





राष्ट्रीय शैक्षिक अनुसंधान और प्रशिक्षण परिषद् NATIONAL COUNCIL OF EDUCATIONAL RESEARCH AND TRAINING

#### 12085 - CHEMISTRY PART I

Textbook for Class XII

#### **First Edition** January 2007

Pausa 1928

Reprinted November 2007, December 2008, January 2010, January 2011, January 2012, January 2013, November 2013, December 2014, December 2015, February 2017 February 2018, January 2019, August 2019, March 2020, July 2021, February 2022

**Revised Edtion** October 2022

2022 Kartika 1944

#### **PD 235T BS**

© National Council of Educational Research and Training, 2007, 2022

₹ 200.00

## Printed on 80 GSM paper with NCERT watermark

Published at the Publication Division by the Secretary, National Council of Educational Research and Training, Sri Aurobindo Marg, New Delhi 110 016 and printed at Raas Technoprint, A-93, Sector-65, Noida-201 301 (UP)

# ALL RIGHTS RESERVED No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted, in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise without the prior permission of the publisher. This hook is sold subject to the condition that it shall not by way of trade be left

ISBN 81-7450-648-9

- This book is sold subject to the condition that it shall not, by way of trade, be lent, re-sold, hired out or otherwise disposed of without the publisher's consent, in any form of binding or cover other than that in which it is published.
- The correct price of this publication is the price printed on this page, Any revised price indicated by a rubber stamp or by a sticker or by any other means is incorrect and should be unacceptable.

OFFICES OF THE PUBLICATION DIVISION, NCERT

NCERT Campus Sri Aurobindo Marg New Delhi 110 016

108, 100 Feet Road Hosdakere Halli Extension Banashankari III Stage **Bengaluru 560 085** 

Navjivan Trust Building P.O.Navjivan Ahmedabad 380 014

CWC Campus Opp. Dhankal Bus Stop Panihati Kolkata 700 114

CWC Complex Maligaon Guwahati 781 021 Phone: 011-26562708

Phone: 080-26725740

Phone: 079-27541446

Phone: 033-25530454

Phone: 0361-2674869

#### **Publication Team**

| Head, Publication<br>Division   | : | Anup Kumar Rajpu |
|---------------------------------|---|------------------|
| Chief Production<br>Officer     | : | Arun Chitkara    |
| Chief Business<br>Manager       | : | Vipin Dewan      |
| Chief Editor (In charge)        | : | Bijnan Sutar     |
| Assistant Editor                | : | R.N. Bhardwaj    |
| Assistant Production<br>Officer | : | Mukesh Gaur      |

**Cover and Layout** Nidhi Wadhwa

## Foreword

The National Curriculum Framework (NCF), 2005 recommends that children's life at school must be linked to their life outside the school. This principle marks a departure from the legacy of bookish learning which continues to shape our system and causes a gap between the school, home and community. The syllabi and textbooks developed on the basis of NCF signify an attempt to implement this basic idea. They also attempt to discourage rote learning and the maintenance of sharp boundaries between different subject areas. We hope these measures will take us significantly further in the direction of a child-centred system of education outlined in the National Policy on Education (1986).

The success of this effort depends on the steps that school principals and teachers will take to encourage children to reflect on their own learning and to pursue imaginative activities and questions. We must recognise that, given space, time and freedom, children generate new knowledge by engaging with the information passed on to them by adults. Treating the prescribed textbook as the sole basis of examination is one of the key reasons why other resources and sites of learning are ignored. Inculcating creativity and initiative is possible if we perceive and treat children as participants in learning, not as receivers of a fixed body of knowledge.

These aims imply considerable change in school routines and mode of functioning. Flexibility in the daily time-table is as necessary as rigour in implementing the annual calender so that the required number of teaching days are actually devoted to teaching. The methods used for teaching and evaluation will also determine how effective this textbook proves for making children's life at school a happy experience, rather than a source of stress or boredom. Syllabus designers have tried to address the problem of curricular burden by restructuring and reorienting knowledge at different stages with greater consideration for child psychology and the time available for teaching. The textbook attempts to enhance this endeavour by giving higher priority and space to opportunities for contemplation and wondering, discussion in small groups, and activities requiring hands-on experience.

The National Council of Educational Research and Training (NCERT) appreciates the hard work done by the textbook development committee

responsible for this book. We wish to thank the Chairperson of the advisory group in science and mathematics, Professor J.V. Narlikar and the Chief Advisor for this book, Professor B. L. Khandelwal for guiding the work of this committee. Several teachers contributed to the development of this textbook; we are grateful to their principals for making this possible. We are indebted to the institutions and organisations which have generously permitted us to draw upon their resources, material and personnel. As an organisation committed to systemic reform and continuous improvement in the quality of its products, NCERT welcomes comments and suggestions which will enable us to undertake further revision and refinement.

New Delhi 20 November 2006 Director National Council of Educational Research and Training

## **R**ATIONALISATION OF CONTENT IN THE TEXTBOOKS

In view of the COVID-19 pandemic, it is imperative to reduce content load on students. The National Education Policy 2020, also emphasises reducing the content load and providing opportunities for experiential learning with creative mindset. In this background, the NCERT has undertaken the exercise to rationalise the textbooks across all classes. Learning Outcomes already developed by the NCERT across classes have been taken into consideration in this exercise.

#### Contents of the textbooks have been rationalised in view of the following:

- Overlapping with similar content included in other subject areas in the same class
- Similar content included in the lower or higher class in the same subject
- Difficulty level
- Content, which is easily accessible to students without much interventions from teachers and can be learned by children through self-learning or peer-learning
- Content, which is irrelevant in the present context

This present edition, is a reformatted version after carrying out the changes given above.

ot to

## PREFACE

Chemistry has made a profound impact on the society. It is intimately linked to the well-being of human kind. The rate of advancements in chemistry is so high that curriculum developers continuously look for strategies to cope with these advancements. Also, the students have to be inspired to be the future leaders who would make fundamental contributions. The present textbook is a sincere effort in this direction.

The structure of the textbook, presented in two parts, comprises of sixteen Units. Although the titles of various Units indicate a sort of compartmentalisation into physical, inorganic and organic chemistry, readers will find that these sub-disciplines have been intermingled, at least to a certain extent, to have a unified approach to the subject. The approach of presentation of the subject matter discourages students from rote memorisation. The subject has in fact, been organised around the laws and principles of chemistry. As students master these laws and principles, they will soon get to the point where they can predict much of what will come.

Efforts have been directed towards making the subject stimulating and exciting by references to the historical developments and its usefulness to our lives, wherever appropriate. The text is well illustrated with examples from surrounding environment to facilitate grasping of the qualitative and quantitative aspects of the concept easily. Physical data are given in SI units throughout the book to make comparison of various properties easier. IUPAC system of nomenclature has been followed along with the common system. Structural formulae of chemical compounds showing functional/coordinating groups in different colours are drawn using electronic system. Each Unit has a good number of examples, as illustrations, with their solutions and some intext questions, the answers of some of which are given at the end of the Unit. The end of Unit exercises are designed to apply important principles and provoke thinking process to solve them. Answers of some of these exercises are given at the end of the book.

A variety of materials, e.g., biographical sketches of some scientists, additional information related to a particular topic, etc., is given in boxes with a deep yellow coloured bar. This boxed material with a 'deep yellow bar' is to bring additional life to the topic. However, it is non-evaluative. The structures of some of the more complex compounds incorporated in the book are for understanding their chemistry. As their reproduction would lead to memorisation, it is also a non-evaluative portion of the text.

The information part has been significantly reduced and, wherever possible, it has been substantiated with facts. However, it is necessary for students to

be aware of commercially important chemicals, their process of manufacture and sources of raw materials. This leads to descriptive material in the book. Attempts have been made to make descriptions of such compounds interesting by considering their structures and reactivity. Thermodynamics, kinetics and electrochemical aspects have been applied to chemical reactions which should be beneficial to students for understanding why a particular reaction happened and why a particular property is exhibited by the product. There is currently great awareness of environmental and energy issues which are directly related to chemistry. Such issues have been highlighted and dealt with at appropriate places in the book.

A team of experts constituted by the NCERT has developed the manuscript of the book. It gives me great pleasure to acknowledge the valuable contribution of all the members of this team. I also acknowledge the valuable and relentless contribution of the editors in bringing the book to the present shape. I also acknowledge with thanks the dedicated efforts and valuable contribution of Professor Brahm Parkash, who not only coordinated the entire programme but also actively involved in writing and editing of this book. Thanks are also due to the participating teachers and subject experts of the review workshop for their contribution, which has helped us to make the book learner friendly. Also, I thank the technical and administrative staff of the NCERT for their support in the entire process.

The team of this textbook development programme hopes that the book stimulates its readers and makes them feel the excitement and fascination for this subject. Efforts have been made to bring out this book error-free. Nevertheless, it is recognised that in such a book of complexity, there could inevitably be occasional errors. It will always be a pleasure to hear about them from readers to take necessary steps to rectify them.

B.L. KHANDELWAL

## **TEXTBOOK DEVELOPMENT COMMITTEE**

#### CHAIRMAN, ADVISORY GROUP FOR TEXTBOOKS IN SCIENCE AND MATHEMATICS

J.V. Narlikar, *Professor Emeritus*, Chairman, Advisory Committee, Inter University Centre for Astronomy and Astrophysics (IUCAA), Ganeshkhind, Pune University Campus, Pune

#### CHIEF ADVISOR

B.L. Khandelwal, *Professor*, *Director*, Disha Institute of Management and Technology, Raipur, Chhattisgarh. Formerly *Chairman*, Department of Chemistry, Indian Institute of Technology, New Delhi

#### MEMBERS

A.S. Brar, *Professor*, Department of Chemistry, Indian Institute of Technology, New Delhi

A.Q. Contractor, *Professor*, Department of Chemistry, Indian Institute of Technology, Powai, Mumbai

Alka Mehrotra, Reader, DESM, NCERT, New Delhi

Anjni Koul, Lecturer, DESM, NCERT, New Delhi

Brahm Parkash, Professor, DESM, NCERT, New Delhi

I.P. Agarwal, *Professor*, DESM, Regional Institute of Education, NCERT, Bhopal, M.P.

K.K. Arora, *Reader*, Department of Chemistry, Zakir Hussain College, University of Delhi, New Delhi

K.N. Upadhayaya, *Head* (Retired), Department of Chemistry, Ramjas College, Delhi University, Delhi

Kavita Sharma, Lecturer, DEE, NCERT, New Delhi

M.P. Mahajan, *Professor*, Department of Chemistry, Guru Nanak Dev University, Amritsar, Punjab

M.L. Agarwal, Principal (Retired), Kendriya Vidyalaya, Jaipur, Rajasthan

Puran Chand, Professor, Joint Director (Retired), CIET, NCERT, New Delhi

R.A. Verma, *Vice Principal*, Shaheed Basant Kumar Biswas Sarvodaya Vidyalaya, Civil Lines, New Delhi

R.K. Verma, Professor, Department of Chemistry, Magadh University, Bihar

R.K. Prashar, Lecturer, DESM, NCERT, New Delhi

R.S. Sindhu, Professor, DESM, NCERT, New Delhi

S.K. Gupta, *Reader*, School of Studies in Chemistry, Jiwaji University, Gwalior, M.P.

S.K. Dogra, *Professor*, Dr B.R. Ambedkar Centre for Biomedical Research, University of Delhi, Delhi

Sarabjeet Sachdeva, PGT, (Chemistry), St. Columbas School, New Delhi

S. Badhwar, Lecturer, The Daly College, Indore, M.P.

V.N. Pathak, *Professor*, Department of Chemistry, University of Rajasthan, Jaipur, Rajasthan

Vijay Sarda, *Reader*, Department of Chemistry, Zakir Hussain College, University of Delhi, New Delhi

V.K. Verma, *Professor*, (Retired), Institute of Technology, Banaras Hindu University, Varanasi, U.P.

V.P. Gupta, *Professor*, DESM, Regional Institute of Education, NCERT, Bhopal, M.P.

#### **E**DITORIAL COMMITTEE

B.L. Khandelwal Brahm Parkash K.N. Upadhayaya K.K. Arora R.S. Sindhu Vijay Sarda

**Member-coordinator** 

Brahm Parkash, Professor, DESM, NCERT, New Delhi

### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The National Council of Educational Research and Training (NCERT) gratefully acknowledges the valuable contributions of the individuals and organisations involved in the development of Chemistry textbook for Class XII. The acknowledgements are also due to the following practicing teachers and subject experts for reviewing the draft manuscript and giving useful suggestions for its improvement in a workshop: Dr D.S. Rawat, Department of Chemistry, University of Delhi, Delhi; Dr Mahendra Nath, Reader, Chemistry Department, University of Delhi, Delhi; Dr Sulekh Chandra, Reader, Zakir Hussain College, New Delhi; Ms Ameeta K., PGT (Chemistry), Vidyalaya No. 3, Patiala Cantt (Pb.); Dr G.T. Bhandge, Professor and Head, DESM, Regional Institute of Education, Mysore; Dr Neeti Mishra, Senior Lecturer, Department of Chemistry, Acharya Narendra Dev College, New Delhi; Dr. S.P.S. Mehta, Department of Chemistry, Kumaun University, Nainital (UA); Dr N.V.S. Naidu, Assistant Professor (Chemistry), SVU College of Mathematics and Physical Sciences, S.V. University, Tirupati (A.P.); Dr A.C. Handa, Hindu College, Delhi University, Delhi; Dr A.K. Vashishtha, G.B.S.S.S. Jafrabad, Delhi; Dr Charanjit Kaur, Head, Department of Chemistry, Sri Sathya Sai College for Women, Bhopal, P.O. Habibganj; Ms Alka Sharma, PGT (Chemistry), S.L.S. DAV Public School, Mausam Vihar, Delhi; Dr H.H. Tripathy, Reader (Retired), Regional Institute of Education, Bhubaneswar; Shri C.B. Singh, PGT (Chemistry), Kendriya Vidyalaya No. 2, Delhi Cantt, Delhi; Dr Neeti Mishra and Dr Sunita Hooda, Acharya Narendra Dev College, Delhi University, New Delhi.

The Council also thanks the Members of Editorial Committee for their unrelenting efforts in editing the manuscript and bringing it to the present shape.

The Council also acknowledges the contribution of Shri Vijay Singh, Shri Narender Kr. Verma, DTP Operator; Dr K.T. Chitralekha, Copy Editor; Shri Abhimanyu Mohanty, Proof Reader; Shri Deepak Kapoor, Incharge, Computer Station in shaping this book.

## THE CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

## PREAMBLE

**WE, THE PEOPLE OF INDIA**, having solemnly resolved to constitute India into a <sup>1</sup>[SOVEREIGN SOCIALIST SECULAR DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC] and to secure to all its citizens :

**JUSTICE,** social, economic and political;

**LIBERTY** of thought, expression, belief, faith and worship;

**EQUALITY** of status and of opportunity; and to promote among them all

**FRATERNITY** assuring the dignity of the individual and the <sup>2</sup>[unity and integrity of the Nation];

**IN OUR CONSTITUENT ASSEMBLY** this twenty-sixth day of November, 1949 do **HEREBY ADOPT, ENACT AND GIVE TO OURSELVES THIS CONSTITUTION.** 

Subs. by the Constitution (Forty-second Amendment) Act, 1976, Sec.2, for "Sovereign Democratic Republic" (w.e.f. 3.1.1977)
Subs. by the Constitution (Forty-second Amendment) Act, 1976, Sec.2, for "Unity of the Nation" (w.e.f. 3.1.1977)

## CONTENTS

|      |   | Forev<br>Ratio<br>Prefa | nalisation of Content in the Textbooks                 | iii<br>v<br>vii |  |  |  |
|------|---|-------------------------|--|-----------------|--|--|--|
| Unit | 1 | Solutions               |  |                 |  |  |  |
|      |   | 1.1                     | Types of Solutions                                     | 1               |  |  |  |
|      |   | 1.2                     | Expressing Concentration of Solutions                  | 2               |  |  |  |
|      |   | 1.3                     | Solubility   | 5               |  |  |  |
|      |   | 1.4                     | Vapour Pressure of Liquid Solutions                    | 9               |  |  |  |
|      |   | 1.5                     | Ideal and Non-ideal Solutions                          | 13              |  |  |  |
|      |   | 1.6                     | Colligative Properties and Determination of Molar Mass | 15              |  |  |  |
|      |   | 1.7                     | Abnormal Molar Masses                                  | 23              |  |  |  |
| Unit | 2 | Elec                    | trochemistry   | 31              |  |  |  |
|      |   | 2.1                     | Electrochemical Cells                                  | 32              |  |  |  |
|      |   | 2.2                     | Galvanic Cells   | 33              |  |  |  |
|      |   | 2.3                     | Nernst Equation  | 36              |  |  |  |
|      |   | 2.4                     | Conductance of Electrolytic Solutions                  | 41              |  |  |  |
|      |   | 2.5                     | Electrolytic Cells and Electrolysis                    | 51              |  |  |  |
|      |   | 2.6                     | Batteries  | 54              |  |  |  |
|      |   | 2.7                     | Fuel Cells   | 56              |  |  |  |
|      |   | 2.8                     | Corrosion  | 57              |  |  |  |
| Unit | 3 | Cher                    | nical Kinetics   | 61              |  |  |  |
|      |   | 3.1                     | Rate of a Chemical Reaction                            | 62              |  |  |  |
|      |   | 3.2                     | Factors Influencing Rate of a Reaction                 | 66              |  |  |  |
|      |   | 3.3                     | Integrated Rate Equations                              | 71              |  |  |  |
|      |   | 3.4                     | Temperature Dependence of the Rate of a Reaction       | 78              |  |  |  |
|      |   | 3.5                     | Collision Theory of Chemical Reactions                 | 82              |  |  |  |

| Unit | 4 | The  | d-and f-Block Elements   | 89  |
|------|---|------|--|-----|
|      |   | 4.1  | Position in the Periodic Table                                   | 90  |
|      |   | 4.2  | Electronic Configurations of the <i>d</i> -Block Elements        | 90  |
|      |   | 4.3  | General Properties of the Transition Elements ( <i>d</i> -Block) | 92  |
|      |   | 4.4  | Some Important Compounds of Transition Elements                  | 105 |
|      |   | 4.5  | The Lanthanoids  | 108 |
|      |   | 4.6  | The Actinoids  | 111 |
|      |   | 4.7  | Some Applications of $d$ - and $f$ -Block Elements               | 113 |
| Unit | 5 | Coor | dination Compounds   | 118 |
|      |   | 5.1  | Werner's Theory of Coordination Compounds                        | 118 |
|      |   | 5.2  | Definitions of Some Important Terms Pertaining to                | 121 |
|      |   |      | Coordination Compounds   |     |
|      |   | 5.3  | Nomenclature of Coordination Compounds                           | 122 |
|      |   | 5.4  | Isomerism in Coordination Compounds                              | 125 |
|      |   | 5.5  | Bonding in Coordination Compounds                                | 128 |
|      |   | 5.6  | Bonding in Metal Carbonyls                                       | 135 |
|      |   | 5.7  | Importance and Applications of Coordination                      | 136 |
|      |   |      | Compounds  |     |

## Appendices141Answers to Some Questions in Exercises154