

Chapter 1

bseb class 10 english solutions GOD MADE THE COUNTRY

A. Answer the following questions briefly :

Q.1. Do you belong to a village ? Which natural scene and objects there attract you most ?

Ans. Yes, I do belong to a village, My village is situated on the bank of river. The setting of the sun in the west and its colourful rays falling on the river bed affects me the most.

2. Do you belong to a town? What things cause annoyance to you there ?

Ans. We are presently living in a town with our family. The moving crowd and the sound of vehicle running on the road causes a lot of annoyance to me. I get disturbed, when I walk on the road .

B. Answer the following questions briefly :

Q.1. Where do you find health and virtue ?

Ans. Health and virtue can be found only in the country.

Q.2. Where do you find field and groves ?

Ans. We find fields and groves towards the countryside.

Q.3. What is the source of light in villages in the evening.

Ans. The main source of light in villages in the evening is through the moonbeam which comes sliding softly between the silent, sleeping leaves of the trees

Q.4. Why is the nightingale mute in a town ?

Ans. The shining lights of big lamps in the town eclipses the softer light of the villages and the harsh songs emanating in the town confuses the nightingale in the town. I make her mute and soundless .

C.1. Long Answer Questions :

Q.1. Why does the poet believe that God made the Country ?

Ans. The poet believes that God made the country because all the natural creations of God are available in abundance in the country like the shining sun, the beam of the moonlight, the blowing wind, the groves and fields and the sweet music of the birds,.If you have to find virtue and health, that can be found only in the cool and calm atmosphere of a village.

Q.2. Why does the poet believe that man made the town ?

Ans. The poet believes that it is only the man who has made the town because of the town

because of the artificiality of the town and its environment. The light and the sound of music are jarring to the ears. The birds stop singing and one cannot find groves and fields where one can walk freely and can enjoy good health.

Q.3. Why is life bitter ?

Ans. Life is bitter for some because they discard the nature and maintain an unnatural life in an unnatural surrounding with every thing artificial. They are away from the sun, the moon, the natural air the nature's gift in the form of trees, vegetation and lovely songs of the birds.

Q.4. What can make our life sweet?

Ans. Nature makes our life satisfying and sweet through its gifts given to man. The natural sunlight of the sun, the soothing rays of the moon, the flowing wind around, the groves and fields spread over, the singing of birds with harmonious notes all make us happy and give life a sweet feeling .

Q.5. What function do groves perform in a village ?

Ans. The groves give relief to a Wanderer from the scorching sun during midday sunlight of the sun, the soothing rays of the moon, provides soothing light at night coming through the leaves of the trees in the groves and it allows birds to sit on their branches to sing sweet songs.

Q.6. The birds are scared of sounds. Why ?

Ans. The situation prevails in the town where music creates loud sound and this depends the initiative of the birds. They stop singing as they can't compete with those louder sound.

C.2. Group Discussion :

Q.1. The village are no longer beautiful and peaceful. Discuss.

Ans. It is said that villages today are no longer beautiful and at the same time peaceful to live. It is not hundred percent correct. The situation may vary from place to place. If we take the case of our own country, the villages in the north east, in the south and on the hills are still beautiful, calm and quiet where one can live peacefully and enjoy life. The villages are lighted , the telecommunication facilities are available and through mass media you are connected with the world outside and within the boundary of your own country.

There may be some adverse points regarding the facilities available in the villages like lack of education amongst the villagers, their attitude towards modern living etc. But this would change with the new generation coming up fastly.

Q.2. Towns are Important for the Process of civilization. Discuss.

Ans. Again the subject requires a lot of analytical thoughts. Civilization is a part of Social thoughts that grows in a social set up of a nation or a community. It does not matter whether the unit is urban oriented or rural oriented. Agriculture is a part of village life and equally an important part of the program of civilization. The other factors of growth also combine with the industries. But we can't keep agriculture outside the study of civilization.

C.3. Composition :

Q.1. You spent your summer vacation at village. Write about the things you enjoyed to there to a friend.

Ans. Dear Mukesh,

I am writing this to you on return from my village, where I spent my summer vacation this time. I passed a very good time over there. If you remember, I had told you to that my native village is situated on the side of a river. The river has a beautiful embankment and it has a natural beauty too. I used to go to the embankment in the morning for a walk with some of my friends in the village. I used to go towards the orchard. The orchard has a number of good mango trees. I enjoyed the good, taste of the mangoes french from the trees. It was the month of May and June and the mangoes had started ripening.

With good wishes.

Yours loving

Mohit

Mr. Mohit

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D.1. Word Study :

Incorrect	Correct
Abaund	Abound
Pencive	Pensive
Kontrie	Country
Idealness	Idleness
Cedan	Sdean
Eklips	Eclipse

2. Complete the following sentences with the words given below :

(i) He threatened to beat me.

(ii) Idleness will not let you rise in life.

(iii) Like a Wanderer I just moved here and there.

(iv) Did you taste the sweet dishes.

(V) Having failed in the examination he was in a pensive.

(vi) Charious were the vehicles of God's and kings.

(Vii) His words offended me and I could not give a correct reply.

Words : threatened, idleness , Wanderer, taste, pensive, offended, Cheerios, confounded.

D.2. Words Formation :

1. A number of verbs are made simply adding into them in the end.

Example :

Threat (n) — threaten (v)

Haste (n) — hasten (v)

Light (adj) — lighten (v)

Mad (n) — madden (v)

Strength (n) — strengthen (v)

Now use these verbs in sentences of your own.

Threaten = He has threatened to beat him.

Hasten = He hastened to complete his feature.

Madden = The song sung by A.R. Rahman maddened the crowd.

Strengthen = The unity of the people strengthens the nation.

2. By using 'er' in the end of an adjective we give it a comparative form.

Example.

Soft — softer

Kind — kinder

Sharp — sharper

Thin — thinner

Dark — darker

Thick — thicker

D.3. Match the following words in column 'A' with their meaning given in Column 'B'.

A	B
1. Threaten	Exhaustion (2)
2. Fatigue	natural quality (3)
3. Element	give threat to destiny (1)
4. Spare	frightened (6)
5. Splendour	brilliance (5)
6. Scared	to abstain from spaffat (4)

E. GRAMMAR :

On occasion we simply join two sentences by the use of 'and'.

Examp. Go made the country, and made the town

We went to the market and we also went to the cinema.

Now join the following sentences with 'and'.

1. Raju wrote letters. He posted them
Raju wrote letters and posted them.
2. Mother cooked dinner. She served it.
Mother cooked and served the dinner.
3. The teacher taught the lesson. He asked us to do exercises.
The teacher taught the lesson and asked us to do exercise.
4. Ranjan saw a puppy on the street. He brought it home.
Ranjan saw a puppy on the street and brought it home.
5. The boys were playing. They were making noise.
The boys were playing and were making noise.
6. The king gave him land. The queen gave him Jewels.
The king gave him land and the queen gave him jewels.
7. He went to circus. His friends went to the cinema.
He went to circus and his friends went to Cinema.

F. Activities :

1. Make a list of poems in Hindi that deal with village life.
2. Write a short profile of a village you have visited/ the village you belong to.

Ans. To be done by the students individually under the guidance of the class teacher

G. Translation :

Translate the following into English :

1. इस फल को मत खाओ ।

Do not eat this fruit.

2. धूप में मत खेलो ।

Do not play in the sun.

3. बाजार शाम में जाओ ।

Go to the market in the evening.

4. प्रतिदिन व्यायाम करें ।

Have some physical exercise every day.

5. नियमित रूप से अध्ययन करो ।

Read regularly.

6. धार्मिक पुस्तकों का अध्ययन करो ।

Read religious books.

7. कुछ समय छोटे भाई – बहनों के साथ बिताओ ।

Spend some time with your younger brother and sisters.

8. रोज कुछ , नये अंग्रेजी शब्द सीखों ।

Read newspaper everyday.

9. रोज कुछ, नये अंग्रेजी शब्द सीखो।

Learn some new English words daily.

10. कमरे की खिड़कियाँ खोल दो ।

Open the window doors at the room.