

COURSE STRUCTURE
Class XI

Section Title	Theme No.	Theme Title	Marks
Reading of World History		Introduction of World History	
I EARLY SOCIETIES		Introduction Timeline I (6 MYA TO 1 BCE)	
	1	Writing and City Life	10
II EMPIRES		Introduction Timeline II (C. 100 BCE TO 1300 CE)	
	2	An Empire Across Three Continents	10
	3	Nomadic Empires	10
III CHANGING TRADITIONS		Introduction Timeline III (C. 1300 TO 1700)	
	4	The Three orders	10
	5	Changing Cultural Traditions	10
IV TOWARDS MODERNISATION		Introduction Timeline IV (C. 1700 TO 2000)	
	6	Displacing Indigenous Peoples	10
	7	Paths to Modernisation	15
	Map	Map work of the related Themes	05
		Theory Total	80
		Project work	20
		TOTAL	100

Note-The Maps available in the official website of Govt., of India may be used

COURSE CONTENT
CLASS XI

Section	Theme	Learning outcome with specific competencies
I EARLY SOCIETIES	Timeline I (6 MYA TO 1 BCE)	❖ Understanding the concept of chronology
	Theme 1 Writing and City Life Focus: Iraq, 3 rd millennium BCE a. Growth of towns b. Nature of early urban societies c. Historians' Debate on uses of writing.	❖ Elucidate the interwoven social and cultural aspects of civilization in order to understand the connection between city life and culture of contemporary civilizations through their writings. ❖ Analyse the outcomes of a sustained tradition of writing. ❖ Explain the connection between the growth of human civilisation and the tradition of writing.
	Timeline II (C.100 BCE TO 1300 CE)	❖ Understanding the periods in order of time.
II EMPIRES	Theme 2 An Empire across Three Continents	❖ Explain and relate the dynamics of the Roman Empire in order to understand their polity, economy, society and culture. ❖ Analyse the implications of Roman's contacts with the subcontinent empires and discuss about slavery. ❖ Examine the domains of cultural transformation in that period & the impact of slavery.
	Theme 3 NOMADIC EMPIRES	❖ Identify the living patterns of nomadic pastoralist society. ❖ Trace the rise and growth of Genghis Khan in order to understand him as an oceanic ruler. ❖ Analyse socio-political and economic changes during the period of the descendants of Genghis Khan ❖ Distinguish between the Mongolian people's perspective and the world's opinion about Genghis Khan
III CHANGING TRADITIONS	Timeline III (C. 1300 TO 1700) Theme 4 The Three Orders	❖ Explain the myriad aspects of feudalism with reference to first, second, third and fourth order of the society. ❖ Relate between ancient slavery and serfdom. ❖ Assess the 14th century crisis and rise of the nation states.

	Theme 5 Changing Cultural Traditions	❖ Analyse the causes, events, and effects of the Renaissance, Reformation, Scientific Revolution, and Age of Exploration. ❖ Relate the different facets of Italian cities to understand the characteristics of Renaissance, Humanism and Realism. ❖ Compare and contrast the condition of women in the Renaissance period. ❖ Recognise major influences on the architectural, artistic, and literary developments to understand the facades of Renaissance. ❖ Critically analyse the impact on later reforms. ❖ Evaluate the Roman Catholic Church's response to the Protestant Reformation.
IV TOWARDS MODERNISATION	Timeline IV (C. 1700 to 2000)	❖ Remember and understand the time frame.
	Theme 6 Displacing Indigenous People	❖ Evaluate the process of displacements of the native people which led to the development of America and Australia to understand their condition. ❖ Analyse the realms of settlement of Europeans in Australia and America. ❖ Compare and contrast the lives and roles of indigenous people in these continents ❖ Analyse the domains of Japanese nationalism prior and after the Second World War.
	Theme 7 Paths to Modernization (NOTE- Keeping in view the importance of the themes i.e. Japan, china and Korea; it is advised that all must be taught in the schools.	❖ Summarise the nationalist upsurge in China from Dr Sun Yat Sen to Mao Zedong to understand the era of Communism. ❖ Analyse the Chinese path to modernization under Deng Xioping and Zhou enlai in order to understand the transformation from rigid communism to liberal socialism. ❖ Deduce the histories of China and Japan from the phase of imperialism to modernization. ❖ Analyse the domains of Japanese nationalism prior and after the Second World War.

**QUESTION PAPER DESIGN
CLASS XI**

Section	Theme	MCQ MM-1	SA MM-3	LA MM-8	Source based MM-4	Total
I- EARLY SOCIETIES	Theme 1	3	1	0	1	10
II -EMPIRES	Theme 2-3	4	0	2	0	20
III-CHANGING TRADITIONS	Theme 4-5	6	2	0	2	20
IV- TOWARDS MODERNISATION	Theme 6-7	8	3	1	0	25
MAP						05
Total		21x1=21	6x3=18	8x3=24	4x3=12	80

**CLASS XI
INTERNAL ASSESSMENT**

PROJECT WORK

MM- 20

INTRODUCTION

History is one of the most important disciplines in school education. It is the study of the past, which helps us to understand our present and shape our future. It promotes the acquisition and understanding of historical knowledge in breadth and in depth across cultures.

The course of history in senior secondary classes is to enable students to know that history is a critical discipline, a process of enquiry, a way of knowing about the past rather than just a collection of facts. The syllabus helps them to understand the process, through which a historian collects, chooses, scrutinises, and assembles different types of evidence to write history. The syllabus in class-XI is organised around some major themes in world history. In class XII the focus shifts to a detailed study of some themes in ancient, medieval, and modern Indian history.

CBSE has decided to introduce project work in history for classes XI and XII in 2013-14 as a part of regular studies in classroom, as project work gives students an opportunity to develop higher cognitive skills. It takes students to a life beyond text books and provides them a platform to refer materials, gather information, analyse it further to obtain relevant information and decide what matter to keep and hence understand how history is constructed.

OBJECTIVES

Project work will help students to:

- ❖ develop skill to gather data from a variety of sources, investigate diverse viewpoints and arrive at logical deductions.
- ❖ develop skill to comprehend, analyse, interpret, evaluate historical evidence, and understand the limitation of historical evidence.
- ❖ develop 21st century managerial skills of co-ordination, self-direction, and time management
- ❖ learn to work on diverse cultures, races, religions, and lifestyles.
- ❖ learn through constructivism-a theory based on observation and scientific study.
- ❖ inculcate a spirit of inquiry and research.
- ❖ communicate data in the most appropriate form using a variety of techniques.
- ❖ provide greater opportunity for interaction and exploration.
- ❖ understand contemporary issues in context to our past.
- ❖ develop a global perspective and an international outlook.
- ❖ grow into caring, sensitive individuals capable of making informed, intelligent, and independent choices.
- ❖ develop lasting interest in history discipline.

GUIDELINES FOR TEACHERS

This section provides some basic guidelines for the teachers to take up projects in History. It is very necessary to interact, support, guide, facilitate and encourage students while assigning projects to them.

- ❖ The teachers must ensure that the project work assigned to the students individually/ In-groups and discussed at different stages right from assigning topic, draft review to finalization.
- ❖ Students should be facilitated in terms of providing relevant materials, suggesting websites, obtaining of required permission for archives, historical sites, etc.
- ❖ The Project Work should be suitably spaced from April to November in classes XI and XII so that students can prepare for Final Examination.
- ❖ The teachers must ensure that the students submit original work.
- ❖ Project report should be Handwritten only. (Eco-friendly materials can be used by students)

The following steps are suggested:

- ❖ Teacher should design and prepare a list of 15-20 projects and should give an option to a student to choose a project as per his/her interest.
- ❖ The project must be done individually / In-groups.
- ❖ The topic should be assigned after discussion with the students in the class to avoid repetition and should then be discussed at every stage of submission of the draft/final project.

- ❖ The teacher should play the role of a facilitator and should closely supervise the process of project completion, and should guide the children by providing necessary inputs, resources etc. to enrich the subject content.
- ❖ The Project Work needs to enhance cognitive, affective, and psychomotor domains in the learners. It will include self-assessment and peer assessment, and progress of the child in project-based and inquiry-based learning. Art integrated Activities, experiments, models, quizzes, role plays, group work, portfolios, etc., along with teacher assessment. (NEP-2020)
- ❖ The Project work can culminate in the form of Power Point Presentation/Exhibition/Skit/ albums/ files /song and dance or culture show /story telling/debate/panel discussion, paper presentation and whichever is suitable to visually impaired candidates.
- ❖ Students can use primary sources available in city archives, Primary sources can also include newspaper cuttings, photographs, film footage and recorded written/speeches
- ❖ Secondary sources may also be used after proper authentication.
- ❖ Evaluation will be done by external examiner appointed by the Board in class XII and internal class XI.

SUGGESTIVE TOPICS FOR PROJECTS - CLASS XI

1. Facets of the Industrialization in sixteenth- eighteenth centuries.
2. Crusades: causes; rationale; events; outcomes; Holy Alliance
3. Ancient History in depth: Mesopotamia
4. Greek Philosophy and City States
5. Contributions of Roman Civilization
6. The spirit of Renaissance: Manifestation in art; Literature; Sculpture; Influence on Trading Community; Social Fabric; Philosophy; Political Values; Rational Thinking; Existentialism
7. Aspects of Development -South American States /Central American States
8. Different schools of thoughts- Realism: Humanism: Romanticism
9. Piecing together the past of Genghis Khan
10. Myriad Realms of Slavery in ancient, medieval, and modern world
11. History of Aborigines – America /Australia
12. Facets of Modernization – China /Japan/Korea

(Projects are an imperative component in enhancing students learning with the related themes. In the research project, students can go beyond the textbook and explore the world of knowledge. They can conceptualise under the embedded themes. Forms of rubrics are a significant aspect and to be discussed in the classroom itself for clear understanding of concept and for assessment.)