

Class 7

Important Formulas

Chapter 7 – Congruence of Triangles

1. Two figures are congruent, if they have exactly the same shape and size.

2.

- (i) Two line segments are congruent, if they have the same length.
- (ii) Two angles are congruent, if they have the same measure.
- (iii) Two squares are congruent, if they have the same side length.
- (iv) Two rectangles are congruent, if they have the same length and breadth.
- (v) Two circles are congruent, if they have the same radius.
- 3. Two triangles are congruent, if in matching of their vertices, the three sides and the three angles of one triangle are respectively equal to the corresponding parts of the other.
- 4. SSS Congruence Condition: Two triangles are congruent, if three sides of one triangle are respectively equal to the three sides of the other.
- 5. SAS Congruence Condition: Two triangles are congruent, if two sides and the included angle of one are respectively equal to the two sides and the included angle of the other.
- 6. ASA Congruence Condition: Two triangles are congruent, if two angles and the included side of the one are respectively equal to the two angles and the included side of the other.
- 7. RHS Congruence Condition: Two right triangles are congruent, if the hypotenuse and one side of the one triangle are respectively equal to the hypotenuse and one side of the other
- 8. In an isosceles triangle, the angles opposite to equal sides are equal.
- 9. The bisector of the vertical angle of an isosceles triangle bisects the base at right angles.
- 10. Two congruent figures are equal in area but two figures having the same area need not be congruent.