NCERT Solutions for Class 8 Maths Chapter 12 Exponents and Powers Ex 12.2

Ex 12.2 Class 8 Maths Question 1.

Express the following numbers in standard form:

- (i) 0.000000000085
- (ii) 0.0000000000942
- (iii) 60200000000000000
- (iv) 0.00000000837
- (v) 31860000000

Solution:

(i) 0.000000000085

$$=\frac{85}{10000000000000}=\frac{8.5\times10}{10^{13}}$$

$$= 8.5 \times 10^{1-13} = 8.5 \times 10^{-12}$$

Hence, the required standard form

$$= 8.5 \times 10^{-12}$$

(ii) 0.00000000000942

$$= 9.42 \times 10^{2-14} = 9.42 \times 10^{-12}$$

Hence, the required standard form

$$= 9.42 \times 10^{-12}$$

(iii) 60200000000000000

$$= 6.02 \times 10000000000000000$$

$$=6.02 \times 10^{15}$$

Hence, the required standard form

$$=6.02 \times 10^{15}$$

(iv) 0.00000000837

$$= \frac{837}{100000000000}$$

$$= \frac{8.37 \times 100}{1000000000000} = \frac{8.37 \times 10^{2}}{10^{11}}$$

$$= 8.37 \times 10^{2-11} = 8.37 \times 10^{-9}$$

Hence, the required standard from $= 8.37 \times 10^{-9}$

(v) 31860000000

$$= 3.186 \times 10^{10}$$

Hence, the required standard from = 3.186×10^{10}

Ex 12.2 Class 8 Maths Question 2.

Express the following numbers in usual form.

- (i) 3.02×10^{-6}
- (ii) 4.5×10^4
- (iii) 3×10^{-8}
- (iv) 1.0001×10^9
- (v) 5.8×10^{12}
- (vi) 3.61492×10^6

Solution:

(i)
$$3.02 \times 10^{-6}$$

= $3.02 \times \frac{1}{10^6} = \frac{302}{100 \times 10^6}$
= $\frac{302}{10^2 \times 10^6} = \frac{302}{10^{2+6}} = \frac{302}{10^8}$
= 302×10^{-8}
= 0.00000302

Hence, $3.02 \times 10^{-6} = 0.00000302$

(ii)
$$4.5 \times 10^4$$

= $\frac{45}{10} \times 10^4 = 45 \times 10^{4-1}$
= $45 \times 10^3 = 45000$

Hence, $4.5 \times 10^4 = 45000$

(iii)
$$3 \times 10^{-8}$$

= $3 \times \frac{1}{10^{8}} = \frac{3}{100000000}$
= 0.00000003

Hence, $3 \times 10^{-8} = 0.00000003$

$$(iv) \ 1.0001 \times 10^{9}$$

$$= \frac{10001}{10000} \times 10^{9} = \frac{10001}{10^{4}} \times 10^{9}$$

$$= 10001 \times 10^{9-4} = 10001 \times 10^{5}$$
Hence, $1.0001 \times 10^{9} = 1000100000$

$$(v) 5.8 \times 10^{12}$$

$$= \frac{58}{10} \times 10^{12} = 58 \times 10^{12-1}$$

$$= 58 \times 10^{11}$$

$$= 5800000000000$$

Hence, $5.8 \times 10^{12} = 58000000000000$

Ex 12.2 Class 8 Maths Question 3.

Express the number appearing in the following statements in standard form.

- (i) 1 micron is equal to $\frac{1}{1000000}$ m.
- (ii) Charge of an electron is 0.000,000,000,000,000,000,16 coulomb
- (iii) Size of a bacteria is 0.0000005 m
- (iv) Size of a plant cell is 0.00001275 m
- (v) Thickness of a thick paper is 0.07 mm.

Solution:

(i) 1 micron =
$$\frac{1}{1000000}$$

= $\frac{1}{10^6}$ m
= 10^{-6} m

(ii) Charge of an election

$$= 0.000,000,000,000,000,000,16$$

$$= \frac{16}{1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000}$$

$$= \frac{1.6 \times 10}{1,000,000,000,000,000,000,000}$$

$$= \frac{1.6 \times 10}{10^{20}} = 1.6 \times 10^{1-20} = 1.6 \times 10^{-19}$$

(iii) Size of a bacteria = 0.0000005 m

$$= \frac{5}{10000000} \text{ m}$$

$$= \frac{0.5 \times 10}{10^7} \text{ m} = 0.5 \times 10^{1-7} \text{ m}$$

$$= 0.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ m} = 5 \times 10^{-7} \text{ m}$$

(iv) Size of a plant cell = 0.00001275 m

$$= \frac{1275}{100000000} \text{ m}$$

$$= \frac{1.275 \times 10^{3}}{10^{8}} \text{ m}$$

$$= 1.275 \times 10^{3-8}$$

$$= 1.275 \times 10^{-5} \text{ m}$$

(v) Thickness of a thick paper = 0.07 mm

$$= \frac{7}{100} \text{ mm}$$

$$= \frac{0.7 \times 10}{10^2} = 0.7 \times 10^{1-2}$$

$$= 0.7 \times 10^{-1} \text{ mm} = 7 \times 10^{-2} \text{ mm}$$

Ex 12.2 Class 8 Maths Question 4.

In a stack there are 5 books each of thickness 20 mm and 5 paper sheets each of thickness 0.016 mm.

What is the total thickness of the stack?

Solution:

Thickness of books = $5 \times 20 = 100 \text{ mm}$

Thickness of 5 paper sheets = 5×0.016 mm = 0.080 mm.

Total thickness of the stack = 100 mm + 0.080 mm = 100.080 mm = 1.0008×10^2 mm