

MP Board Class 7th General English Solutions Chapter 5

The Crowded Train

Comprehension (बोध प्रश्न) :

(A) Tick the correct option:
(सही विकल्प पर चिन्ह लगाएँ)

Question 1.

Where did Vinod go?

(कहाँ विनोद गया?)

विनोद कहाँ गया?

- (a) Bhopal. (भोपाल)
- (b) Indore. (इन्दौर)
- (c) Gwalior. (ग्वालियर)

Answer:

- (a) Bhopal.

Question 2.

Why did Vinod decide to travel by A/C Class?

(क्यों विनोद डिजाइड टू ट्रेवल बाइ ए/सी क्लास?)

विनोद ने ए/सी क्लास से जाने का फैसला क्यों किया?

- (a) He had a lot of money. (ही हैड अलॉट ऑफ मनी।)
उसके पास बहुत पैसा था।

- (b) The train was overcrowded.

(द ट्रेन वॉज़ ओवरक्रोउडेड।)

गाड़ी में ज्यादा भीड़ थी।

- (c) He was sick.

(ही वॉज़ सिक।)

वह बीमार था।

Answer:

- (b) The train was overcrowded.

Question 3.

The other passengers in the coach.....

(द अदर पैसेन्जर्स इन द कोच.....)

(डिब्बे में दूसरे यात्रियों.....)

- (a) did not look to be rich.

(डिड नॉट लुक टू बी रिच।)

अमीर नहीं लग रहे थे।

(b) were poorly dressed.

(वर पूअरली ड्रैस्ड।)

फटेहाल कपड़े पहने थे।

(c) had valid tickets.

(हैड वैलिड टिकैट्स।)

के पास सही टिकटें थीं।

Answer:

(c) had valid tickets.

Question 4.

The young man who got in just when the train moved.....

(द यंग मैन हू गॉट इन जस्ट व्हेन द ट्रेन मूव्ड.....)

(नौजवान जो तभी अंदर आया जब ट्रेन चली.....)

(a) was well dressed.

(वाँज वेल ड्रैस्ड।)

अच्छे कपड़े पहने था।

(b) did not seem to have a job.

(डिड नॉट सीम टू हैव अ जॉब।)

बेरोजगार लग रहा था।

(c) was carrying a new suitcase.

(वाँज कैरिंग अ न्यू सूटकेस।)

एक नई अटैची उठाये था।

Answer:

(b) did not seem to have a job.

Question 5.

Who did not have a valid ticket?

(हू डिड नॉट हैव अ वैलिड टिकैट?)

किसके पास एक सही टिकट नहीं थी?

(a) Vinod. (विनोद)

(b) All other passengers.

(ऑल अदर पैसेंजर्स।)

बाकी सभी यात्री।

(c) The youngman.

(द यंगमैन।)

नौजवान।

Answer:

(a) Vinod.

(B) Read the following sentences and arrange them in the order in which they have occurred in the story :

(निम्नलिखित वाक्यों को पढ़िए तथा उन्हें कहानी में घटित क्रमानुसार व्यवस्थित कीजिए।)

Answers:

1. Vinod wanted to go back to Indore.
2. He was surprised to see an unusually large crowd on the platform.
3. He noticed some seats were vacant in the A/C coach.
4. As the train moved a poorly dressed youngman with a worn out suitcase jumped into the coach.
5. All the passengers were surprised to see such a man in the A/C coach.
6. The T.T.E appeared.
7. Vinod paid the difference.

Word Power (शब्द सामर्थ) :

(A) Use these phrases in the following sentences :

(इन वाक्यांशों को निम्न वाक्यों में प्रयोग कीजिए)

(worn-out, well-dressed, poorly-dressed, highly priced, over crowded, vacant seat, valid ticket.)

1. He is a person.
2. A lady walked into the shop.
3. Meena bought a dress.
4. My coat is really
5. Rashid found that the train was
6. It was very difficult to find a in the overcrowded train.
7. We must have a for travelling in a train.

Answers:

1. poorly dressed
2. well dressed
3. highly priced
4. worn out
5. overcrowded
6. vacant seat
7. valid ticket.

(B) Encircle the odd word :

(विषम शब्द पर गोला खींचिए)

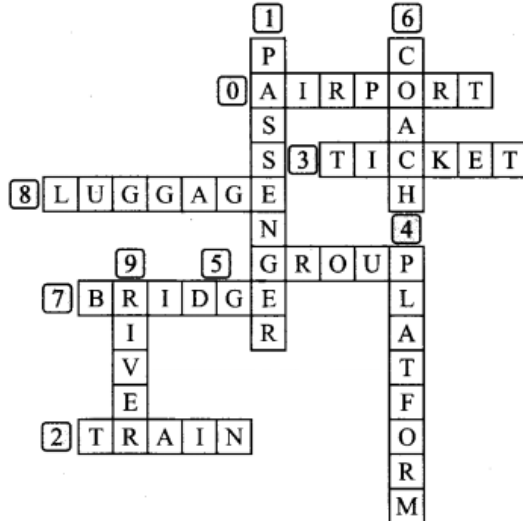
Answer:

1. Coach, compartment, carriage, **box**
2. T.T.E., air-hostess, bus-conductor, **passenger.**
3. Driver, pilot, **guard,** taxi driver.
4. Crowd, herd, **pupil,** swarm.
5. Train, bus, **house,** aeroplane.

(C) Complete the following crossword puzzle using the given clues :
(दिए गए संकेतों से निम्न वर्ग पहेली को पूर्ण करिए।)

1. (down) : one who travels on a public or private conveyance
2. (across) : this runs on rails
3. (across) : a piece of paper that gives the right to admission in a train or a bus
4. (down) : a place near a railway track for passengers to get on and off the trains
5. (across) : a large number of people gathered together
6. (down) : a luxury bus used for longer journeys
7. (across) : a structure across a river, road, etc.
8. (across) : suitcases or other bags for carrying a traveller's belongings
9. (down) : a natural flow of water from one place to another

Answer:



Grammar in Use (व्याकरण का प्रयोग):

(A) Read this sentence carefully.
(वाक्य को सावधानीपूर्वक पढ़िए)

1. He had no ticket at all.

Now read the following sentence.
(अब निम्न वाक्य को पढ़िए)

2. Did he have no ticket at all ?

(This is a question-Interrogative)

sentence.)

Notice. the change in the Verbs.

Now change the following statements into questions :

Answer:

(a) Did the man have a bag ?

(b) Did the T.T.E. have a hat ?

(c) Did he get into A/C coach ?

(d) Did Vinod live in Indore ?

(e) Did Vinod pay the difference ?

(f) Did the passengers start whispering ?

(B) Rearrange the words to make meaningful sentences and use capitals where ever necessary.

(शब्दों को पुनः व्यवस्थित कर अर्थपूर्ण वाक्य बनाइए एवं आवश्यकतानुसार बड़े अक्षर का प्रयोग कीजिए।)

Answer:

(a) Vinod lived in Indore

(b) He travelled in an A/C coach

(c) He decided to pay the difference

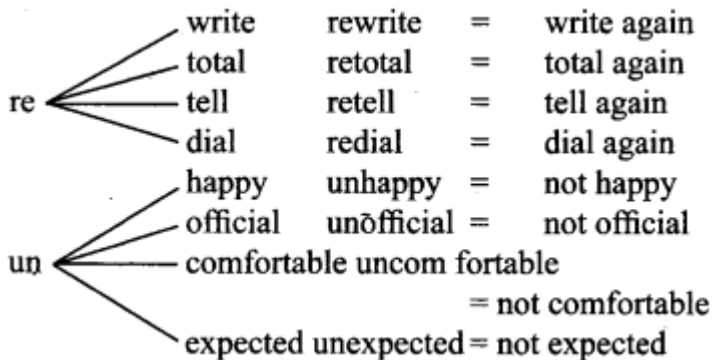
(d) The youngman was poorly dressea

(e) Vinod kept the money ready in his hand.

(C) Use the prefix 're', 'un' to write the new words and write their meaning in the blank spaces.

('re', 'un' उपसर्ग का प्रयोग कर नये वाक्य बनाइए और रिक्त स्थानों में उनके अर्थ भरिए।)

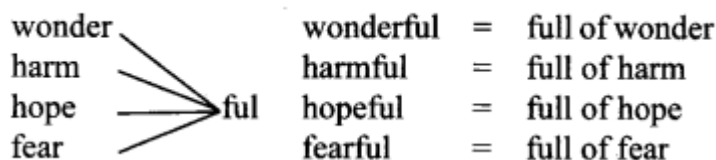
Answer:



(D) Use the suffix 'ful' to write the new words and write their meanings in blank spaces.

('ful' प्रत्यय का प्रयोग कर नये शब्द लिखिए और खाली स्थानों में उनके अर्थ लिखिए।)

Answer:



Let's Talk (आओ बात करें):

Discuss with your friends and write as many combinations as you can from the given table. (Work in pairs/groups)

(अपने मित्रों से चर्चा कीजिए और नीचे दी गई तालिका में से संयोग कर जितने शब्द बना सकते हैं, उन्हें लिखिए।) (जोड़ी-समूह में कार्य करें।)

Answer:

Students can make pairs among themselves and can make the combinations as follow :

Pair I	Pair II	Pair III
new man	strong man	big man
new chair	strong woman	big chair
new woman	strong building	big building
new ball	strong child	big ball
new train	crowded building	big train
new school	crowded school	big school
new building	crowded train	big child
new child		

Students can make more of such combination from the given table.

Let's Write (आओ लिखें) :

(A) Using the clues, write a paragraph about a journey which you undertook. (निम्न संकेतों का प्रयोग कर आपके द्वारा की गई एक यात्रा के बारे में एक अनुच्छेद लिखिए।)

Answer:

I went to Jaipur in the month of January 2006.

I had to attend a marriage there. I with my

friend Mohit planned to go by bus and requested my mother to prepare some poories and pack them in a wrapper with some jam. We were only two friends who started from house but on the bus stand of Gwalior we found other people about ten in number were also going there. We both knew all of them because they were also our relatives. We reached Jaipur and attended the party. At 12 in the night we started back because we had to give our preparatory test on next day. Both of us enjoyed the journey very much.

(B) Write an application to the Principal of your school to grant you four days' leave as you are going out of station.