Directorate of Education, GNCT Delhi Practice Paper-2(2023-24)

Class: XI Subject: Political Sciecne (028)
Time: 3 Hours

Marks: 80

INSTRUCTIONS:

- 1. This question paper consists of five sections (A, B, C, D and E) with 30 questions in total.
- 2. All questions are compulsory.
- 3. Question numbers 1-12 are multiple choice questions of one mark each.
- 4. Question numbers 13-18 are of 2 marks each. Answers to these questions should not exceed 50-60 words each.
- 5. Question numbers 19-23 are of 4 marks each. Answers to these questions should not exceed 100-120 words each.
- 6. Question numbers 24-26 are passage, cartoon and map-based questions. Answer accordingly.
- 7. Question numbers 27-30 are of 6 marks each. Answers of these questions should not exceed 170-180 words.
- 8. There is an internal choice in 6 marks questions.

	Section-A (12 Marks)			
1.	Who among the following was the chairman of the Constituent Assembly of India?			
	a) Dr.B.R.Ambedkar c) Dr. Rajendra Prasad			
	b) Dr. Zakir Hussain d) Dr. Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed			
	Who said that "Right to Constitutional Remedies is the heart and soul of the 1			
2.	constitution"?			
	a) Dr.B.R.Ambedkar c) Dr. Rajendra Prasad			
	b) Dr. Zakir Hussain d) Dr. Fakhruddin Ali Ahmed			
	To which of the following article 368 of the Indian Constitution relate?	1		
3.	a) Statehood b) Fundamental Rights c) Citizenship d) Amendment process			
	When was the constitution of India adopted?	1		
	a) 26 January 1949 b) 26 November 1949 c) 24 November 1949			
4.	d) 26 January 1950			
	Which of the following article of the India Constitution is related to Jammu and	1		

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5.	120020000000000000000000000000000000000				
	a) Art. 368 b) Art.369 c) Art.370 d) Art.371				
6	To which movement Mortin Luthar King Junior belongd to?	1			
6.	a) Civil Rights Movement b) Non coperation Movement c) Chipko				
	Movement d) Quit India Movement				
	Movement d) Quit India Movement Vinita is aworker if She is working as a domestic worker in Mumbai	1			
7.	while She has come from Rajasthan.				
/.	a) Resident b) Non Resident Indian c) Migrant d) Locals				
	Raman a native of Sri Lanka has arrived Tamilnadu from Sri Lanka due to a Civil	1			
8.	War there. Which of the following term will be applied on him?				
	a) Resident b) Non Resident Indian c) Migrant d) Refugee				
	Which of the following book was written by Jawaharlal Nehru?	1			
	a) Hind Swaraj b) Discovery of India				
9.	c) My experiment with truth d) Long walk to freedom				
٥.	In the following question, Statement (A) is followed by Reason (R). Read them and	1			
10.	choose the appropriate option as answer:				
	Assertion (A): Most societies in the world are culturally diverse.				
	Reason (R): They have people belonging to different religions and languages living				
	together in the same territory.				
	a) Both the assertion and the reason are correct, and the reason is the correct				
	explanation of the statement.				
	b) Both assertion and reason are correct, but Reason is not the correct explanation				
	of the assertion.				
	c) The assertion is wrong, but the reason is correct.				
	d) The assertion is correct, but the reason is wrong.				
	d) The assertion is correct, but the reason is wrong.				
11	In the following question, Statement (A) is followed by Reason (R). Read them and	1			
	choose the appropriate option as answer:				
	Assertion (A):): The Indian constitution has an elaborate set of provisions for the				
	protection of religious, linguistic and cultural minorities.				
	Reason (R): Many democratic societies today have introduced measures for				
	recognising and protecting the identity of cultural minority communities living				
	within their territory.				
	a) Both the assertion and the reason are correct, and the reason is the correct				
	explanation of the statement.				
	b) Both assertion and reason are correct, but reason is not the correct explanation				
	of the assertion.				
	c) The assertion is wrong, but the reason is correct.				
	d) The assertion is correct, but the reason is wrong.				
12	Following are some seperatist movements with the countries they belonged to.	1			
	Select the best answer code by matching List I with List II	_			
<u> </u>	before the best answer code by matching List I with List II	<u> </u>			

	List I	List II			
	A. Quebecois	(i) Sri Lanka			
	B. Basques	(ii) Turkey and Iraq			
	C. Kurds	(iii) Northern Spain			
	D. Tamils	(iv) Canada			
	Code:				
	a) A-(iii), B-(i), C(ii), D-(iv)				
	b) A-(iii), B-(iv), C(ii), D-(i)				
	c) A-(ii), B-(i), C(iii), D-(iv)				
	d) A-(iv), B-(iii), C(ii), D-(i)				
	Section-R	(12 Marks)			
1.2		` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` `	10		
	Why the Constitution is needed for any con		2		
	State any two functions of Indian Parliame		2		
	Mention any two features of Indian Federa		2		
	Give any two examples of 'Positive Freedo		2		
17	Differentiate between Fundamental Rights	and and Directive Principals of State	2		
	Policy?				
18	State any two features of Indian Secularism		2		
		(20 Marks)			
19	Explain about any two fundamental Rights	provided by the Constitution of India?	2+2		
20	What are the demands raised by the States	in their quest for greater autonomy?	4		
	Or				
	List any four features of the Indian Constit	ution that give greater power to the			
	central government than the State government	ent.			
21	Briefly describe about the provisions of the	e 73 rd Constitutional amendment	4		
22	Explain in brief about the Social and Natur	ral inequalities.	2+2		
22	Distinguish between the intermeliains 1	ningtion and intra ratioious descripation	2 2		
23	Distinguish between the inter-religious dor	mination and intra-religious domination	2+2		
	in context of the Indian Secularism.	(12Moules)			
24	Read the following passage carefully and a	(12Marks)	4x		
24	Read the following passage carefully and a	mswer the questions given below.	1=		
	Political Theory deals with the ideas	and principles that deals that shapes			
	constitutions, governments and social life	e in a systematic manner.It clarifies the	e		
	meaning of concepts such as freedom, eq	uality, justice, democracy, secularism and	1		
	so on. It probes the significance of prin	ciples such as rule of law, separation or	$f \mid$		
	powers, judicial review, etc. This is done by examining the arguments advanced by				
	different thinkers in defence of these conc	epts. Though Rousseau or Marx or Gandh	i		

did not become politicians, their ideas influenced generations of politicians everywhere. There are also contemporary thinkers who draw upon them to defend freedom or democracy in our own time. Besides examining arguments, political theorists also reflect upon our current political experiences and point out trends and possibilities for the future. 24.1 Who among the following was a Politician? (a) J.J.Rousseau (b) Karl Marx (c) George Bush (d) Mahatma Gandhi 1 24.2 Which of the following area is not dealt by Political Theory? (b) Governments (c) Constitutions (a) Economy (d)Social-Life 1 24.3 Which of the following Indian thinker was a Political Theorist? (b) Baba Amte (d) Mother Teresa (a) Mahatma Gandhi (c) Sukumar Sen 1 24.4 Which of the following is not a Political concepts? (a) Justice (b) Property (c) Freedom (d) Equality 1 25 Study the cartoon given below and answer the following questions: 4 Did you see the latest sting operation on TV yesterday? I couldn't believe the conversation between the hotshot official and the famous actress. That was cheap sensationalism. Besides, it was an infringement of their right to privacy. 25.1 How are rights important in our Life? 25.2 Which right is being discussed in the above conversation?

25.3 What is the right to Privacy?

Note: The following questions are for visually impaired candidates in lieu of question number 25. Name the following:

- 25.1 How are rights important in our Life?
- 25.2 Which fundamental right is about the freedoms in the constitution?
- 25.3 What is the right to Privacy?
- 25.4 Give an example of the infringement of one's right to Privacy.
- 26 In the given outline political map of India, four states have been marked as (A), (B), 4x
 - (C) and (D). Identify these states on the basis of the information given below and

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- (i) A Northern Bicameral legislative state of India.
- (ii) A Southern Bicameral legislative state of India.
- (iii) An Eastern Unicameral legislative state of India.
- (iv) A Western Unicameral legislative state of India.



	Sr. Number for	Alphabet Concerned	Name of the State				
	the information						
	used						
	(i)						
	(ii)						
	(iii)						
	(iv)						
	Note: The following q	uestions are for visually impaired can	didates in lieu of				
	question number 25.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
	(i) A Northern Bicame	ral legislative state of India.					
	(ii) A Southern Bicameral legislative state of India.						
	(iii) An Eastern Unica	meral legislative state of India.					
	(iv) A Western Unicar	neral legislative state of India.					
		Section-E(24Marks)					
27	"Election Commission	of India is a powerful body"? Describe	the role of Election	6			
	Commission of India	luring Elections.					
		Or					
	Briefly explain the Elections?	ection process of India? Why do we need	d reforms in the				
28	Elections?			6			
28	Elections?	and Judiciary of India are inter related.		6			
28	Elections? 'Executive,Legislature	and Judiciary of India are inter related.		6			
28	Elections? 'Executive,Legislature statement with the su	and Judiciary of India are inter related.	'Support the	6			
	Elections? 'Executive,Legislature statement with the surplement of the formation of the surplement of	and Judiciary of India are inter related. itable arguments. Or	'Support the	6			
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29	Elections? 'Executive,Legislature statement with the surplement with the surplement between the formation of the Explain about the 'Hard What are the sources of Constrains? Briefly explain why examples.	and Judiciary of India are inter related. itable arguments. Or a and importance of the permanent Execute Principal' of Freedom. Or of Constarains to the Freedom. Why do we have a summer of the permanent of th	'Support the eutive of India.	6			