Bihar Board Class 7 English Book Solutions Chapter 13 Running through the Rain

Bihar Board Class 7 English Running through the Rain Text Book Questions and Answers

A. Warmer

Work in small groups and discuss the following questions.

Question 1.

Which season do you like most? Why do you like it?

Answer:

I like the rainy season most. I like to see rain falling from the sky and to see rainbow in this season.

Question 2.

How do you feel when it rains?

Answer:

I feel very happy when it rains from the sky.

B. Let's Comprehend

B. 1. Think and Tell

Question 1.

What is the poet fond of?

Answer:

The poet is fond of the sunshine and also of rain.

Question 2.

What is delightful for the poet?

Answer:

Running through the rain is delightful for the poet.

Question 3.

Why doesn't poet want to take shelter?

Answer:

The poet wants to be wet in the rain, so he doesn't want to take shelter.

B. 2. 1. Write whether the following statements are True or False.

- 1. The poet doesn't like sunshine but he likes rain.
- 2. He calls the month of April merry.
- 3. The poet doesn't enjoy the rainfall.
- 4. Bright eyed blossoms are large in size.
- 5. The poet succeeds in saving himself from being drenched.
- 6. It was a heavy rain.
- 7. The ground becomes scented because of rain.
- 8. The poet found shelter everywhere to save himself from rain.
- 9. He didn't complain because he enjoyed running through the rain.

Answer:

- 1. False
- 2. True
- 3. False
- 4. False
- 5. False
- 6. False
- 7. False
- 8. False
- 9. True

B. 2. 2. Answer the following questions very briefly

Question 1.

Where does the rain fall?

Answer:

The rain falls over hill and plain.

Question 2.

Which line in the first stanza shows that the poet enjoys running through the rain?

Answer:

Isn't it delight full, Running through the rain?

Question 3.

What did the poet say to file bright little blossoms?

Answer:

Bright eyed.

Question 4.

Which words in tire last stanza show that the rain was not very heavy.

Answer:

'Pitter patter, softly, Drips the drops around.

Question 5.

Apart from the rain what does the poet like?

Answer:

Sunshine.

B. 2. 3. Answer these questions in not more than 50 words

Question 1.

Why has the poet used the word 'merry' for the month of April in the poem? Does this month have any relevance in your state regarding rain?

Answer:

In England, Rain comes after the April month. So, the poet has used 'merry' for die month of April. In our state we get some showers after April.

Question 2.

Why does the poet regard escaping from rain as vain?

Answer:

The poet likes to run through the rain. As he himself wants to be wet in the rain, he regards escaping from rain as vain or useless.

Question 3.

In the rain the poet doesn't get any shelter. Still he doesn't complain. Why?

Answer:

A The poet wants to be wet in the showers of rain. So, he doesn't complain of not getting any shelter.

- C. Word study
- C. 1. Correct the spelling of the following words:

Question 1.

(rian, faring, delightfull, blosoms, sunbeem, laughingly, mery, eskape) Answer:

- 1. rian = rain,
 - 2. mery = merry
 - 3. delightfull = delightful
 - 4. laughingly = laughingly
 - 5. sun beem = sun beam.
 - 6. faring = fairing

- 7. plian = plain
- 8. blosoms = blossoms
- 9. eskape = escape
- C. 2. Match the words under column 'A' with their meaning given under column'B'.

Question 1.

А	В	
fond (of)	even ground	
merry	go move	
too	affectionate, loving	
little	the sound of light rain	
pass	useless	
vain	small	
pitter-patter	protection, cover	
shelter	also	
plain	happy	

Answer:

A	В		
fond (of)	affectionate, loving		
merry	happy		
too	also		
little	small		
pass	go move		
vain	useless		
pitter-patter	the sound of light rain		
shelter	protection, cover		
plain	even ground		

D. Grammar

Read the following lines carefully and concentrate on the use of auxiliary verb before a subject.

Some are fond of sunshine:

Well,so am I

In short answers and similar structures the words 'so', " 'neither', 'nor1 etc. are followed by auxiliary verb + subject

More examples

My mother is hungry, so am I He doesn't like music, nor do I. Her mother is beautiful, so is she. He doesn't come in time, neither do you.

Write responses to the given sentences as suggested above.

1.	My fa	ther is	very thin	
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- 2. She doesn't like cricket
- 3. He is very polite _____
- 4. They are very rough _____
- 5. My friend knows Urdu

Answer:

- 1. so am I,
- 2. nor do I,
- 3. so am I,
- 4. should they be?
- 5. so do l.

E. Discussion/Composition

Question 1.

Discuss the following in groups or pairs.

Grow more trees, get more rain.

(Or)

Trees are the source of rain.

Now write in about 100 words on the topics given above.

Answer:

Trees are very important as the source of rain. Trees do attract clouds to give rain. From the

earth they gather moisture. These moisture or water drops are absorbed by sun which goes up in the sky. In the sky, they gather dust particles and form clouds. Again, trees attract the clouds and make them to shower rain. So, we should protect the trees and plant more and more trees.

Thus, trees are very important for our survival as they are the major source of the rain.

F. Activity

Question 1.

Collect pictures showing farmers working in their fields during rain and paste them on your note book.

Answer:

Do yourself.

Running through the Rain Summary in English

Once a cheat came to Akbar's court with a complaint The cheat said to the emperor that he had sold his well last year to Gopal. But Gopal had not yet paid for the water of the well. The emperor told his wise minister Birbal to solve the case. Bubal gave his decision that as the water was of the cheat and it was in Gopal's well. So the cheat would have to pay Gopal for his water or he take out the water soon. The cheat got frightened and ask to forgive him.

Running through the Rain Summary in Hindi

'रिनंग श्रू द रेन' अंग्रेजी के महान, किव जॉन ली द्वारा लिखित किवता है। किव अपने बचपन के दिनों की याद करता है प्रस्तत किवता में । वह धप का शौकीन था पर बारिश भी उसे बहुत पसन्द थी। वह बारिश में से होते दौड़ लगाना और भींगना बहुत पसन्द करता था। उसे बारिश से छुपने की जगह न होने की कोई शिकायत नहीं होती थी तब । वह बारिश के दौरान और . भी सुंदर हुई प्रकृति की सुन्दरता को निहारता था जिसे उसने प्रस्तुत किवता में सुन्दरता से चित्रित भी किया है।

Running through the Rain Hindi Translation of The Chapter

कुछ को खिली धूप अच्छी लगती है मैं भी पसन्द करता हूँ। पर मुझे आसमान से गिरती बारिश भी खूब अच्छी लगती है।

सुहावने अप्रैल महीने में . पहाड़ों पर और मैदान में बारिश जब होती है, तो. बारिश में भागना कितना अच्छा लगता है ?

चमकीले आँखों वाले छोटे फूल रास्तों के किनारे उगे हुए जो, हमें देख हँसते हुए कहते हैं, जब हम उनके पास से होकर गुजरते हैं

तो तुम बारिश में फंस गये हो और बचना भी बेकार है. कितना सुखद है ना, बारिश में से होते हुए दौड लगाना?

'टप-टप' कर धीरे से बारिश की बूंदें गिरती हैं चारों ओर जबकि एक झॉंकती हुई सूरज की किरण खुशबूदार जमीन को स्वर्णिम आभा देती है।

हमारे आस-पास छुपने की जगह नहीं! फिर भी हम शिकायत नहीं करते। चूँकि कितना सुखद है ना, बारिश में से होते हुए दौड़ लगाना!

Running through the Rain Glossary

Fond of [फॉन्ड ऑफ] = पसंद करना। Merry [मेरी] = खुश। Trips [ट्रिप्स ओवर] = आवाज करते हुए गिरता है। Plain [प्लेन] = समतल। Delightful [डिलाइटफुल] = आनंददायी। Blossoms [ब्लाजम्स] = किलयाँ। Show'r [शॉवर] = फुहारें। Vain [वेन] = बेकार। Pitter patter [पिटर-पैटर) = टप-टप। Peeping (पीपींग] = झाँकना। Sunbeam [सनबीम] = सूरज की किरणें। Gild [गिल्ड] = सोना चढ़ाना। Scented [सेन्टेड] = सुगन्धित। Shelter [शेल्टर] = छुपने की जगह। Complain [कम्प्लेन] = शिकायत। Season [सीजन] = मौसम। Feel [फील] = महसूस करना। Falling [फॉलिंग] = गिरते हुए। Hill [हिल] = पहाड़ी। Through [O] = से होकर। Laughingly [लाफिंगली] = हँसते हुए। Escape [एस्केप] = बच निकलना। Nowhere (नोव्हेयर] = कहीं नहीं।