

Important Questions for CBSE Class 6 Science Chapter 11 Air Around Us

VERY SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS

1. Name the main component of air.

Ans: Nitrogen gas

2. What is the source of oxygen gas in air?

Ans: Photosynthesis by green plants is source of oxygen gas in air.

3. What is the percentage of nitrogen in air?

Ans: 78.1%

4. What is the percentage of oxygen in air?

Ans: 20.9%

5. What is the source of carbon dioxide in air?

Ans: Respiration by animals and plants and burning of fuel.

6. Mention one necessary condition for the combustion to take place.

Ans: Presence of air.

SHORT ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS

1. Why is air considered as a mixture?

Ans: Air contains oxygen and nitrogen as its major constituents of air. These gases retain their properties in air. So the air is called a mixture.

2. Name the major gas present in the (a) inhaled air (b) exhaled air.

Ans: (a) Oxygen (b) Carbon dioxide.

3. Write the necessary conditions for rusting of iron to take place.

Ans: Rusting of iron takes place in the presence of moisture and air. So the presence of air and water vapour in air are two necessary conditions for rusting of iron.

4. Name a device which uses wind energy to generate electricity.

Ans: Windmills use the wind energy to convert wind energy into electrical energy

5. What is wind energy? Mention its two advantages.

Ans: Blowing air is called wind. Wind possesses kinetic energy. The kinetic energy possessed by wind is called wind energy.

Uses of Wind Energy are:

(i) Wind energy is used to pump the ground water.

(ii) Wind energy is used to generate electricity with the help of windmills.

6. Mention two uses of air.

Ans: The two uses of air are as below:

- (a) For respiration all organisms need air.
- (b) For burning of any substance air is needed.

7. Describe balance of oxygen in the air.

Ans: The oxygen in air is used by the organisms present in air, water or soil or on earth for their respiration. During respiration carbon dioxide gas is released to air. But green plants during photosynthesis use carbon dioxide of air for preparing food and they release oxygen gas in the air. Thus the balance of oxygen in air is maintained.

8. What happens if the percentage of oxygen in the air reaches to 70%?

Ans: If any substance catches fire it will become difficult to extinguish the fire, as oxygen supports combustion.

9. What happens if the percentage of carbon-dioxide increases in the air?

Ans: The increased percentage of carbon-dioxide will cause green house effect, i.e. it will not allow the hot rays of sun to escape from the atmosphere after reflection once they enter the earth's atmosphere, thereby increasing the temperature of earth, ice on mountains will melt and water level will rise.

10. You must have seen during rainy season, when it rains the animals like earthworm, snakes, snails etc. are commonly seen. Explain why?

Ans: All these animals live in underground burrows or remain buried in the soil. They get oxygen from air that enters into the burrow through entrance of burrow or through pores in the soil. But when it rains, the water gets filled in their dwelling places and pores of the soil. So, they come out in search of air.

11. Why is carbon-dioxide gas used to extinguish fire?

Ans: It is because carbon-dioxide does not support combustion. When sprayed on burning object it stops the supply of oxygen and extinguishes fire.

12. How will you prove that soil contains air in it?

Ans: Take a glass tumbler add some soil in it, then pour some water on the soil slowly, the air-bubbles comes out of the soil. This proves that soil holds air in it.

13. Why do we see the sky and air clear and clean after rainfall?

Ans: The dust particles which remain suspended in air get loaded and come down on the ground due to rainfall, this is the reason that the sky and the air look clean and clear after rainfall.

14. Explain why mountaineers carry oxygen cylinders with them?

Ans: As you go up, above the sea-level the atmospheric pressure goes on decreasing and the amount of oxygen also decreases at higher altitude.

15. Explain why during an incident of fire, one is advised to wrap a woollen blanket over a burning object.

Ans: Blanket cuts the supply of oxygen to the object that is burning, thereby prevents it from further burning.

LONG ANSWER TYPE QUESTIONS

1. What is air? Name the major constituents of air. Also give their volume proportions in air.

Ans: Air is a mixture of gases. The major constituents of air are nitrogen, oxygen, carbon dioxide and argon. The percentage composition of constituents of air are as given below:

Other components of air are water vapour and dust particles.

2. Demonstrate through a simple experiment that the air mainly contains nitrogen and oxygen in the volume ratio of 4: 1.

Ans: Aim of experiment: To show that air contains nitrogen and oxygen in the ratio 4 : 1 by volume:

Procedure: Take a glass container and fix a candle at its centre. Put some quantity of water in the container. Place an empty, dry gas jar over it. Mark five marks above water surface on the jar at equal distances shown in the figure given below.

The candle is lightened and is covered with the gas jar. After some time the candle is extinguished and the water level is raised in gas jar. The raised level in water is $\frac{1}{5}$ of the volume of air in the gas jar.

This proves that one part of the air of the jar is a gas which supports combustion, i.e., oxygen. Hence, $\frac{1}{5}$ by volume is oxygen in air.

3. Air is a mixture. Prove this statement.

Ans: The components of mixture can be easily separated and they retain their properties.

The components of air are: oxygen, nitrogen, water vapour and carbon-dioxide, all these gases can be easily separated and they retain their properties.