## Important Questions Class 10 Sanskrit Chapter 8 सूक्तयः

प्रश्न 1. पिताऽस्य किं तपस्तेपे इत्युक्तिस्तत्कृतज्ञता? (What did the father practice as an expression of gratitude?)

उत्तर: विद्याधनं महत्। (He practiced the wealth of knowledge.)

प्रश्न 2. तदेवाहुः महात्मानः समत्वमिति तथ्यतः? (What do the great souls truly consider as equanimity?)

उत्तर : अवक्रता यथा चित्ते तथा वाचि भवेद् यदि। (Just as the mind is steady, so should the speech be, if possible.)

प्रश्न 3. परित्यज्य फलं पक्नं भुङ्क्तेऽपक्नं विमूदधीः? (What do the foolish ones do, forsaking ripe fruits and consuming the unripe?)

उत्तर: त्यक्त्वा धर्मप्रदां वाचं परुषां योऽभ्युदीरयेत्। (They reject gentle and virtuous speech.)

प्रश्न 4. अन्येषां वदने ये तु ते चक्षुर्नामनी मते? (What do those who lack understanding consider when other speak?)

उत्तर : विद्वांस एव लोकेऽस्मिन् चक्षुष्मन्तः प्रकीर्तिताः। (The wise alone recognize the value of insightful words in this world.)

प्रश्न 5. कर्तुं शक्यो भवेद्येन स विवेक इतीरितः? (By whom can the true essence of what has been spoken be determined?)

उत्तर : यत् प्रोक्तं येन केनापि तस्य तत्त्वार्थनिर्णयः। (By someone who can comprehend the true meaning of what has been spoken.)

प्रश्न 6. स केनापि प्रकारेण परैर्न परिभूयते? (In what way is a minister, skilled in eloquence, not overpowered by others in the assembly?)

उत्तर : वाक्पटुधैर्यवान् मन्त्री सभायामप्यकातरः। (A minister who is skilled in speaking and possesses courage remains unaffected even in the assembly.)

प्रश्न 7. स परेभ्यः कदापि च कुर्यादिहितं कर्म? (Who should never perform harmful actions for the sake of their own welfare and happiness?)

उत्तर : य इच्छत्यात्मनः श्रेयः प्रभूतानि सुखानि च। (Those who desire their own well-being and abundant happiness.)

## प्रश्न 8. तस्माद् रक्षेत् सदाचारं प्राणेभ्योऽपि विशेषतः? (Therefore, what should one always protect, especially for the sake of one's life?)

उत्तर : आचारः प्रथमो धर्मः। (One's conduct and righteous behavior are foremost.)