CBSE Class - XI Physics (Set 1) Last year Paper (2015-16)

Time: 3 Hrs. M.M: 70

General Instructions:

- (i) Question 1 to 5 one mark.
- (ii) Question 6 to 10 each two mark.
- (iii) Question 11 to 22 each three mark.
- (iv) Question 23 is value based question and carry four marks.
- (v) Questions 24 to 26 each five mark.

Section A

- Write the dimensional formula of impulse and name of the physical quantity having same dimension.
- 2. Write the relation between two angles for which horizontal ranges will be equal.
- 3. On what factors does the two vectors a and b to be perpendicular to each other.
- 4. Write the condition for conservation of mechanical energy of a system.
- 5. What is the ratio of escape speed of the earth and escape speed of the moon?

Section B

- 6. Define wavelength. Why there is no transfer of energy by standing waves?
- 7. Is the heat supplied to a system always equal to the increase in its internal energy?
- 8. Resultant of two vectors of equal amplitude is equal in magnitude with one of the vectors, calculate the angle between them

Or

A woman throws an object of mass 500 g with a speed of 25 m/s.

- (i) What is the impulse imparted to the object?
- (ii) If the object hits a wall and rebounds with half the original speed, what is the change in momentum of the object?

- 9. If length of a pendulum is increased by x%. Find error in time per day.
- 10. Define coefficient of linear expansion and coefficient of volume expansion of solid. How are they related?

Section C

- 11. The density of a linear rod of length L varies as $\rho = \alpha + \beta x$, where x is the distance from the left end. Locate the centre of mass.
- **12**. Two particles each of mass m go round a circle of radius a under the action of their mutual gravitational attraction. Find the speed of each particle. Also analyse in terms of kinetic energy and gravitational potential energy.
- 13. Find the angle made by a cyclist with the vertical while taking a circular turn of radius a. Also state the forces which are providing centripetal acceleration and maintain vertical equilibrium.
- 14. What is the moment of inertia of a solid sphere of radius R about one of its diameter. If moment of inertia about the parallel tangent is I_0 . Also, state the theorem of perpendicular axes.
- 15. Find the expression for potential energy of a strained body.
- **16.** State Torricelli's law for efflux speed of a liquid and prove it. Find the efflux speed if height is 5 m.
- 17. Establish ideal gas equation in terms of gas constant R, volume V, pressure p, temperature T and number of moles n.

0r

For an oscillating pendulum, find the time period of oscillation.

- 18. Two separate air bubbles formed of the same liquid (surface tension T) come together to form a double bubble. Find the radius and the sense of curvature of the internal film surface common to both the bubbles.
- **19.** The position of a particle is given by $\mathbf{r} = \left(3t\hat{i} 2t^2\hat{j} + 4\hat{k}\right)m$ where, t is in second and the coefficients have the proper units for r to be in metres.
- (i) Find the v and a of the particle?
- (ii) What is the magnitude and direction of velocity of the particle at t = 2 s?
- 20. A10 kW drilling machine is used to drill a bore in a small aluminium block of mass 8 kg.



How much is the rise in temperature of the block in 2.5 min, assuming 50% of the power is used up in heating the machine itself or lost to the surroundings. Specific heat of aluminium is 0.91 J/g-K.

- 21. Ten one-rupee coins are put on top of each other on a table. Each coin has mass m. Give the magnitude and direction of
- (i) the force on the 7th coin (counted from the bottom) due to all the coins on its top,
- (ii) the force on the 7th coin by the eighth coin,
- (iii) the reaction of the 6th coin on the 7th coin.
- 22. A gas mixture consists of molecules of types A, B and C with masses $m_A > m_B > m_C$. Rank the three types of molecules in decreasing order of (i) average KE (ii) rms speeds.

Section D

- 23. John found his mother suffering from viral fever and took her to the doctor for treatment. While examining her, the doctor used a thermometer to know the temperature of the body. He kept the thermometer in the mouth of the patient and recorded the reading as $102^{\circ}F$. Doctor gave the necessary medicines. After coming home, John asked his mother, why thermometer is used to know the temperature of body? Why mercury is used in a thermometer when there are so many liquids? Then, his mother explained him in detail.
- (i) Comment upon the values displayed by John's mother.
- (ii) A newly designed thermometer has its lower fixed point marked at 5° and 95° , respectively. Compute the temperature on this scale corresponding to 50° C.

Section E

24. Two identical springs each of force constant k are connected in (i) series and (ii) parallel, so that they support a mass m. Find the ratio of the time periods of the mass in the two systems.

Or

Draw the first three harmonics in an open organ pipe. Two piano strings A and B are playing slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 5 Hz. The tension in string B is slightly increased and the beat frequency is found to decrease to 3 Hz. What is the original frequency of B if the frequency of A is 500 Hz?

