Annual Examination Paper 2018 Class XI

Subject: Accountancy (055)

Time Allowed: 3 Hours Maximum Marks: 90 **General Instructions:** (i) All questions are compulsory. (ii) Attempt all parts of a particular question at one place. 1. Name any two external users of accounting information. 1 2. Define Voucher. 3. Should a transaction be first recorded in a journal or ledger? Why? 4. What are special purpose books? 1 5. Not in Revised Syllabus 6. Name any two accounting softwares. 1 7. Explain any three objectives of accounting. 8. Differentiate between source documents and vouchers. 3 9. Journalise and identify the values involved in the following transactions: Donation given to an organisation working for children with special (*i*) needs Rs. 20,000 (ii) Purchases a machinery for making echo-y jute bags Rs. 2,50,000. 3 9. Journalise 10. Distinguish between 'revenue reserve' and 'capital reserve'. 3 What is meant by marshalling of assets and liabilities? Name the ways in 11. which a balance sheet may be marshalled.

Describe any three advantages of computerised accounting system.

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- 13. "Cash Basis of Accounting is not a better basis for depicting the correct financial position of an enterprise." Do you agree ? Give reason in support of your answers.
- 14. Pass Journal entries to recify the following errors, in the books of Prem, which were located after preparation of trial Balance:
 - (a) Sales book was overcasted by Rs. 7,000.
 - (b) Old furniture sold to Kapil For Rs. 12,000 has been entered in Sales book.
 - (c) Sales of goods to Dheeraj amounting to rs. 25,000 has been wrongly passed through Purchases book.
 - (d) Wages paid for construction of building rs. 40,000 was debited to wages account.
- 15. Kavish, who keeps his books on single entry system, started his business on 1st April, 2016 with a capital of rs. 3,00,000. At the end of the year *i.e.*, on 31st March, 2017 the position of Assets and Liabilities was as under:

| Particulars | Rs. |
|---------------|--------|
| Cash at Bank | 25000 |
| Furniture | 220000 |
| Machinery | 75000 |
| Debtors | 40000 |
| Stock 60000 | |
| Creditors | 70000 |
| Bills Payable | 20000 |

During the year, he introduced rs. 40000 as additional capital and withdrew Rs. 15,000 for his personal expenses.

Prepare a statement of profit and loss to calculate profit or loss for the year ended on 31st March, 2017

16. Not in Revised Syllabus.

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17. Not in Revised Syllabus

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- 18. Explain the following accounting principles/concepts:
 - (i) Accrual Concept
 - (ii) Business Entity Concept
 - (iii) Money Measurement Concept

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19. On 1st April, 2014, Veeru Ltd. purchased a machinery for rs. 2,50,000 and spent rs. 50,000 on its installation. On 1st July, 2016 1/3rd of machinery purchased on 1st April, 2014 was sold for rs. 15,000 and a new machinery at the cost of rs. 2,00,000 was purchased on the same date. The company has adopted the method of providing depreciation @ 15% p.a. on straight line method.

Show the machinery account, provision for depreciation account and machinery disposal account for three years ended on 31st March, 2015 to 31st March, 2017

- 20. Define Software. Explain different types of softwares used in a computer system.
- 21. Enter the following transactions in two-column cash book with cash and bank column of Ms. Sunita:

| 2018 | | Rs. |
|------------|--|-----------|
| January 1 | Cash in hand | 70,000 |
| | Bank overdraft | 50,000 |
| January 4 | Sold goods | 50,000 |
| January 5 | Cash deposited into bank | 80,000 |
| January 7 | Cheque issued to Meena in full settlement | 30,000 |
| January 8 | Withdrawn from bank for personal use | 5000 |
| January 12 | Sold goods to Ajay and cheque received from him | 25,000 |
| January 17 | Cheque received from Ajay deposited into bank | |
| January 20 | Bank charges | 500 |
| January 22 | Interest charged by bank | 2500 |
| January 23 | Received cash from Ramesh | 28000 |
| January 28 | Paid Sunita's life insurance premium by cheque | 15000 |
| January 30 | Deposited into bank the entire balance after retaining | rs. 5,000 |
| | cash in business. | |

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23. Mehak sold goods for rs. 24,000 to Shally on July 31, 2017 and drew three bills for rs. 6,000, Rs. 8,000 and rs. 10,000 payable after two, three and four months respectively. The first bill was kept by Mehak with her till maturity date. She endorsed the second bill in favour of her creditor Kanak. The third bill was discounted on September 3,2017 @ 12% p.a. from bank. The first and second bill were duly met on maturity but the third bill was dishonoured and the bank paid rs. 150 as noting charges. On December 3, 2017 Shally paid Rs. 5,000 and noting charges in cash and accepted a new bill at two months after date for the balance amount plus interest Rs. 200. The new bill was met on maturity by Shally.

You are required to give the Journal Entries in the books of Mehak.

OR

Overdraft balance shown by the bank column in the cash book of Mr. Vivek is Rs. 45,000. Prepare Bank Reconciliation statement as on December 31, 2017;

- (i) A bill receivable for rs. 5,000 previously discounted with the bank had been dishonoured and debited in the pass book.
- (ii) Interest on on investment collected by the bank and credited in the pass book Rs. 1,500.
- (iii) Cheques deposited into bank but not yet collected Rs. 7,500.
- (iv) Interest charged by the bank on overdraft balance Rs. 1,850.
- (v) Cheques issued but not yet presented for payment rs. 11,350.
- (vi) Received a payment directly from a customer into bank account rs. 12,500.
- (*vii*) Cheques recorded in the cash book but not sent to the bank for collection was rs. 17,500.
- (viii) Bank charges debited as per pass book Rs. 500

24. From the following information of Aaradhya Traders, prepare Trading and Profit and Loss Account and a Balance sheet as at March 31, 2017 :

| Name of Account | Debit Rs. | Credit Rs. |
|-------------------|-----------|------------|
| Opening stock | 45,200 | |
| Purchases | 88,000 | |
| Drawings | 15,000 | |
| Capital | | 70,000 |
| Buildings | 20,000 | |
| Motor van | 6,000 | |
| Freight inwards | 680 | |
| Return inwards | 2,000 | |
| Return outwards | | 3,000 |
| Debtors | 5,000 | |
| Creditors | | 10,000 |
| Sales | | 1,36,000 |
| Trade expenses | 660 | |
| Power | 1,600 | |
| Salary and wages | 1,000 | |
| Legal expenses | 600 | |
| Postage | 200 | |
| Bad debts | 1,300 | |
| Cash in hand | 15,800 | |
| Cash at bank | 19,600 | |
| Investments | 8,000 | |
| Bills payable | | 12,740 |
| Interest received | | 4,000 |
| Insurance | 700 | |
| Machinery | 4,400 | |
| | 2,35,740 | 2,35,740 |

The following additional information is available:

- 1. Stock on March 31, 2017 was Rs. 46,000.
- 2. Depreciation is to be charged on motor van @ 10% and on building @ 5%.
- 3. Provision for doubtful debts is to be maintained at 5% on Sundry Debtors.
- 4. Unexpired insurance was Rs. 120.
- 5. The manager is entitled to a commission @ 5% on net profit before charging such commission.

OR

Give Journal Entries for the following adjustments in final accounts: 1. Extract of Trial Balance as on 31st March, 2017.

| Particulars | Debit Rs. | Credit Rs. |
|------------------------------|-----------|------------|
| Sundry debtors | 4,13,000 | |
| Bad debts | 7,000 | |
| Provision for doubtful debts | | 45,000 |

Additional Information:

- (a) Additional Bad Debts Rs. 13,000.
- (b) Maintain the provision for doubtful debts @ 5% on debtors.
- 2. On 31st March, 2017 stock worth Rs. 25,000 was destroyed by fire. The stock was insured and the insurance company admitted a claim of Rs. 21,000 only.
- 3. Insurance prepaid Rs. 1,500.
- 4. Goods costing Rs. 10,000 having market value of Rs. 15,000 were taken over by owner for personal use.
- 5. Rent received in advance was Rs. 3,500.

Solutions and Answers

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| | | | Rs. | Rs. |
|------|------------------|-----|----------|----------|
| (i) | Donation A/c | Dr. | 20,000 | |
| | To Cash/Bank A/c | | | 20,000 |
| (ii) | Machinery A/c | Dr. | 2,50,000 | |
| | To Bank A/c | | | 2,50,000 |

Values:

- (i) Helping, caring and sharing towards children with special needs.
- (ii) Environment Protection.

14.

| Date | Particulars | | L.F. | Debit Rs. | Credit Rs. |
|------|------------------|-----|------|-----------|------------|
| (a) | Sales A/c | Dr. | | 7,000 | |
| | To Suspense A/c | | | | 7,000 |
| (b) | Sales A/c | Dr. | | 12,000 | |
| | To Furniture A/c | | | | 12,000 |
| (c) | Dheeraj | Dr. | | 50,000 | |
| | To Purchase A/c | | | | 25,000 |
| | To Sales A/c | | | 25,000 | |
| (d) | Building A/c | Dr. | | 40,000 | |
| | To Wages A/c | | | | 40,000 |

^{*}Students should write narrations also.

15. Profit Rs. 5,000

19.

Dr. MACHINERY ACCOUNT

Cr

| Date | Particulars | Amounts | Date | Particulars | Amount |
|---------|---------------------|----------|---------|----------------|----------|
| 2014 | | Rs. | 2015 | | Rs. |
| April 1 | To Bank A/c | 2,50,000 | | | |
| April 1 | To Bank A/c | | | | |
| | (Installation Exp.) | 50,000 | Mar. 31 | By Balance c/d | 3,00,000 |
| | | 3,00,000 | | | 3,00,000 |
| 2015 | | | | 2016 | |
| April 1 | To Balance b/d | 3,00,000 | Mar. 31 | By Balance c/d | 3,00,000 |
| 2016 | | | 2016 | | |
| April 1 | To Balance b/d | 3,00,000 | July 1 | By Machinery | |
| July 1 | To bank A/c | 2,00,000 | | Disposal A/c | 1,00,000 |
| | | | 2017 | | |
| | | | Mar. 31 | By Balance c/d | 4,00,000 |
| | | 5,00,000 | | | 5,00,000 |

Dr. Provision For Depreciation Account Cr.

| Date | Particulars | Amounts | Date | Particulars | Amount |
|---------|----------------|----------|---------|---------------------|----------|
| 2015 | | Rs. | 2015 | | Rs. |
| Mar. 31 | To Balance c/d | 45,000 | Mar. 31 | By Depreciation A/c | 45,000 |
| 2016 | | | 2015 | | |
| Mar. 31 | To balance c/d | 90,000 | April 1 | By Balance b/d | 45,000 |
| | | | 2016 | | |
| | | | Mar. 31 | By Depreciation A/c | 45,000 |
| | | 90,000 | | | 90,000 |
| 2016 | | | 2016 | | |
| July 1 | To machinery | | April 1 | By Balance b/d | 90,000 |
| | Disposal A/c | 33,750 | July 1 | By Depreciation A/c | 3,750 |
| 2017 | | | 2017 | | |
| Mar. 31 | To balance c/d | 1,12,500 | Mar. 31 | By Depreciation A/c | 52,500 |
| | | 1,46,250 | | | 1,46,250 |

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Machinery Disposal Account

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| Date | Particulars | Amounts | Date | Particulars | Amount |
|--------|------------------|----------|--------|------------------|----------|
| 2016 | | Rs. | 2016 | | Rs. |
| July 1 | To machinery A/c | 1,00,000 | July 1 | By provision for | |
| | | | | Depreciation A/c | 33,750 |
| | | | July 1 | By bank A/c | 15,000 |
| | | | July 1 | By Statement of | |
| | | | | Profit & Loss | |
| | | | | (Loss on sale) | 51,250 |
| | | 1,00,000 | | | 1,00,000 |

Working Notes :

| | | 52,500 |
|-----|--|----------|
| | On new machinery of Rs. 2,00,000 for 9 months | 22,500 |
| | On old machinery of Rs. 2,00,000 for 1 year | 30,000 |
| (2) | Depreciation on unsold machinery for the year 2016-17: | |
| | Loss on sale | 51,250 |
| | Less: Sale proceeds | 15,000 |
| | Book Value as on 1st July, 2016 | 66,250 |
| | on original cost method | 33,750 |
| | Less: Depreciation @ 15% p.a. for 2 years 3 months | |
| | Original Cost of 2/3rd machinery as on 1st April, 2014 | 1,00,000 |
| (1) | Calculation of loss on sale of machinery; | Rs. |

| 21. | | • | | | Ö | Cash Book | 3ook | | | • | |
|--------|-------------------------|-----|------|----------|----------|-----------|-------------------------|-----|------|----------|----------|
| Date | Particular (Paymets) | N S | L.F. | Cash | Bank | Date | Particular (Paymets) | N C | L.F. | Cash | Bank |
| 2018 | | | | Rs. | Rs. | 2008 | | | | Rs. | Rs. |
| Jan. 1 | To balance b/d | | | 70,000 | | Jan. 1 | By balance b/d | | | | 50,000 |
| Jan. 4 | To Sales A/c | | | 20,000 | | 5 | By Bank | | O | 80,000 | |
| Jan. 5 | To Cash A/c | | O | | 80,000 | 7 | By Meena | | | | 28,800 |
| 17 | To Cheques in Hand | | | | | 80 | By Drawings A/c | | | | 5,000 |
| | A/c | | | | 25,000 | 20 | By Bank Charges A/c | | | | 200 |
| 23 | To Ramesh | | | 28,800 | | 22 | By Interest Charged A/c | | | | 2,500 |
| 30 | To Cash A/c | | ပ | | 63,000 | 78 | By Drawings A/c | | O | 63,000 | |
| | | | | | | 31 | By Balance c/d | | | 2,000 | 66,200 |
| | | | | 1,48,000 | 1,68,000 | | | | | 1,48,000 | 1,68,000 |
| Feb. 1 | To balance b/d | | | 5,000 | 66,200 | | | | | | |

23. Journal entries in the Books of Mehak

| Date | Particulars | | L.F. | Debit Rs. | Credit Rs. |
|---------|--|------|------|-----------|------------|
| 2017 | | | | | |
| July 31 | Shally | Dr. | | 24,000 | |
| | To Sales A/c | | | | 24,000 |
| | (Goods sold) | | | | |
| July 31 | B/R A/c (No.1) | Dr. | | 6,000 | |
| | B/R A/c (No.2) | Dr. | | 8,000 | |
| | B/R A/c (No. 3) | Dr. | | 10,000 | |
| | To Shally | | | | 24,000 |
| | (Acceptances received) | | | | |
| July 31 | Kanak | Dr. | | 8,000 | |
| | To B/R A/c | | | | 8,000 |
| | (Second bill endorsed) | | | | |
| Sept. 3 | Bank A/c | Dr. | | 9,700 | |
| | Discounting Charges A/c | Dr. | | 300 | |
| | To B/R A/c | | | | 10,000 |
| | (Third bill discounted after one mo | nth) | | | |
| Oct. 3 | Cash/Bank A/c | Dr. | | 6,000 | |
| | To B/R (No.1) | | | | 6,000 |
| | (Amount of first bill received) | | | | |
| Dec. 3 | Shally | Dr. | | 10,150 | |
| | To Bank | | | | 10,150 |
| | (Third bill dishonoured and noting charges paid by bank) | | | | |
| Dec. 3 | Cash/Bank A/c | Dr. | | 5,150 | |
| | To Shally | | | | 5,150 |
| | (Amount received) | | | | |

| Dec. 3 | Shally To Interest received A/c (Interest receivable) | Dr. | 200 | 200 |
|--------|--|-----|-------|-------|
| Dec. 3 | B/R A/c To Shally (New acceptance received) | Dr. | 5,200 | 5,200 |
| 2018 | | | | |
| Feb. 6 | Cash/Bank A/c To B/R (The amount of the bill received) | Dr. | 5,200 | 5,200 |

Answer to Alternate Q. 23

Pass Book Overdraft balance Rs. 52,000

24. Gross profit Rs. 47,520; Net Profit Rs. 43,063; Balance Sheet Total Rs. 1,23,070.

Hint: Manager's Commission will be $\frac{5}{100}$ of Rs. 45,330

Solution to Alternate Q. 24:

Journal

| S. No. | Date | Particulars | | LF. | Debit Rs. | Credit Rs. |
|--------|----------|--|-----|-----|-----------|------------|
| (1) | March 31 | Bad-debts A/c | Dr. | | 13,000 | |
| | | To Sundry Debtors A/c | | | | 13,000 |
| | | (Further Bad-debts) | | | | |
| | ,, | Provision for Doubtful Debts A/c | Dr. | | 20,000 | |
| | | To Bad Debts A/c | | | | 20,000 |
| | | (Bad debts adjusted against the provision) | | | | |
| | ,, | Provision for Doubtful Debts A/c | Dr. | | 5,000 | |
| | | To Profit & Loss A/c | | | | 5,000 |

| (2) | ,, | Loss by Fire A/c | Dr. | 25,000 | |
|-----|----|-------------------------------------|-----|--------|--------|
| | | To Purchases A/c | | | 25,000 |
| | | (Goods destroyed by fire) | | | · |
| | ,, | Insurance Claim or Insurance Co. | Dr. | 21,000 | |
| | | Profit & Loss A/c | Dr. | 4,000 | |
| | | (To Loss by Fire A/c | | | 25,000 |
| | | (Claim accepted by Insurance Co.) | | | |
| (3) | " | Prepaid Insurance A/c | Dr. | 1,500 | |
| | | To Insurance Premium A/c | | | 1,500 |
| | | (Insurance premium paid in advance) | | | |
| (4) | ,, | DrawingsA/c | Dr. | 10,000 | |
| | | To Purchases A/c | | | 10,000 |
| | | (Goods taken for personal use) | | | |
| (5) | ,, | Rent Received A/c | Dr. | 3,500 | |
| | | To Rent Received in Advance A./c | | | 3,500 |
| | | (Rent received in advance) | | | |

| Note: (1) | Excess amount Credited to P & L A/c | Rs. |
|-----------|--|--------|
| | Bad-Debts (Rs.7,000 + Rs. 13,000) | 20,000 |
| | Add: New Provision : 5% on (Rs. 4,13,000 – Rs. 13,000) | 20,000 |
| | | 40,000 |
| | Less: Old Provision | 45,000 |
| | | 5,000 |