation are important for high yield

143. BMR or Basic Metabolic Rate is inversely related to weight and volume of an organism i.e. small the organism higher is BMR Heart rate of a six month old baby is 110 to 112 beats/min. Whereas old aged person may

have max. heart rate of 160 beats/min.

- 144. Four chambered heart is also present in some reptiles. Bats and whales though have 4 chambered heart but also posses other mammalian characters like milk gland, pinnae, hairs on the body, presence of diaphragm etc.
- 145. SARS was first reported (WHO) in China. The high population in China is not directly responsible for the origin of SARS

The killer pneumonia virus (a type of corona virus) is responsible for SARS origin.

146. Organochlorides are organic compounds that have been chlorinated and have very low biodegradation and gets accumulated in environment. e.g. DDT, BHC etc.

Fenitrothion is organicophosphate pesticide which are organic easter of phosphoric acid and its derivative. Though they are toxic but are biodegradable.

147. In eggs of Amphioxus and eutherian mammals including rabbit and man holoblastic cleavage takes place. The holoblastic cleavage produces blastomeres of equal size.

Centrolecithal eggs are found in insects and in some hydrozoa. Meroblastic cleavage occurs in them.

- 148. Noise level upto 60 dB (decibel) is well tolerated. Whereas jet sounds upto 150-160 dB. But jet aeroplanes normally donot land in common airports without an emergency.
- 149. Koel and cuckoo need not build nest because they use nest of other birds and incubate their eggs and nuture hatchlings of these birds (Crows). In this way they are nest para-

sites. Tailor bird is a garden bird which makes its nest by sewing and has no relations (direct) with koel or cuckoo.

- 150. As a result of ageing or senescence there is a progressive deterioration in structure and function of body tissue and organs. Immune system is no more effective and chances of illness increases. Cessation by mitosis is not a genetically programmed event
- Fluid mosaic model was given by S. J. Singer and G. L. Nicolson (1970). Proteins float in a bilipid layer according to bilipid membrane model.
- Embryoids or somatic embryo has the ability to form full fledged plant. (Cellular totipotency)
- 153. Anthcyanin pigment are present in cell sap of vacuole. These are colouring pigment of certain higher plants that impart reddish and greenish colour. It is no a photosynthetic pigment.
- 154. Apoplastic movement : Pertaining to the movement of water in free space of tissue; free space includes cell walls and intercellular space. Through root hair to endodermis water moves through apoplasts. But in the case of endoderms which has suberised and partially cutinised wall obstructing the passage of water to xylem vessels. From here water moves by synplasm.

156. Some trees like oak, elm, mountain cedar etc. produces allergic pollen grains which may cause sneezing, itching in eyes and nose etc. Conifers produce large quantity of wind born pollen grains because many pollen grains are destroyed in the process of pollination by wind.

- 157. Fermentation is used in baking therefore yeasts the agent of fermentation are used in baking industries
- 158. Number of organisms at any trophic level depends upon the availability of food. In grassland ecosystem the maximum number of organism are found in lower trophic level but in forest ecosystem and parasitic food chain it is reverse.
- Tropical rain forests are very rich in bio diversity

- 160. By adopting mimicry butterflies blend with the surroundings and protect themselves from enemies
- 161. (1) Due to the oxidation state of chromium (+6) in Na<sub>2</sub> CrO<sub>4</sub> it is intensely coloured
- 162.(3). NF3 is weak ligand than

because fluorine is strong electronegative element which withdraws the electron cloud of nitrogen atom and hence, its tendency to coordinate its lone pair of electron decrease, whereas  $(CH_3)_3$  N is strong ligand because it has three electron pumping group i.e.,  $-CH_3$ group, which increases the electron cloud over nitrogen and makes this molecule to strong ligand as it can easily co-ordinate its lone pair of electrons



- 163. Pbl4 is not a stable compound because Pb shown (II) oxidation state more frequently only some times due to inert paireffect it shows +(IV) oxidation state. Secondly iodine cannot stabilize higher oxidation state
- 164. Due to one β particle emission this change happens

11Na<sup>22</sup> \_\_\_\_\_ 12 Mg<sup>22</sup>

Again proton emission convert proton in to neutron

 $_{1}p^{1} \longrightarrow _{o}n^{1} + _{+1}\beta^{o}$ 

165.(2). Barium is not required for normal biological functions is true statement, again, barium shows only +2 oxidation state not variable oxidation state is also true. But this explanation for the no requirement of barium in normal biological function is not true

- 166.(3). The heamoglobin is oxygen carrier as in oxyhaemoglobin Hb (O<sub>2</sub>)<sub>4</sub> is true but O<sub>2</sub> does not binds as O<sub>2</sub> with Fe. Most appropriately we can say oxygen binds as O<sub>2</sub> to fe of heme part
- 167.(4). Glycosides can be prepared by treating glucose with CH<sub>3</sub> - OH in the presence of dry HCl gas. They can not be hydrolysed in acidic medium. They are hemiacetals and not acetals.
- 168.(1) Benzyl bromide when kept in acetone water it produces benzyl alcohol is true



- 169.(2) Activity of enzyme is pH dependent, it is true. The change in pH affects the solubility of the enzyme in water is also true but this is not the correct explanation of activity of enzyme based on pH
- 170.(2). It is true that alkyl benzene can not be prepared by Friedel crafts alkylation of benzene. It is due to the fact that monoalkyl product formed undergo alkylation to form poly alkylated benzene. Reason is true that alkyl halide is less reactive than acyl halides but this is no the explanation of assertion
- 171. (1) Both the assertion and reason are true and explain each other because Grignard reagents reacts with hydroxyl group of hydroxyketone that is why hydroxy ketone are not used directly in Grignard reagent
- 172.(3). It is true that trans-2-butene on reaction with Br<sub>2</sub> gives meso -2, 3- dibromobutane. But this reaction does not involves syn-addition of bromine
- 173.(4). cis-1, 3-dihydroxy cyclo hexane exist in chair form of conformation



There is hydrogen bonding between the two hydroxyl group

- 174.(1) For all isothermal process internal energy,  $\Delta E = O$ , it is true. That is why  $\Delta E$  for vaporisation of one mole of water at 1 atm. and 373 K is zero
- 175.(1) BaCO<sub>3</sub> + 2 HNO<sub>3</sub>  $\rightarrow$

 $Ba(NO_3)_2 + CO_2 + H_2O$ 

Because BaCO3 is weak base and reacts with

 $H^+$  ion of nitric acid and due to this its salt (BaCO<sub>3</sub>) dissociated in HNO<sub>3</sub>. Where as

water does not have such type of strong H<sup>+</sup> ions.

- 176.(2). For the reaction
- $N_2(g) + O_2(g) \leftarrow \xrightarrow{\rightarrow} 2NO_2(g)$

 $\Delta H$  and  $\Delta E$  are almost same, it is true. It is also true that all products and reactants are gases but its not correct explanation

- 177.(2). Photo chemical smog is produced by nitrogen oxide, it is true. But it is natural phenomenon, however, it has been accelerated by vehicular pollution but it is not correct explanation of photo chemical smog.
- 178.(3). Freezing point decreases at high pressure on pure water is true. But the density of water is maximum at 4°C i.e., 273+4 = 277 K
- 179.(2). Micelle formed by Na-Stearate in water has - COO group at the surface is true. It is also true that surface tension of water is reduced by the addition of stearate but it is not correct explanation of micelle formation. Micelle is formed if molecules with polar and non polar end assemble in bulk to give nonpolar interior and polar exterior
- 180.(4). In F<sub>2</sub> O<sub>2</sub>, O ~ O bond length is shorter as compare to O-O bond length of

 $H_2 O_2 \cdot H_2 O_2$  is non ionic compound . Both the assertion and reason in this question is wrong.

- 181(1) Temperature near the sea coest is moderate. Because the water heats up and cools down very slowly. So the thermal conductivity generally does not take place.
- 182.(4) According to classical calculations, the earth is not slowing down. It moves with constant velocity. Again the angular momentum is also conserve, because  $K = r \times p$

So both the statements are wrong.

- 183.(1) The tube emits white light due to the fluorescence, and this phenomenon takes place at very low pressure at 0.01 mm Hg. But not at high temperature
- 184.(3) The  $\beta^-$  particles emitted by the radio nuclii. The  $\beta^-$  emission tales place due to the conversion of neutron into proton. It does not take place due to the presence of electron inside the nucleus.
- 185.(2) The resistivity of the semiconductor decreases with increase of temp. the atoms of a semiconductor vibrate with larger amplitudes at higher temp. there by increasing its conductivity not resistivity.
- 186.(3) The gravitational force is more dominent in the nature. This the the cause of the stability of the planatary motion.
- 187 The earth is not slowing down due to conservation of angular momentum.
- 188.(1) These are the Bohrs postulates
- 189.(1) This happens due to the induction produced in the wire.

since  $E = L \frac{dI}{dt}$ , so if  $\frac{dI}{dt}$  changes, E changes and it causes the fusing.

190.(2) This happens due to the variation of density of the different layers of the air. Again the intensity of light on our eye is very small in comparison to the planets. So this happens



FREE Education But the size of star giving no affect at all.

- 191.(1) It is really used in the treatment
- 192.(1) Both the statement are true.

When a beetle distrubs the sand, it sends pulses of along the sand surface one set of pulses is fast longitudinal and the other will he slower transverse.

- 193.(2) This happens due to the fact that the pressure inside the bottle is large in comparison to the outside. So the adiabatic expansion tales place And due to the lowering of temperature the gas condenses and vapour forms.
- 194.(3) This happens due to the reduction of the pressure

Again the material of the balloon can we easily stretched

195.(1) Owls can move freely during night because it has a large no of rods on their retina 196.(1) Due to the thermal radiation light moves up. So the temperature at the upper part is more than the temperature at lower point.

197.(4) Since, 
$$f = \frac{1}{2\pi} \sqrt{\frac{q}{e}}$$

So the f does not depend on time and remaining constant

- 198.(4) As we know that the information carrying capacity is directly proportional to the band width. So that wider the band width greater the information carrying capacity.
- 199.(2) Neutron can penetrate easily in to the matter because it does not has the charge. So the Coulomb repulsion does not take place Again its size is slightly large
- 200.(2) This happens due to the fact that the earth is a magnet. So the deflection of the charged particle at the polar region takes place.