







- 1. A trial is an action which results in one or several outcomes.
- 2. An experiment in which the result of a trial cannot be predicted in advance is called a random experiment.
- 3. An event associated to a random experiment is the collection of some outcomes of the experiment.
- 4. An event associated with a random experiment is said to happen if any one of the outcomes satisfying the definition of the event is an outcome of the experiment when it is performed.
- 5. The Empirical probability of happening of an event E is defined as

 $P(E) = \frac{Number\ of\ trials\ in\ which\ the\ event\ happened}{Total\ number\ of\ trials}$