## GEOGRAPHY (029) Sample Question Paper (Term1) 2021-22 Class - XII

### **Time: 90 Minutes**

Max. Marks 35

### **GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS**

- 1. The Question Paper contains three sections (A, B & C).
- 2. Section A has 24 questions. Attempt any 20 questions.
- 3. Section B has 24 questions. Attempt any 20 questions (Map Section (Q.No. 25-29) is mandatory to attempt).
- 4. Section C has 12 questions. Attempt any 10 questions. (First Part of C Section (Source based has 4 questions (Q.No. 49-52) and all need to be attempted).
- 5. All questions carry equal marks.
- 6. There is no negative marking.

### **SECTION A**

### There are 24 questions in this section. Attempt any 20 questions.

- 1. Which one of the following Union Territories has the highest density of population?
  - a) NCT Delhi
  - b) Andaman and Nicobar Island
  - c) Chandigarh
  - d) Puducherry
- 2. Arrange the following approaches in a sequential order according to their development. Choose the correct option.
  - 1. Spatial organization
  - 2. Regional approach
  - 3. Areal differentiation
  - 4. Humanistic approach

Options

- (a) 1 4 2 3
- (b) 4 1 3 2
- (c) 2 3 1 4
- (d) 3 2 4 1

- **3.** Panna, Para, Palli, Nagla and Dhani are examples of which of the following settlements?
  - a) Clustered Settlements
  - b) Semi-Clustered Settlements
  - c) Dispersed Settlements
  - d) Hamleted Settlements

### 4.

Which of the following programs sponsored by central government aims at enabling the rural population to conserve water for drinking, irrigation, fisheries and afforestation?

- a) Arvary Pani Sansad
- b) Haryali
- c) Neeru-Meeru
- d) Narmada bachao
- **5.** Population of India according to Occupation can be categorized into:
  - a) Main workers, Marginal workers, Non workers
  - b) Marginal workers, Household industrial workers, Non workers
  - c) Agricultural labourers, Marginal workers, Non workers
  - d) Cultivators, Main workers, Marginal workers
- 6. Who among the following developed the concept of 'human development'?
  - a) Ellen C. Semple
  - b) Dr Mahbub-ul-haq
  - c) Kanwar Sen
  - d) Griffith Tailor
  - Which one of the following is not a plantation crop?
- a) Coffee
  - b) Sugarcane
  - c) Rubber
  - d) Wheat
  - Which of the following best describes 'development'?
- 8.
- a) An increase in size
- b) A constant in size
- c) A positive change in quality
- d) A simple change in quality

9.

Which of the following programme is launched by the present Union Government for the cleaning of river Ganga?

- a) Ganga Action Plan
- b) Namami Gange
- c) Ganga Namami Action Plan
- d) Ganga Cleaning Mission
- 10. Which of the following mainly is not an industrial city?
  - a. Bhilai

b. Durgapur

- c. Chandigarh d. Barauni
- **11.** Which one of the following is not a method of mining?
  - a) Shaft mining
  - b) Opencast mining
  - c) Underground mining
  - d) Refining

12. According to census 2011, which of the following depicts the percentage of

the level of urbanization in India?

- a) 31.16 %
  b) 28 %
  c) 33.16 %
  d) 26 %
- 13. According to Census of India, migration is enumerated on which of the following basis?
  - a) Place of Origin
  - b) Place of residence
  - c) Place of Origin as well as Place of Residence
  - d) Place of Birth
- **14.** Through which of the following, functional relations establish between rural and urban areas?
  - a) Through the means of transport and communications
  - b) Through the supply of raw material
  - c) Through the exchange of finished products in rural areas
  - d) Through the consumption of products produced in rural areas

**15.** Coffee Plantations in Brazil are known as:

- a) Downs
- b) Campos
- c) Fazendas
- d) Pampas

16. Who among the following is related to 'capability approach'?

- a) Dr Mahbub-ul-haq
- b) Prof Amartya Sen
- c) Malthus
- d) Ratzel
- **17.** Which of the following areas of our country are deficient in rainfall and are drought prone?
  - a) North- eastern states
  - b) Deccan Plateau
  - c) Gangetic Plain
  - d) Brahmaputra valley
- 18. Which of the following colonial super power had monopoly over sugarcane plantation in Indonesia?
  - a) British
  - b) French
  - c) Dutch
  - d) Americans
- **19.** Which of the following is a good example of Fort town?
  - a) Jaipur
  - b) Banaras
  - c) Mathura
  - d) Rameshwaram
- 20.

Which one of the following concepts is related to Naturalization of Humans?

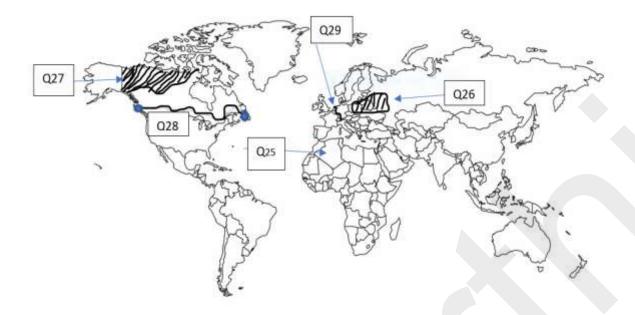
- a) Environmental Determinism
- b) Possiblism
- c) Humanism
- d) Neo-Determinism
- 21. Which one of the following is the main feature of rural settlement?

- a) Derive economic needs from primary activities
- b) Derive economic needs from secondary activities
- c) Derive economic needs from tertiary activities
- d) Derive economic needs from quaternary activities
- 22. Which of the following sectors has used the highest percentage of total water in India?
  - a) Domestic
  - b) Commerce
  - c) Agriculture
  - d) Industry
- 23. Who among the following has introduced the concept of Neo-determinism?
  - a) Ratzel
  - b) Griffith Taylor
  - c) Allen c.Semple
  - d) Paul Vidal de la Blache
- 24. Which of the following attributes has not been adversely affected by Age and Skill selective migration?
  - a) Downfall in working population in rural areas
  - b) The whole burden of agricultural work has to be borne by the old population in rural areas.
  - c) Only old people and women are left behind in the place of origin
  - d) Balance in age and sex composition

### **SECTION B**

(There are 24 questions in this section. Attempt any 20 questions.)

Question no. 25-29 are based on map and are mandatory to attempt. (Visually Impaired students will also attempt MCQs)



- 25. Choose the country with largest Geographical area in the African Continent.
  - a). Algeria
  - b).Sudan
  - c). Egypt
  - d). South Africa
- 26. Which one of the followings is a region of commercial grain farming practiced in Europe?
  - a) Pampas
  - b) Steppes
  - c) Downs
  - d) Prairies
- 27. Which one of the following is a region of North America practicing subsistence gathering?
  - a) Great Lake
  - b) Prairies
  - c) North Canada
  - d) Mexico
- 28. Which of the following terminal stations connect Trans-Canadian Railway?
  - a) Halifax and Vancouver
  - b)New York and San Francisco
  - c) Halifax and Montreal
  - d)Calgary and Vancouver
- 29. Which of the following is the most heavily used inland waterway of the world?a) Suez Canal

- b) Panama Canal
- c) Rhine Waterway
- d) Volga Waterway

## Question no. 30-48 (Attempt any 15)

- **30.** Consider the following statements and choose the correct option from the given options-
  - 1. Population grown rapidly during the sixteenth and seventeenth century.

2. Expansion of world trade during sixteenth and seventeenth century is an important cause of it.

Options:

a) Only 1 is correct.

- b)Only 2 is correct
- c) Both the statements are incorrect

d)Both statements are correct and statement 2 correctly explains the statement

31. Which of the following pair is not correctly matched

## PILLARS OF HUMAN DEVELOPENT - INDICATORS

- a) Equity -making equal access to opportunities available to everybody
- b) Sustainability -Continuity in the availability of opportunities
- c) Productivity -Resources must be used keeping in mind the future
- d) Empowerment-To have the power to make choices
- **32.** "Each community occupies a well-identified territory as a matter of tradition". Above mentioned line is an important characteristic of which of the following activity?
  - a) Subsistence agriculture
  - b) Nomadic herding
  - c) Plantation agriculture
  - d) Collective farming
- 33. Which of the following statement is not true regarding the 'Smart City Mission'?
  - a) To promote cities that provide core infrastructure, a clean and sustainable environment and give a decent quality of life to its citizens
  - b) To apply smart solutions to infrastructure and services in order to make them better
  - c)Use of fewer resources, providing cheaper services and focus on sustainable and inclusive development.
  - d) Increase in unemployment

Which of the following is NOT an environmental consequence of migration?

- a) Unplanned growth of urban settlement
- b) Mixing of diverse culture

34.

- c) Depletion of ground water
- d) Exploitation of natural resource
- 35.In Himalayan regions which of the following tribes are linked with the activity of<br/>*Transhumance?*<br/>a. Bheelsb. Gonds
  - c. Bakarwals d. Santhals
- **36.** Match the column I with Column II and choose the correct options with the help of given Codes.

	OLUMN I CITIES)			COLUMN (FUNCTI		IFICATION)
I. Amba	ila			1. Mining	g town	
II. Mug	hal Sarai			2. Transp	oort town	
III. Ank	aleshwar			3. Educat	tional town	
IV. Alig	arh			4.Garriso	on town	
V. Shim	ıla			5. Comm	ercial town	
VI .Saha	aranpur			6. Touris	t town	
CODES-						
	Ι	II	III	IV	V	VI
a.	1	2	3	4	5	6
b.	4	2	1	3	6	5
с.	6	5	4	3	2	1
d.	2	1	4	3	5	6

**37.** This age was marked by use of computers and sophisticated statistical tools. Laws of physics were often applied to map and analyze. Select the correct option.

- a) Regional analysis
- b) Quantitative revolution
- c) Areal Differentiation
- d) Spatial organization

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**38.** In which of the following streams of migration, females pre-dominate in both intra-state and inter-state migration?

- a) Urban to rural
- b) Urban to urban
- c) Rural to rural
- d) Rural to urban
- **39.** Which of the following column is not matched correctly?

### ACTIVITY

### CHARACTERISTICS

- a)Truck farmingGrowing of vegetablesb)Factory farmingRearing of poultry and cattlec)Market gardeningGrowing of flowersd)ViticultureRearing of fish
- **40.** Consider the following features and choose the correct title after associating them.
  - 1. More often such a pattern may also result from segregation or fragmentation of large compact village.
  - 2. The land- owning and dominant community occupies the central part of the main village whereas people of lower strata of society and menial workers settle on the outer flanks of the village.
  - 3. They are found in Gujarat plains and some parts of Rajasthan. OPTIONS-
  - a) Hamleted Settlement
  - b) Semi-clustered or fragmented
  - c) Clustered Settlements
  - d) Isolated Settlements
- 41. Consider the following and choose the correct answer from the given options-
  - I. Work participation rate tend to be higher in the areas of lower levels of economic development.

II. Number of manual workers are needed to perform the subsistence or near subsistence economic activities

Options-

a) Only statement I is correct

- b) Both statements are correct and statement II correctly explains statement I
- c) Only statement II is correct
- d) Both the statements are incorrect
- **42.** Consider the following statements and choose the correct option for the same:
  - **I.** Grape cultivation is the specialty of the Mediterranean agriculture.
  - **II.** Wines are produced from high quality grapes and the inferior grapes are dried into raisins and Currants.

Options;

a) Only 1 is correctb) Both 1 and 2 are correctc) Only 2 is correctd) Both are incorrect

**43.** Match the column I with column II and choose the correct answer with the help of given Codes.

COLUMN I (RIVERS)	COLUMN II (POLLUTED PLACE)
I Yamuna	1. Hyderabad
II Kali	2. Kanpur and Varanasi
III Gomati	3. Ahmedabad
IV Sabarmati	4. Lucknow
V Ganga	5. Muzaffar Nagar
VI Musi	6. Delhi and Etawah

Codes-

		ŀ	II	III	IV	V	VI
i	a.	6	5	4	3	2	1
1	b.	1	2	3	4	5	6
	с.	6	5	3	4	1	2
(	d.	2	3	1	5	4	6

**44.** In the year 2015, a policy was formulated for the adolescents to give them proper guidance and the better development of their talent. Select the correct answer.

a) Skill development and entrepreneurship

b)Universalisation of education

c) Rejuvenation of schools

d) National Youth Policy

## **45.** Which of the following pairs is not matched correctly?

CITIES		BASIS OF DEVELOPMENT
a) Prayag (Allahabad)	-	On religious and cultural basis
b) Lucknow	-	Based on the remnants of ancient cities
c) Kolkata	-	On cultural basis
d) Mumbai	-	In the form of commercial port

**46.** Match the column I with column II and choose the correct answer with the help of given Codes-

CC	OLUMN I (CIT	IES)	COLUMN II (T	YPES OF CI	TIES)
I . Jan	nshedpur		1.Sum	mer resort	
II. Bh	uvaneshwar		2. Sate	ellite town	
III. Gł	naziabad		3. Ind	ustrial tow	n
IV Mu	ussoorie		4. Con	nmercial p	ort
V Goa	a		5. Adr	ninistrativ	e town
CODES-					
	Ι	II	III	IV	V
a.	1	2	3	4	5
b.	3	5	2	1	4
с.	5	4	3	2	1
d.	3	5	4	2	1

**47.** Consider and evaluate the following statements than choose correct options for them from the given options.

- 1. Many species now have become extinct or endangered due to illegal hunting.
- 2. The early hunters used primitive tools made of stones, twigs or arrows so the number of animals killed were limited.

### Options;

- a) Only statement 1 is correct
- b) Only statement 2 is correct
- c) Both statements 1 and 2 are correct
- d) Both statements are incorrect
- **48.** Make correct pairs of the following two columns and select the correct option.

### Period

- 1. Early colonial period
- 2.Late 1950's to the late 1960's
- 3. Later colonial period
- 4. 1930's through the inter-war period

### Options

(A) 1. (a) 2. (d) 3. (b) 4. (c)
(B) 1. (d) 2. (a) 3. (c) 4. (b)
(C) 1. (b) 2. (c) 3. (d) 4. (a)
(D) 1. (a) 2. (b) 3. (c) 4. (d)

### Approach

- (a) Exploration & Description
- (b) Regional Analysis
- (c) Aerial Differentiation
- (d) Spatial Organization

### SECTION C SOURCE BASED QUESTIONS

## Question number 49 to 52 are compulsory to attempt Jal Kranti Abhiyan (2015-16)

Water is a recyclable resource but its availability is limited and the gap between supply and demand will be widening over time. Climate change at the global scale will be creating water stress conditions in many regions of the world. India has a unique situation of high population growth and rapid economic development with high water demand. The Jal Kranti Abhiyan launched by the Government of India in 2015–16 with an aim to ensure water security through per capita availability of water in the country. People in different regions of India had practised the traditional knowledge of water conservation and management to ensure water availability. The Jal Kranti Abhiyan aims at involving local bodies, NGOs and cititzens, at large, in creating awareness regarding its objectives.

The following activities have been proposed under the Jal Kranti Abhiyan: 1. Selection of one water stressed village in each 672 districts of the country to create a 'Jal Gram'. 2. Ídentification of

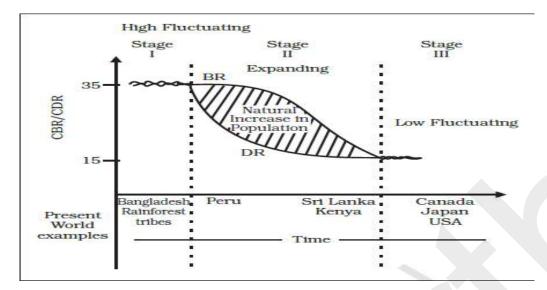
model command area of about 1000 hectares in different parts of the country, for example, UP, Haryana (North), Karnataka, Telangana, Tamil Nadu (South), Rajasthan, Gujarat (West), Odisha (East), Meghalaya (North-East). 3. Abatement of pollution: • Water conservation and artificial recharge. • Reducing groundwater pollution. • Construction of Arsenic-free wells in selected areas of the country. 4. Creating mass awareness through social media, radio, TV, print media, poster and essay writing competitions in schools. Jal Kranti Abhiyan is designed to provide livelihood and food security through water security.

- **49.** Present day world is experiencing acute water paucity due to:
  - a). Climate Change
  - b). Industrial Pollution
  - c). Rising Sea level
  - d). Forest Depletion
- 50. Which of the following is not a characteristic feature of Model Command Area in India?
  - a) Water conservation and artificial recharge
  - b) Reducing groundwater pollution
  - c) Construction of Arsenic-free wells in selected areas of the country
  - d) Not concerned with food security and livelihood of the people
- **51.** The Objective of the Jal Kranti Abhiyan is achieved through:.
  - a).Using traditional know how
  - b). Adopting modern technology
  - c). Mixing modern technology with traditional knowledge
  - d). Outsource to some other organization
- **52.** The main aim of The Jal Kranti Abhiyan is to ensure water security through-----.
  - a). Creating Jal Grams
  - B). Reducing ground water pollution
  - C). Per capita availability of water
  - D). Construction of arsenic free wells

### **GRAPH BASED QUESTION**

### Attempt any 3 questions from the following questions 53-56

Study the given graph carefully and answer the following questions:



53. How does the natural increase in population occur, as per the graph?

- a) Birth Rate Death Rate
- b) Death Rate + Birth Rate
- c) Growth Rate Birth Rate
- d) Birth Rate + Migration

54. What does the transition from high fluctuating stage to low fluctuating stage indicate?

- a) Shift from Urban Industrial economy to Rural Agrarian economy
- b) Shift from Rural Agrarian economy to Urban Industrial economy
- c) Low Birth and Death Rate to High Birth and Death Rate
- d) Migration from Urban to Rural areas

### 55.

From the given graph, what condition can you infer about the developing countries?

- a) High Birth Rate and High Death Rate
- b) Low Birth rate and Low Death rate
- c) High Birth Rate and Low Death Rate
- d) Low Birth Rate and High Death Rate
- 56. In which stage of Demographic Transition, population explosion took place
  - a) Stage I
  - b) Stage II
  - c) Stage III
  - d) Post Stage III

### For Visually Impaired Candidates In lieu of Q No. 53-56 (Graph Based Question)

Q.53. Why are Fertility and Mortality rates high in the first stage of Demographic Transition Theory?

- a) People have a lot of buffer stock as food security.
- b) People reproduce more to compensate for the deaths due to epidemics.
- c) People are highly educated at this stage.
- d) There is technological advancement in all fields.

Q.54. What led to decline in Mortality rate in the Second stage of Demographic Transition Theory?

- a) Due to improvement in Sanitation and Health conditions.
- b) Due to insufficient supply of food grain that led to starvation.
- c) Due to widespread illiteracy all over the world.
- d) Due to unfavorable sex ratio prevailing in developing countries.

Q.55. Why does fertility rate show a declining trend in the third stage of Demographic Transition Theory?

- a) This is because human beings are not able to adjust their fertility.
- b) Literacy rates show a downward trend all over the world.
- c) The population becomes urbanized and has high technical knowhow.
- d) There is acute food shortage in countries with a high Human Development Index.

Q.56. In which stage of Demographic Transition, population explosion took place-

- a) Stage I
- b) Stage II
- c) Stage III
- d) Post Stage III

## DATA BASED QUESTIONS

Attempt any 3 questions from the following questions 57-60

Census	Total Population	Growth Rate*		
Years		Absolute Number	% of Growth	
1901	238396327		0-0 00 00 00 00-	
1911	252093390	(+) 13697063	(+) 5.75	
1921	251321213	(-) 772117	(-) 0.31	
1931	278977238	(+) 27656025	(+) 11.60	
1941	318660580	(+) 39683342	(+) 14.22	
1951	361088090	(+) 42420485	(+) 13.31	
1961	439234771	(+) 77682873	(+) 21.51	
1971	548159652	(+) 108924881	(+) 24.80	
1981	683329097	(+) 135169445	(+) 24.66	
1991	846302688	(+) 162973591	(+) 23.85	
2001	1028610328	(+) 182307640	(+) 21.54	
2011**	1210193422	(+) 181583094	(+) 17.64	
ecadal growth	$\mathbf{p}_1$			
$P_2 = pop$	ulation of the base year ulation of the present year us of India, 2011(Provisional)			

Table 1.1 : Decadal Growth Rates in India, 1901-2011

57. Which year has seen a negative population growth rate in India?

- a. 1931
- b. 1921
- c. 1911
- d. 1941

**58.** What was the highest recorded growth rate of population in India?

- a. 24.66
- b. 24.80
- c. 23.85
- d. 21.54

59.

- a. 2001
- b. 2011
- c. 1991
- d. 1981

60.

- a. 900789600
- b. 182307640
- c. 181583094
- d. 971797095

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Which year has recorded the highest growth of population in India in terms of absolute numbers?

How much population increase has been registered between the census years 1911 to census year 2011?