#### Sample Question Paper Class – X Session -2021-22 TERM 1 Subject- Mathematics (Standard) 041

Time Allowed: 90 minutes

Maximum Marks: 40

General Instructions:

1. The question paper contains three parts A, B and C

2. Section A consists of 20 questions of 1 mark each. Any 16 questions are to be attempted

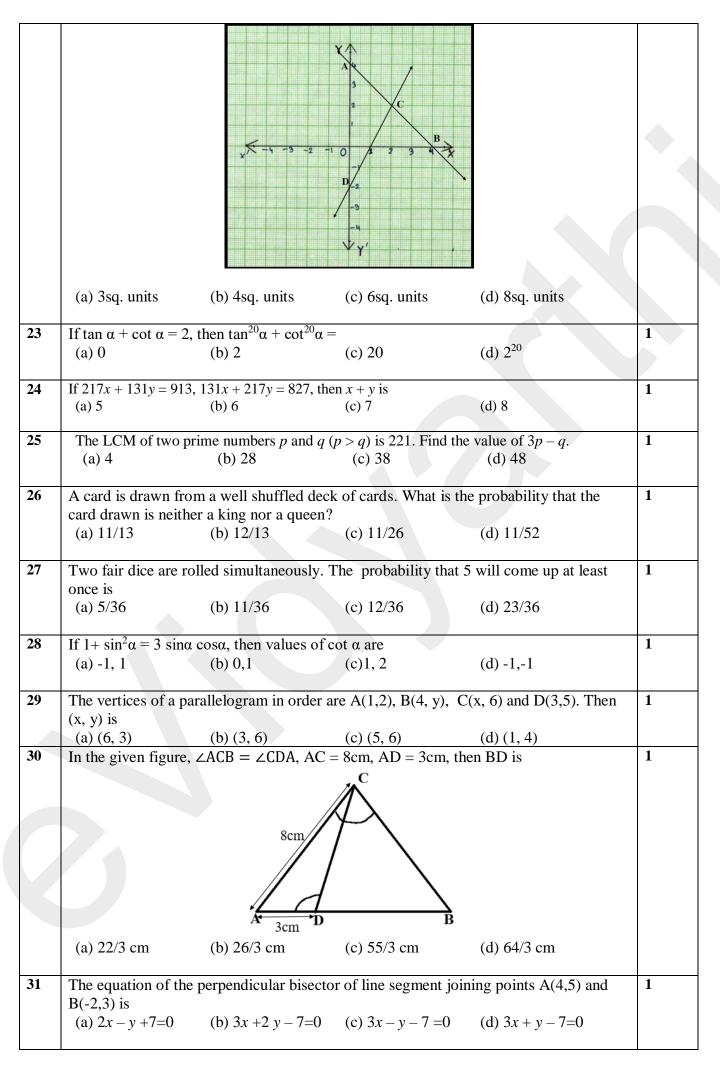
3. Section B consists of 20 questions of 1 mark each. Any 16 questions are to be attempted

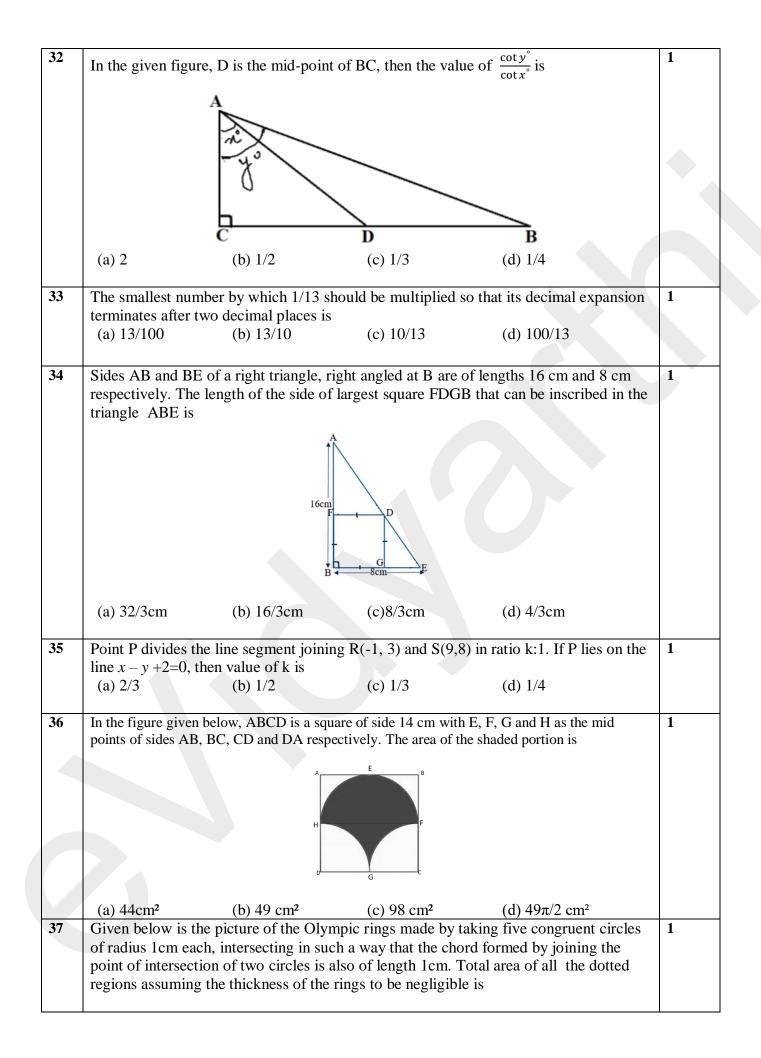
4 Section C consists of 10 questions based on two Case Studies. Attempt any 8 questions.

5. There is no negative marking.

			SECTION A		
	Section A consists	of 20 questions of 1	1 mark each. Any 16 que	stions are to be attempted	
Q No					Marks
1	The ratio of LCM a (a) 1:2	nd HCF of the leas (b) 2:1	t composite and the leas (c) 1:1	t prime numbers is (d) 1:3	1
2	The value of k for v (a) 9	which the lines $5x+$ (b) 5	7y=3 and $15x + 21y = k(c) 7$	coincide is (d) 18	1
3	A girl walks 200m t from the starting po (a)350m	int is	nen 150m towards North (c) 300m	a. The distance of the girl (d) 225	1
4	The lengths of the c altitude of the rhom (a) 12cm		bus are 24cm and 32cm (c) 19 cm`	, then the length of the (d) 19.2cm	1
5	Two fair coins are t (a) <sup>3</sup> ⁄ <sub>4</sub>	ossed. What is the (b) <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	probability of getting at (c) <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	the most one head? (d) 3/8	1
6	$\Delta ABC \sim \Delta PQR. \text{ If A} PQ^2 = 4 : 9, \text{ then Al} (a) 16:81$		udes of $\triangle ABC$ and $\triangle PQ$ (c) 3:2	R respectively and AB <sup>2</sup> : (d) 2:3	1
7	If $2\sin^2\beta - \cos^2\beta =$ (a) 0°	2, then β is (b) 90°	(c) 45°	(d) 30°	1
8	Prime factors of the 44.123 are (a) 2,3	(b) 2,3,5	rational number with th (c) 2,5	e decimal expansion (d) 3,5	1
9	The lines $x = a$ and (a) intersecting	y = b, are (b) parallel	(c) overlapping	(d) (None of these)	1
10	The distance of poin (a) 11 units	nt A(-5, 6) from the (b) 61 units	e origin is (c) √11 units	(d) $\sqrt{61}$ units	1
11	If $a^2 = 23/25$ , then a (a) rational	is (b) irrational	(c) whole number	(d) integer	1

10		1	
12	If LCM( $x$ , 18) =36 and HCF( $x$ , 18) =2, then $x$ is	1	
	(a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 5		
13	In $\triangle$ ABC right angled at B, if tan A= $\sqrt{3}$ , then cos A cos C- sin A sin C =	1	
10		-	
	(a) -1 (b) 0 (c) 1 (d) $\sqrt{3}/2$		
14	If the angles of $\triangle ABC$ are in ratio 1:1:2, respectively (the largest angle being angle	e 1	
14			
	C), then the value of $\frac{\sec A}{\csc B} - \frac{\tan A}{\cot B}$ is		
	(a) 0 (b) $1/2$ (c) 1 (d) $\sqrt{3}/2$		
	(u) = (u)		
15	The number of revolutions made by a circular wheel of radius 0.7m in rolling a dista	ance 1	
	of 176m is		
	(a) 22 (b) 24 (c) 75 (d) 40		
16		F = 1	
	4cm, then perimeter of $\Delta DEF$ is		
	(a) 7.5 cm (b) 15 cm (c) 22.5 cm (d) 30 cm		
1 -			
17	In the figure, if $DE \parallel BC$ , $AD = 3$ cm, $BD = 4$ cm and $BC = 14$ cm, then $DE$ equals	1	
	Α		
	DE		
	B C		
	(a) 7cm (b) 6cm (c) 4cm (d) 3cm		
18	$4\sin\beta - 3\cos\beta$	1	
10	If 4 tan $\beta$ = 3, then $\frac{4 \sin\beta - 3 \cos\beta}{4 \sin\beta + 3 \cos\beta} =$	1	
	(a) 0 (b) $1/3$ (c) $2/3$ (d) $3/4$		
19	One equation of a pair of dependent linear equations is $-5x + 7y = 2$ . The second equation	n <b>1</b>	
	can be $(-2) = 10 + 14 + 4 + 0 = 10 + 14 + 4 + 0 = (-1) = 14 + 4 + 4 = 0$		
	a) $10x+14y+4=0$ b) $-10x-14y+4=0$ c) $-10x+14y+4=0$ (d) $10x-14y=-4$		
20	A letter of English alphabets is chosen at random. What is the probability that it is a le	etter 1	
	of the word ' <b>MATHEMATICS</b> '?		
	(a) $4/13$ (b) $9/26$ (c) $5/13$ (d) $11/26$		
	SECTION B		
ON	Section B consists of 20 questions of 1 mark each. Any 16 questions are to be attempted		
QN		MARKS	
21	If sum of two numbers is 1215 and their HCF is 81, then the possible number of pairs	1	
	of such numbers are (a) $2$ (b) $3$ (c) $4$ (d) $5$		
	(a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 5		
22	Given below is the graph representing two linear equations by lines AB and C	D 1	
	respectively. What is the area of the triangle formed by these two lines and the line $x=$		
	$\frac{1}{1}$	· ·	





	(a) $4(\pi/12-\sqrt{3}/4)$ cm <sup>2</sup> (b) $(\pi/6 - \sqrt{3}/4)$ cm <sup>2</sup> (c) $4(\pi/6 - \sqrt{3}/4)$ cm <sup>2</sup> (d) $8(\pi/6 - \sqrt{3}/4)$ cm <sup>2</sup>	
38	If 2 and $\frac{1}{2}$ are the zeros of $px^2+5x+r$ , then (a) $p = r = 2$ (b) $p = r = -2$ (c) $p = 2, r = -2$ (d) $p = -2, r = 2$	1
39	The circumference of a circle is 100 cm. The side of a square inscribed in the circle is (a) $50\sqrt{2}$ cm (b) $100/\pi$ cm (c) $50\sqrt{2}/\pi$ cm (d) $100\sqrt{2}/\pi$ cm	1
40	The number of solutions of $3^{x+y} = 243$ and $243^{x-y} = 3$ is (a) 0 (b) 1 (c) 2 (d) infinite	1
	SECTION C	
	Case study based questions: Section C consists of 10 questions of 1 mark each. Any 8 questions are to be attempted.	
	Q41-Q45 are based on Case Study -1	
	Case Study -1The figure given alongside shows the path of a diver, when she takes a jump from the diving board. Clearly it is a parabola.Annie was standing on a diving board, 48 feet above the water level. She took a dive into the pool. Her height (in feet) above the water level at any time't' in seconds is given by the polynomial h(t) such that $h(t) = -16t^2 + 8t + k.$	
41	What is the value of k? (a) 0 (b) - 48 (c) 48 (d) 48/-16	1
42	At what time will she touch the water in the pool? (a) 30 seconds (b) 2 seconds (c) 1.5 seconds (d) 0.5 seconds	1

43	Rita's height (in feet) above the water level is given by another polynomial $p(t)$ with	1			
	zeroes -1 and 2. Then $p(t)$ is given by-	1			
	(a) $t^2 + t - 2$ .				
(b) $t^2 + 2t - 1$					
	(c) $24t^2 - 24t + 48$ .				
	$(d) -24t^2 + 24t + 48.$				
44	A polynomial $q(t)$ with sum of zeroes as 1 and the product as -6 is modelling Anu's				
height in feet above the water at any time t( in seconds). Then $q(t)$ is given by					
	(a) $t^2 + t + 6$ (b) $t^2 + t - 6$				
	(c) $-8t^2 + 8t + 48$				
	(d) $8t^2 - 8t + 48$				
45	The zeroes of the polynomial $r(t) = -12t^2 + (k-3)t + 48$ are negative of each other. Then	1			
	k is				
	(a) 3				
	(b) 0				
	(c) -1.5				
	(d) -3				
	(u) 5				
	Q46-Q50 are based on Case Study -2	1			
	Case Study -2				
	A hockey field is the playing surface for the game of hockey. Historically, the game was played on				
	natural turf (grass) but nowadays it is predominantly played on an artificial turf.				
	It is rectangular in shape - 100 yards by 60 yards. Goals consist of two upright posts placed				
	equidistant from the centre of the backline, joined at the top by a horizontal crossbar. The inner addres of the postermust he 3.66 metres (4 yards) apart and the lower adde of the crossbar must be				
	edges of the posts must be 3.66 metres (4 yards) apart, and the lower edge of the crossbar must be 2.14 metres (7 feet) above the ground.				
	Each team plays with 11 players on the field during the game including the goalie.				
	Positions you might play include-				
	r ositions you might play metude-				
	Formugude A. J. J. J. D. G. J.D.				
	• <i>Forward</i> : As shown by players A, B, C and D.				
	• <i>Midfielders</i> : As shown by players E, F and G.				
	• <b>Fullbacks:</b> As shown by players H, I and J.				
	• <i>Goalie</i> : As shown by player K				
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	• <i>Goalie</i> : As shown by player K Using the picture of a hockey field below, answer the questions that follow:				
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	Using the picture of a hockey field below, answer the questions that follow: $ \begin{array}{c}                                     $				
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46	The coordinates of the centroid of $\Delta$ EHJ are	1		
	(a) (-2/3, 1)			
	(b) (1,-2/3)			
	(c) $(2/3,1)$			
	(d) (-2/3,-1)			
47	7 If a player P needs to be at equal distances from A and G, such that A, P and G are in straight line, then position of P will be given by			
	(a) $(-3/2, 2)$			
	(b) $(2,-3/2)$			
	(c) $(2, 3/2)$			
	(d) (-2,-3)			
<b>48</b>	The point on x axis equidistant from I and E is	1		
	(a) $(1/2, 0)$			
	(b) $(0, -1/2)$			
	(c) (-1/2,0)			
	(d) ( 0,1/2)			
49	What are the coordinates of the position of a player Q such that his distance from K is	1		
	twice his distance from E and K, Q and E are collinear?			
	(a) (1, 0)			
	(b) (0,1)			
	(c) (-2,1)			
	(d) (-1,0)			
50	The point on y axis equidistant from B and C is	1		
	(a) (-1, 0)			
	(b) (0,-1)			
	(c) (1,0)			
	(d) $(0,1)$			