

**Directorate of Education, GNCT of Delhi**  
**Practice Paper (2023-24)**  
**HISTORY (027)**  
**CLASS-XI**

**Time Allowed: 3 hrs.**

**Max. Marks: 80**

**General Instructions:**

(i) Question paper comprises five Sections – A, B, C, D and E. There are 34 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.

(ii) **Section A** – Question 1 to 21 are MCQs of 1 mark each.

(iii) **Section B** – Question no. 22 to 27 are Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 3 marks each.

Answer to each question should not exceed 60-80 words.

(iv) **Section C** - Question no 28 to 30 are Long Answer Type Questions, carrying 8 marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 300-350 words.

(v) **Section D** – Question no.31 to 33 are Source based questions with three sub questions and are of 4 marks each.

(vi) **Section E** - Question no. 34 is Map based, carrying 5 marks that includes the identification and location of significant test items. Attach the map with the answer book.

(vii) There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided

in few questions. Only one of the choices in such questions has to be attempted.

(viii) In addition to this, separate instructions are given with each section and question, wherever Necessary.

**Section – A**


**1x21 Marks**

1	Identify the name of emperor with the help of the following information: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• He collected a library at his capital, Nineveh in the north.</li> <li>• He sent his scribes south to find old tablets.</li> <li>• He declared himself as a king of the universe.</li> </ul> a) Nabonidus                      b) Sargon                      c) Assurbanipal                      d) Enmerkar	1
2	War captives and local people who were put to work for the temple or for the ruler were paid a) Bronze tools                      b) Cattle                      c) coins                      d) Ration	1

3	<p>Given below are two statements, one labeled as Assertion (A) and the other labeled as Reason (R).</p> <p><b>Assertion (A)</b> - The greatest legacy of Mesopotamia to the world is its scholarly tradition of time reckoning and mathematics.</p> <p><b>Reason (R)</b>- The division of the year into 12 months according to the revolution of the earth around the sun.</p> <p>i) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.</p> <p>ii) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.</p> <p>iii) A is true but R is false.</p> <p>iv) A is false but R is true</p>	1										
4	<p>'What is the meaning of 'mesos'?</p> <p>a) The Highland c) The Plateau region</p> <p>b) The Mid Land d) An Island</p>	1										
5	<p>The first known language of Mesopotamia was</p> <p>a) Akkadian c) Aramaic</p> <p>b) Hebrew d) Sumerian</p>	1										
6	<p>Roman Empire remained the Republic till .....</p> <p>a) 27 BCE c) 527 BCE</p> <p>b) 27 CE d) 512 BCE</p>	1										
7	<p>Which among the following is Correctly matched?</p> <table><tr><td>List 1</td><td>List 2</td></tr><tr><td>1. Spain</td><td>i. Punic</td></tr><tr><td>2. Armenia</td><td>ii. Celtic</td></tr><tr><td>3. Egypt</td><td>iii. Coptic</td></tr><tr><td>4. North Africa</td><td>iv. Armenian</td></tr></table>	List 1	List 2	1. Spain	i. Punic	2. Armenia	ii. Celtic	3. Egypt	iii. Coptic	4. North Africa	iv. Armenian	1
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8	<p>Who recommended that landowners should keep a reserve stock of implements and tools, twice as they needed?</p> <p>a) Tacitus b) Pliny the Elder c) Columella d) Augustine</p>	1										

9	Consider the following statement about the Roman society: a- The woman remained a primary heir of her father. b- Slaves were included in the family. c- Divorce was relatively easy. . d- Marriages were generally arranged. Choose the correct statement(s): 1- a, b and d                      2- b, c and d                      3- a, b and c                      4- All of them	1
10	Which among the following is Correctly not matched? <b>Column A</b> a) Golden horde b) Gerege c) Qubcur d) Yam <b>Column B</b> Confederacy established by descendants of Jochi. Meant for pass or permit in mongolian. A tax imposed on nomads provided with trading facilities. code of law	1
11	“If you insult the peasantry' take their oxen and seed and trample their crops into the ground, what will you do in the future?” Who said this statement? a) Genghis Khan b) Ghazan Khan c) Qubilai Khan d) Chaghatai khan	1
12	Why Genghis Khan commanded to plunder and destroy Nishapur? a) Because a Mongol prince was killed. b) Because Nishapur refused to export agricultural produce. c) Because they were developing industries. d) None of the above.	1
13	The Mongol Empire was founded by: a) Genghis Khan b) Alexander the Great c) Julius Caesar d) Attila the Hun	1
14	Consider the following statements in respect of knight. Which of the following is not correct?	1

	<p>a) The lord gave the knight a piece of land (fief) and promised to protect it.</p> <p>b) The fief could not be inherited.</p> <p>c) In exchange, the knight paid his lord a regular fee and promised to fight for him in war.</p> <p>d) A knight might serve more than one lord, but his foremost loyalty was to his own lord.</p>																																														
15	<p>Match the following:</p> <table><thead><tr><th colspan="2">List I</th><th colspan="2">List II</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>(i)</td><td>France</td><td>(a)</td><td>Henry VII</td></tr><tr><td>(ii)</td><td>England</td><td>(b)</td><td>Louis XI</td></tr><tr><td>(iii)</td><td>Austria</td><td>(c)</td><td>Ferdinand</td></tr><tr><td>(iv)</td><td>Spain</td><td>(d)</td><td>Maximilian</td></tr></tbody></table> <p>Options:</p> <table><thead><tr><th></th><th>(i)</th><th>(ii)</th><th>(iii)</th><th>(iv)</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>(A)</td><td>d</td><td>a</td><td>c</td><td>b</td></tr><tr><td>(B)</td><td>b</td><td>d</td><td>a</td><td>c</td></tr><tr><td>(C)</td><td>d</td><td>b</td><td>c</td><td>a</td></tr><tr><td>(D)</td><td>b</td><td>a</td><td>d</td><td>c</td></tr></tbody></table>	List I		List II		(i)	France	(a)	Henry VII	(ii)	England	(b)	Louis XI	(iii)	Austria	(c)	Ferdinand	(iv)	Spain	(d)	Maximilian		(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(A)	d	a	c	b	(B)	b	d	a	c	(C)	d	b	c	a	(D)	b	a	d	c	1
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16	<p>Given below are two statements, one labeled as Assertion (A) and the other labeled as Reason (R)-</p> <p><b>Assertion (A)</b>- Law was a popular subject of study in the earliest universities of Italy.</p> <p><b>Reason (R)</b>- There was an increasing demand for teachers and doctors.</p> <p>i) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.</p> <p>ii) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.</p> <p>iii) A is true but R is false.</p> <p>iv) A is false but R is true</p>	1																																													
17	<p>Construction of Cathedral town attributed to</p> <p>(a) Higher yield in agricultural production</p> <p>(b) Promotion of trade and industry</p> <p>(c) Business promotion drive under the shade of religion</p> <p>(d) The contribution and subscription by craftsmen, artisans, merchants and common people.</p>	1																																													

18	<p>Identify the given picture from the options given below:</p>  <p>a) The Colosseum, built in 79 CE, where gladiators fought wild beasts  b) Amphitheatre at the Roman cantonment town of Vindonissa  c) Pont du Gard, near Nimes, France, first century BCE  d) Shops in Forum Julium, Rome</p>	1
18	<p><b>NOTE: The following question is for the visually impaired candidates in lieu of Question number 15</b></p> <p>Corrtes could destroy Aztecs empire because</p> <p>(a) He was an expert Army Commander.  (b) He bagged help from the Totonacs.  (c) He was supported by artillery.  (d) He was shrewd, manipulator and fraudulent.</p>	1
19	<p>The term terra nullius means-</p> <p>a) Land belonging to settlers  b) Land belonging to nobody  c) land belonging to native  d) Land belonging to state</p>	1
20	<p>Who used the term 'Expel Asia'?</p> <p>(a) Fukuzawa Yukichi  (b) Miyake Setsurei  (C) Ueki Emori  (d) Nishitani Keji</p>	1
21	<p>What is the correct chronology?</p> <p>i) Chinese Communist Party founded      ii) First Opium War</p>	1

	iii) Meiji Restoration a)ii, iii, i & iv c) iii, ii, i & iv	iv) Long March b) i, ii, iii & iv d) iv, i, iii & ii	
<b>Section – B</b>			<b>3x6= 18 Marks</b>
<b>Short questions</b>			
22	Agriculture in South Mesopotamia was sometimes subject to hazards. Which factors were responsible for it? Explain.  <b>OR</b>  “Mesopotamians valued city life in which people of many communities and cultures lived side by side.” Mention some of the facts regarding this.		3
23	How the third century crisis was different than the first and second centuries a period of peace?		3
24	What were the military achievements of Genghis Khan?		3
25	Mention the names of women intellectually creative during the period of the renaissance in Europe.  <b>OR</b>  Why would Copernicus have kept as a secret his life-long, the theory telling the true position of the earth?		3
26	Why was the history of the Australian native peoples left out of the history books?		3
27	Discuss the features of the lifestyle of the native people of North America.		3
<b>Section – C</b>			<b>8x3=24 Marks</b>
<b>LONG QUESTIONS</b>			
28	Why did the nomadic organisation of the Mongols have to trade with China? What effect did this trade cast on the Chinese economy and politics?  <b>OR</b>  Who was Genghis Khan? How did he become the Great Khan of the Mongols?		8
29	Briefly discuss Aggressive Nationalism, Westernisation, and Tradition in Japan.  <b>OR</b>		8

	Why did Japan and Germany join, the Anti-Comintern Pact in 1936? What were its objectives?	
30	<p>What steps were taken for the rights and interests of the natives in North America? What is their present position?</p> <p style="text-align: center;">OR</p> <p>Explain the role of Gold Rush in economic and political expansion of America.</p>	8
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Section – D</b> <span style="float: right;"><b>4x3=12 Marks</b></span></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(SOURCE BASED QUESTIONS)</b></p>		
31	<p style="text-align: center;"><b>The Seal-An Urban Artefact</b></p> <p>In India, early stone seals were stamped. In Mesopotamia until the end of the first millennium BCE, cylindrical stone seals, pierced down the Centre, were fitted with a stick and rolled over wet clay so that a continuous picture was created. They were carved by very skilled craftsmen, and sometimes carry writing: the name of the owner, his god, his official position, etc. A seal could be rolled on clay covering the string knot of a cloth package or the mouth a pot, keeping the contents safe. When rolled on a letter written on a clay tablet, it became a mark of authenticity. So the seal was the mark of a city dweller's role in public life.</p> <p><b>Question:</b></p> <p>(i) Who carved the seals during Mesopotamian civilization?</p> <p>(ii) What do you see on each of the seals?</p> <p>(iii) What do the inscribed sign describe?</p> <p>(iv) Write the name of contemporary Indian civilization.</p>	<p>4</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p> <p>1</p>

32	<p>In Benedictine monasteries, there was a manuscript with 73 chapters of rules which were followed by monks for many centuries. Here are some of the rules they had to follow:  Chapter – 6 : Permission to speak should rarely be granted to monks.  Chapter – 7 : Humility means obedience.  Chapter – 33: No monk should own private property.  Chapter – 47: Idleness is the enemy of the soul, so friars and sisters should be occupied at certain times in manual labour, and at fixed hours in sacred reading. Chapter-48: The monastery should be laid out in such a way that all necessities be found within its bounds: water, mill, garden, workshops.</p> <p>Questions:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. What does humility mean?</li> <li>2. What does chapter 47 say?</li> <li>3. What sort of values are reflected in this chapter?</li> </ol>	1 1 2
33	<p>Read the following passage carefully and answer the questions that follow:</p> <p>William Tyndale (1494-1536), an English Lutheran who translated the Bible into English in 1506, defended Protestantism thus: 'In this they be all agreed, to drive you from the knowledge of the scripture, and that ye shall not have the text thereof in the mother-tongue, and to keep the world still in darkness, to the intent they might sit in the consciences of the people, through vain superstition and false doctrine, to satisfy their proud ambition, and insatiable covetousness, and to exalt their own honour above king and emperor, yea, and above God himself... Which thing only moved me to translate the New Testament. Because I had perceived by experience, how that it was impossible to establish the lay-people in any truth, except the scripture were plainly laid before their eyes in their mother- tongue, that they might see the process, order, and meaning of the text.</p> <p>Questions :</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>(i) What do you know about William Tyndale?</li> <li>(ii) What were his objectives to translate the Bible into English?</li> <li>(iii) What were the issues on which the Protestants criticized the Catholic Church?</li> </ol> <p>Write any two issues.</p>	1 1 2
<p style="text-align: center;"><b>Section – E</b> <span style="float: right;"><b>1x5=05 Marks</b></span></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>(MAP BASED QUESTIONS)</b></p>		



